

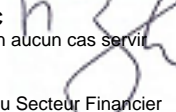
PROSPECTUS

CPR Invest

November 2018

*Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable (SICAV) compartment
established under the laws of the Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg
UCITS under the Directive 2009/65/EC*

VISA 2018/114433-8331-0-PC
L'apposition du visa ne peut en aucun cas servir
d'argument de publicité
Luxembourg, le 2018-11-08
Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier



CPR Invest (the "**Company**") is registered under part I of the Luxembourg law of 17 December 2010 concerning undertakings for collective investment, as may be amended from time to time (the "**Law**"). The Company qualifies as an Undertaking for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities under the Directive 2009/65/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 July 2009 on the coordination of laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to undertakings for collective investment in transferable securities. The Company is managed by CPR Asset Management on the basis of freedom of services pursuant to chapter 15 of the Law.

The Shares have not been registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933 and may not be offered directly or indirectly in the United States of America (including its territories and possessions) to or for the benefit of a "U.S. Person" as defined in Section 1 of the Prospectus. The distribution of this Prospectus in other jurisdictions may also be restricted; persons into whose possession this Prospectus comes are required to inform themselves about and to observe any such restrictions. This document does not constitute an offer by anyone in any jurisdiction in which such offer is not authorised or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer.

Potential investors should ensure that they meet all applicable eligibility requirements for an investment in the Company and are advised to consult with their tax and legal counsel in case of any doubt.

Any information or representation given or made by any person which is not contained herein or in any other document which may be available for inspection by the public should be regarded as unauthorised and should accordingly not be relied upon. Neither the delivery of this Prospectus nor the offer, issue or sale of Shares in the Company shall under any circumstances constitute a representation that the information given in this Prospectus is correct as at any time subsequent to the date of this Prospectus.

All references herein to times and hours are to Luxembourg local time.

The members of the Board of Directors are held responsible for all information set out in this Prospectus at the time of its publication.

Potential subscribers to the Company should inform themselves on applicable laws and regulations (i.e. as to the possible tax requirements or foreign exchange control)

of the countries of their citizenship, residence or domicile, and which might be relevant to the subscription, purchase, holding, conversion and redemption of Shares. The KIID will be provided to subscribers before their first subscription and before any application for conversion of shares in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. KIIDs are available on the following website: <http://www.cpr-am.com>.

The Prospectus and the KIID are likely to be updated to take into account creation or liquidation of compartments or significant changes to the structure and the functioning of the Company. It is therefore recommended to subscribers to inform themselves on the latest available documentation of the Company at the registered office of the Company or on the following website: <http://www.cpr-am.com>.

Shareholders are informed that their personal data or information given in the subscription documents or otherwise in connection with an application to subscribe for Shares, as well as details of their shareholding, will be stored in digital form and processed in compliance with the provisions of the Luxembourg law of 2 August 2002 on data protection, as amended. Confidential information concerning the investors will not be divulged unless required to do so by law or regulation. Investors agree that personal details contained in the application form and arising from the business relationship with the Company may be stored, modified or used in any other way, in compliance with the provisions of the Luxembourg law of 2 August 2002 on data protection, as amended, on behalf of the Company for the purpose of administering and developing the business relationship with the investor. To this end, investors accept that data may be transmitted to the Management Company, financial advisers working with the Company, as well as to other companies being appointed to support the business relationship.

In accordance with the provisions of Luxembourg law of 2 August 2002 on data protection, investors are entitled to request information about their personal data at any time as well as to request their correction.

DIRECTORY

CPR Invest

Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable

Registered office:

5, allée Scheffer,

L-2520 Luxembourg,

Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg

RCS : B-189.795

Board of Directors

Chairman

- Ms. Nadine Lamotte, Deputy Chief Executive Officer, CPR Asset Management

Directors

- Ms. Nadine Lamotte, Deputy Chief Executive Officer, CPR Asset Management
- Mr. Gilles Cutaya, Marketing & Communication Director, CPR Asset Management
- Ms. Emmanuelle Court Deputy Chief Executive Officer, CPR Asset Management
- Mr. Bertrand Pujol, Deputy head of Retail Marketing – Head of Client Marketing and Innovation, Amundi Asset Management

Management Company

CPR Asset Management

90, Boulevard Pasteur

F 75015 Paris

France

Depository

CACEIS Bank Luxembourg branch

5, allée Scheffer

L-2520 Luxembourg

Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

Administrative Agent

CACEIS Bank, Luxembourg Branch

5, allée Scheffer

L-2520 Luxembourg

Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

Global Distributor

CPR Asset Management

90, Boulevard Pasteur

F-75015 Paris

France

Auditors

Deloitte Audit S.à r.l.

560, rue de Neudorf,

L-2220 Luxembourg

Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

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1. Principal features

The following summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the more detailed information included elsewhere in this Prospectus.

Accounting Year	accounting year begins on the first of January and ends on the thirty-first of December each year.
Administrative Agent	CACEIS Bank Luxembourg ¹ , acting as registrar and transfer agent, and administrative agent as further described below
Articles	the articles of association of the Company, as amended from time to time
AML Regulations	the Luxembourg law of 27 October 2010 relating to the fight against money-laundering and the financing of terrorism, the law of 19 February 1973 on the sale of medicinal substances and the fight against drug addiction (as amended), the law of 12 November 2004 on the fight against money laundering and terrorist financing (as amended), and associated Grand Ducal, Ministerial and CSSF Regulations and the circulars of the CSSF applicable as amended from time to time
Appendix	an appendix to this Prospectus which describes specific investment policy of each Compartment
Benchmark	any index by reference to which the amount payable under a financial instrument or a financial contract, or the value of a financial instrument, is determined, or an index that is used to measure the performance of an investment fund with the purpose of tracking the return of such index or of defining the asset allocation of a portfolio;
Benchmark Regulation	Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2016 on indices used as benchmarks in financial instruments and financial contracts or to measure the performance of investment funds, as

Board of Directors Business Day

Class(es)

Company

Compartment(s)

CSSF

Cut-off Time

Depository

may be amended or supplemented from time to time, governing the use of Benchmarks or Performance Indicators as defined in this Prospectus.

the board of directors of the Company
a full business day on which banks and Eligible Markets are opened, as further described in the relevant Appendix
within each Compartment, separate classes of Shares whose assets will be commonly invested but where a specific sales or redemption charge structure, fee structure, minimum investment amount, taxation, distribution policy or other feature may be applied

means CPR Invest, an undertaking for collective investment registered under part I of the Law

a specific portfolio of assets and liabilities within the Company having its own net asset value and represented by a separate Class or Classes of Shares, which are distinguished mainly by their specific investment policy and objective and/or by the currency in which they are denominated. The specifications of each Compartment are described in the relevant Appendix to this Prospectus.

the Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier, the Luxembourg authority supervising the financial sector

a deadline (as further specified in the Appendices) before which applications for subscription, redemption, or conversion of Shares of any Class in any Compartment must be received by the Administrative Agent in relation to a Valuation Day. For the avoidance of doubt, cut-off times are stated in the Luxembourg time zone (UTC + 1).

CACEIS Bank Luxembourg branch 5, allée Scheffer, L-2520 Luxembourg

acting as depository bank, paying agent in the meaning of the Law

**Developing Countries
/ Emerging Countries**

All countries except at the date of the present Prospectus, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hong Kong, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Monaco, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, San Marino, Singapore, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom, United States of America, Vatican City, .

Directive

the Directive 2009/65/EC of 13 July 2009 on the coordination of laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to undertakings for collective investment in transferable securities as may be amended from time to time

Eligible Investors

All investors unless specifically designated as Prohibited Persons

Eligible Market

a Regulated Market in an Eligible State

Eligible State

any Member State or any other state in (Eastern and Western) Europe, Asia, Africa, Australia, North and South America and Oceania, as determined by the Board of Directors

EU

the European Union

EU Member State

A member state of the European Union : Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom.

Euroland

Any Member State of the European Monetary Union (EMU) including at the date of the present Prospectus: Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Italy, Ireland, Latvia, Lithuania Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain.

Europe

Albania, Andorra, Austria, Belarus, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark and its dependencies, Estonia, European Union, Finland, France and its dependencies, Germany, Greece, Holysee (Vatican city state), Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Macedonia, Malta, Moldavia, Monaco, Montenegro, Netherlands and its dependencies, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Russia, Russian Federation (CIS), San Marino, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, Ukraine, United Kingdom and its dependencies.

EUR

the lawful currency of the member states of the European Union that have adopted the single currency in accordance with the Treaty establishing the European Community (signed in Rome on 25 March 1957) as the same may be amended from time to time

FATCA Rules

refers to the Intergovernmental Agreement (IGA) entered into between the Luxembourg and US governments on March 14, 2014 (based on the Reciprocal Model 1 Intergovernmental Agreement), the forthcoming Luxembourg law transposing the IGA, as well as, to the extent relevant, provisions of the US Foreign Account Tax Compliance

FATF

Financial Action Task Force (also referred to as Groupe d'Action Financière)

Feeder Compartment

a Compartment of the Company which investment policy consists in investing at least 85 % of its assets in units/shares in a Master Fund according to article 77 of the Law, by way of derogation from Article 2(2) first indent, Articles 41, 43 and 46, and Article 48(2) third indent of the Law, as further described in the relevant Appendix

High Yield	Securities rated below BBB- (by Standard & Poor's) and/or Baa (by Moody's) and/or BBB- (by Fitch) express gradually a higher risk and correspond to the class of risk "High Yield".		
Investment Grade	Evaluation of the risk expressed in the form of note as granted by a notation agency: securities rated equal or higher than BBB- (by Standard & Poor's) and/or Baa (by Moody's) and/or BBB- (by Fitch) express gradually a lower risk and correspond to the class of risk "Investment Grade".	Performance Indicator	an index used to measure and assess the performance of a Compartment with the purpose of, amongst other things, computing the performance fees.
Investment Manager	the investment manager appointed by the Management Company (as the case may be) for a specific Compartment as further detailed in the Appendix	PRC	The People's Republic of China
Issue Price	the net asset value per relevant Share/ Share Class of a Compartment as determined on the applicable Valuation Day plus the applicable sales commission (if any)	Prohibited Person	a U.S. Person (including U.S. Tax Persons) and/or any investor which is not eligible for an investment in the Company
KIID	the key investor information document as defined by the Law and applicable laws and regulations.	Rate Product	rate products are all financial instruments whose income and valuation depend on a rate and which therefore fluctuate according to the market rates curve (e.g. bonds, repurchase agreements, derivatives having a rate as underlying asset etc...).
Law	the law of 17 December 2010 concerning undertakings for collective investments, as may be amended from time to time	Reference Currency	the currency specified as such in the relevant Appendix to the Prospectus
Management Company	CPR Asset Management, a "société anonyme" governed by French laws appointed to act as the management company of the Company pursuant to Chapter 15 of the Law	Regulated Market	a market within the meaning of Article 41 (1) a) of the Law and Article 4(1)14 of Directive 2004/39/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 April 2004 on markets in financial instruments amending Council Directives 85/611/EEC and 93/6/EEC and Directive 2000/12/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Council Directive 93/22/EEC and any other market which is regulated, operates regularly and is recognised and open to the public
Master Fund	A UCITS or a sub-fund thereof or a Compartment of the Company, as further described in the relevant Appendix into which a Feeder Compartment invests at least 85 % of its assets and which: (a) has, among its unit-holders, at least one feeder UCITS; (b) is not itself a feeder UCITS; and (c) does not hold units of a feeder UCITS	Securities Financing Transactions	Securities Financing Transactions as defined in the SFT
Member State	a member state as defined in the Law	Securities Financing Transactions Regulation	Regulation (Eu) 2015/2365 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 November 2015 on transparency of securities financing transactions and of reuse ("SFTR")
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development. The OECD countries are Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Chile, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France,		

Subscription/Redemption

Settlement Day	the Business Day on which the consideration for subscription, or redemption is fully paid, which is to occur on a Business Day as further specified in each Appendix
Shares	a share of any Class of any Compartment in the capital of the Company. The main Classes of Shares are detailed in the Appendices, all the Classes of Shares available are described on the Management Company's website: www.cpr-am.com .
Shareholders	holders of Shares
Stock Connect	means the Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect program which allows non-Chinese investors to purchase certain Shanghai Stock Exchange-listed equities via brokers in Hong Kong and/or any other similar stock connect program between another city of the People's Republic of China and Hong Kong when it becomes available to, and can be utilised by, the Company
UCI	undertaking for collective investment within the meaning of the first and second indent of Article 1 (2) of the Directive, whether situated in a Member State or not
UCITS	undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities as defined in the Directive and the Law
Underlying Asset	asset(s) to which Compartment may invest in accordance with its investment policy as described in the relevant Compartment's Appendix
"U.S. Person"	"U.S. Person" means: (a) any natural person resident in the U.S.; (b) any partnership or corporation organised or incorporated under the laws of the U.S.; (c) any estate of which any executor or administrator is a U.S. Person; (d) any trust of which any trustee is a U.S. Person; (e) any agency or branch of a non-U.S. entity located in the U.S.; (f) any non-discretionary or similar account (other than an

estate or trust) held by a dealer or other fiduciary for the benefit or account of a U.S. Person; (g) any discretionary account or similar account (other than an estate or trust) held by a dealer or other fiduciary organised, incorporated or (if an individual) resident in the U.S.; and (h) any partnership or corporation if (i) organised or incorporated under the laws of any non-U.S. jurisdiction and (ii) formed by a U.S. Person principally for the purpose of investing in securities not registered under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended, unless it is organised or incorporated, and owned, by accredited investors (as defined under Rule 501(a) under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended) who are not natural persons, estates or trusts.

US Tax Person

- (i) Any United States of America (U.S) citizen or U.S resident individual;
- (ii) Any partnership or corporation organized in the U.S or under the laws of the U.S or any State thereof;
- (iii) or any trust if one or more U.S. Tax Persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust and a court within the U.S would have authority under applicable law to render orders or judgments concerning substantially all issues regarding the administration of the trust, or an estate of a decedent that is a citizen or resident of the U.S

Valuation Day

Business Day on which the net asset value per Share is determined as detailed in the relevant Appendix of each Compartment

The Board of Directors may in its absolute discretion amend the Valuation Day for some or all of the Compartments. In such case the Shareholders of the relevant Compartment will be duly informed and the Appendix will be updated accordingly.

Currency Abbreviations	AUD Australian Dollar	JPY Japanese Yen
	CAD Canadian Dollar	NOK Norwegian Krone
	CHF Swiss Franc	NZH New Zealand Dollar
	CZK Czech Koruna	PLN Polishzloty
	DKK Danish Krone	RMB Chinese renminbi
	EUR Euro	SEK Swedish Krona
	SGD Singapore Dollar	GBP British pound sterling
	HKD Hong Kong Dollar	USD United States Dollar

2. The Company

CPR Invest is an open-ended collective investment company ("société d'investissement à capital variable"). In an open-ended collective investment company, shareholders may request at any Valuation Day the redemption of their shares at prices based on the applicable Net Asset Value under the terms and conditions set out under Section 7 « Issues, redemption and conversion of shares ». CPR Invest is established under the laws of the Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg, with an "umbrella" structure comprising different Compartments each may be divided in separate Classes. In accordance with the Law, a subscription of Shares constitutes acceptance of all terms and provisions of the Prospectus and the Articles.

The Company offers investors, within the same investment vehicle, a choice between several Compartments which are distinguished mainly by their specific investment policy and/or by the currency in which they are denominated. The specifications of each Compartment are described in the Appendix.

The assets and liabilities of each Compartment, as further described under 13.5. "Allocation of Assets and Liabilities among the Compartments", shall be segregated from the assets and liabilities of those of the other Compartments, with creditors having recourse only to the assets of the Compartment concerned and where the liabilities can not be satisfied out of the assets of another Compartment. As between the Shareholders and creditors, each Compartment will be deemed to be a separate entity.

The Board of Directors may, at any time, decide on the creation of further Compartments and in such case, the Appendix will be updated. Each Compartment may have one or more classes of Shares.

3. The management company

The Company has appointed CPR Asset Management to serve as its designated Management Company in accordance with the Law pursuant to a management company services agreement dated on 19 August 2014. Under this agreement, the

Management Company provides investment management services, administrative agency, registrar and transfer agency services and marketing, principal distribution and sales services to the Company, subject to the overall supervision and control of the Board of Directors of the Company.

The Management Company was incorporated as a French Public Company (société anonyme). The Management Company is registered with the Registre de Commerce et des Sociétés de Paris under number RCS 399 392 141. The Management Company is authorised and supervised by the Autorité des Marchés Financiers as a Portfolio Manager under Licence number GP 01-056 since 21 December 2001.

The management company services agreement is concluded for an indefinite period of time and may be terminated by either party upon three months' prior written notice or forthwith by notice in writing in the specific circumstances provided in such agreement.

In consideration of its services, the Management Company is entitled to receive fees as indicated in the relevant Appendix to the Prospectus. These fees shall be calculated based on the net asset value of the Compartment and shall be paid monthly in arrears.

The Management Company may delegate certain of its duties to third parties. Third parties to whom such functions have been delegated by the Management Company will be remunerated directly by the Company (out of the assets of the relevant Compartment), except as otherwise provided in the relevant Section of the Prospectus and the relevant Appendix.

These remunerations shall be detailed in the relevant Appendix.

The Management Company has designed and implemented a remuneration policy that is consistent with and promotes sound and effective risk management by having a business model which by its nature does not encourage excessive risk taking which is inconsistent with the risk profile of the Compartment.

The Management Company has identified its staff members whose professional activity has a material impact on the risk profiles of the Compartments, and shall ensure they comply with remuneration policy.

The Management Company's remuneration policy integrates governance, balanced pay structure between fixed and variable components as well as risk and long-term performance alignment rules that are designed to be consistent with the

Management Company as well as the Company and the Shareholders business strategy, objectives, values and interest and includes measures to avoid conflicts of interests.

The Management Company ensures that the assessment of the performance is related to the pluri-annual performances related to the Company and the actual payment of performance-based components of remuneration is spread over the same period.

The details of the up-to-date remuneration policy of the Management Company, including but not limited to, a description of how remuneration and benefits are calculated and the identity of the persons responsible for awarding the remuneration and benefits, are available on www.cpr-am.com and a paper copy is available to investors free of charge upon request to the registered office of the Management Company.

4. Investment policies and restrictions

4.1 General Investment Policies for all Compartments

The Board of Directors determines the specific investment policy and investment objective of each Compartment, which are described in more detail in the respective Appendix. The investment objectives of the Compartments will be carried out in compliance with the investment restrictions set forth in section 4.3.

Investors are invited to refer to the description of the investment policy of each Compartment in the Appendix for details.

The historical performance of the Compartments will be published in the KIID for each Compartment. Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future results.

4.2 Specific Investment Policies for each Compartment

All Compartments are subject to all investment limitations describes below in section 4.3, unless otherwise mentioned in the Appendix of the Compartment the following principles will apply to each Compartment.

In each Compartment's objective and investment policy as described hereafter, the reference to a geographic area or the nationality of a security refers to the geographic zone or the country :

- o In which the domicile of the Company or of the issuer is situated and/or
- o In which a company or an issuer has substantial activity.

▪ Each Compartment's investment policy mentioned in the Appendix will systematically describe the investment universe defined for a minimum of two thirds of the sub-fund's assets.

In absence of other/any indication as to the allocation of the remaining part of the assets, each sub-fund will be authorized to invest it in :

- o Equities and Equity-linked Instruments other than those mentioned in the investment policy;
- o Debt instruments other than those mentioned in the investment policy;
- o Convertible bonds;

With the exclusion of ABS/MBS, contingent convertible bonds (« coco bonds »), debt securities non-investment grade (including high yield bonds) ;

o Units or shares in UCI within the limits mentioned in each Compartment's investment policy as described in the Appendix . These collective investment schemes and investment funds shall cover all asset classes, and all geographical areas in line with the Compartment's investment restrictions.

They may include collective investment schemes and investment funds managed by the Management Company or by other entities - either inside or outside the group Amundi - including affiliated companies.

- o deposits (as mentioned in section 4.3 I (1) (d))
- o Other Transferable securities and money market instruments referred in section 4.3 I and II.
- o Each Compartment may borrow cash in accordance with limits define in section 4.3 VII (1)

▪ Each Compartment may invest in financial derivative instruments for hedging, arbitrage, exposure purpose and efficient portfolio management, while following, on

the level of the underlying values, the investment limit(s) laid down in his investment policy.

▪ Each Compartment is also authorized to employ techniques and instruments relating to transferable securities and money market instruments under the conditions and within the limits laid down under Section 4.5 “Use of Techniques and Instruments relating to Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments”.

Where a Compartment uses total return swaps to implement its strategy, the underlying assets consist of instruments in which the Compartment may invest according to its investment objectives and policy.

Unless otherwise specified for a particular Compartment in its investment policy, the counterparty to any total return swap entered into by the Company would not assume any discretion over the composition or management of the investment portfolio of the Company or of the underlying of the total return swap. The approval of the counterparties is not required in relation to any portfolio transactions by the Company.

4.3 Investment and Borrowing Restrictions

The Articles provide that the Board of Directors shall, based upon the principle of spreading of risks, determine the corporate and investment policy of the Company and the investment and borrowing restrictions applicable, from time to time, to the investments of the Company.

The Board of Directors has decided that the following restrictions shall apply to the investments of the Company and, as the case may be and unless otherwise specified for a Compartment in the Appendix, to the investments of each of the Compartments:

I.

- (1) The Company, for each Compartment, may invest in:
 - (a) transferable securities and money market instruments admitted to or dealt in on an Eligible Market;
 - (b) recently issued transferable securities and money market instruments, provided that the terms of issue include an undertaking that application

will be made for admission to official listing on an Eligible Market and such admission is secured within one year of the issue;

- (c) units of UCITS and/or other UCI, whether situated in a Member State or not, provided that:
 - (i) such other UCIs have been authorised under laws which provide that they are subject to supervision considered by the CSSF to be equivalent to that laid down in EU law, and that cooperation between authorities is sufficiently ensured,
 - (ii) the level of protection for unit holders in such other UCIs is equivalent to that provided for unit holders in a UCITS, and in particular that the rules on assets segregation, borrowing, lending, and uncovered sales of transferable securities and money market instruments are equivalent to the requirements of the Directive,
 - (iii) the business of such other UCIs is reported in half-yearly and annual reports to enable an assessment of the assets and liabilities, income and operations over the reporting period,
 - (iv) no more than 10% of the assets of the UCITS or of the other UCIs, whose acquisition is contemplated, can, according to their constitutional documents, in aggregate be invested in units of other UCITS or other UCIs;
- (d) deposits with credit institutions which are repayable on demand or have the right to be withdrawn, and maturing in no more than 12 months, provided that the credit institution has its registered office in a Member State or, if the registered office of the credit institution is situated in a third country, provided that it is subject to prudential rules considered by the Luxembourg regulatory authority as equivalent to those laid down in EU law;
- (e) financial derivative instruments, including equivalent cash-settled instruments, dealt in on an Eligible Market and/or financial derivative instruments dealt in over-the-counter (“OTC derivatives”), provided that:
 - (i) the underlying consists of instruments covered by this section I. (1), financial indices, interest rates, foreign exchange rates or currencies,

- in which the Compartments may invest according to their investment objective;
- (ii) the counterparties to OTC derivative transactions are institutions subject to prudential supervision, and belonging to the categories approved by the CSSF;
 - (iii) the OTC derivatives are subject to reliable and verifiable valuation on a daily basis and can be sold, liquidated or closed by an offsetting transaction at any time at their fair value at the Company's initiative;
- (f) money market instruments other than those dealt in on an Eligible Market, if the issue or the issuer of such instruments are themselves regulated for the purpose of protecting investors and savings, and provided that such instruments are:
- (i) issued or guaranteed by a central, regional or local authority or by a central bank of a Member State, the European Central Bank, the EU or the European Investment Bank, a third country or, in case of a Federal State, by one of the members making up the federation, or by a public international body to which one or more Member States belong, or
 - (ii) issued by an undertaking any securities of which are dealt in on Eligible Markets, or
 - (iii) issued or guaranteed by an establishment subject to prudential supervision, in accordance with criteria defined by EU law, or by an establishment which is subject to and complies with prudential rules considered by the CSSF to be at least as stringent as those laid down by EU law, such as, but not limited to, a credit institution which has its registered office in a country which is an OECD member state and a FATF State.
 - (iv) issued by other bodies belonging to the categories approved by the CSSF provided that investments in such instruments are subject to investor protection equivalent to that laid down in the first, the second or the third indent and provided that the issuer is a company whose capital and reserves amount to at least ten million Euro (EUR 10,000,000) and which presents and publishes its annual accounts in

- accordance with the fourth directive 78/660/EEC, is an entity which, within a group of companies which includes one or several listed companies, is dedicated to the financing of the group or is an entity which is dedicated to the financing of securitisation vehicles which benefit from a banking liquidity line.
- (2) In addition, the Company may invest a maximum of 10% of the net assets of any Compartment in transferable securities and money market instruments other than those referred to under (1) above.
 - (3) Under the conditions and within the limits laid down by the Law, the Company may, to the widest extent permitted by the Regulations (i) create a Compartment qualifying either as a Feeder Compartment or as a Master Fund, (ii) convert any existing Compartment into a Feeder Compartment, or (iii) change the Master Fund of any of its Feeder Compartment.
- (a) A Feeder Compartment shall invest at least 85% of its assets in the units of another Master UCITS.
 - (b) A Feeder Compartment may hold up to 15% of its assets in one or more of the following:
 - (i) ancillary liquid assets in accordance with paragraph II below;
 - (ii) financial derivative instruments, which may be used only for hedging purposes.
 - (c) For the purposes of compliance with paragraph III (1) (c) below, the Feeder Compartment shall calculate its global exposure related to financial derivative instruments by combining its own direct exposure under the second indent of under (b) above with either:
 - (i) the Master Fund actual exposure to financial derivative instruments in proportion to the Feeder Compartment investment into the Master Fund; or
 - (ii) the Master Fund potential maximum global exposure to financial derivative instruments provided for in the Master Fund management regulations or instruments of incorporation in proportion to the Feeder Compartment investment into the Master Compartment.
 - (iii)

II. The Company may hold on an ancillary basis cash.

III.

(1)

- (a) The Company may invest no more than 10% of the net assets of any Compartment in transferable securities and money market instruments issued by the same issuing body.
- (b) The Company may not invest more than 20% of the net assets of any Compartment in deposits made with the same body.
- (c) The risk exposure of a Compartment to a counterparty in an OTC derivative transaction may not exceed 10% of its net assets when the counterparty is a credit institution referred to in I. (1) d) above or 5% of its net assets in other cases.

(2) Moreover, where the Company holds on behalf of a Compartment investment in transferable securities and money market instruments of issuing bodies which individually exceed 5% of the net assets of such Compartment, the total of all such investments must not account for more than 40% of the total net assets of such Compartment.

This limitation does not apply to deposits and OTC derivative transactions made with financial institutions subject to prudential supervision.

Notwithstanding the individual limits laid down in paragraph (1), the Company may not combine for each Compartment where this would lead to investment of more than 20% of the net assets of each Compartment in a single entity :

- (a) investments in transferable securities or money market instruments issued by a single body,
- (b) deposits made with a single body, and/or
- (c) exposures arising from OTC derivative transactions undertaken with a single body

(3) The limit of 10% laid down in sub-paragraph III. (1) (a) above is increased to a maximum of 35% in respect of transferable securities or money market instruments which are issued or guaranteed by a Member State, its local authorities, or by another Eligible State, including the federal agencies of the United States of America, Federal National Mortgage Association and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, or by public international bodies of which one or more Member States are members.

(4) The limit of 10% laid down in sub-paragraph III. (1) (a) is increased to 25% for certain bonds when they are issued by a credit institution which has its registered office in a Member State and is subject by law, to special public supervision designed to protect bondholders. In particular, sums deriving from the issue of these bonds must be invested in conformity with the law in assets which, during the whole period of validity of the bonds, are capable of covering claims attaching to the bonds and which, in case of bankruptcy of the issuer, would be used on a priority basis for the repayment of principal and payment of the accrued interest.

If a Compartment invests more than 5% of its net assets in the bonds referred to in this sub-paragraph and issued by one issuer, the total value of such investments may not exceed 80% of the value of the assets of the Compartment.

(5) The transferable securities and money market instruments referred to in paragraphs (3) and (4) shall not be included in the calculation of the limit of 40% in paragraph (2).

The limits set out in sub-paragraphs (1), (2), (3) and (4) may not be aggregated and, accordingly, investments in transferable securities or money market instruments issued by the same issuing body, in deposits or in derivative instruments effected with the same issuing body may not, in any event, exceed a total of 35% of any Compartment's net assets;

Companies which are part of the same group for the purposes of the establishment of consolidated accounts, as defined in accordance with the seventh Council Directive 83/349/EEC of 13 June 1983 based on the Article 54 (3) (g) of the Treaty on consolidated accounts, as amended, or in accordance with recognised international accounting rules, are regarded as a single body for the purpose of calculating the limits contained in this paragraph III. (1) to (5).

The Company may cumulatively invest up to 20% of the net assets of a Compartment in transferable securities and money market instruments within the same group.

Notwithstanding the above provisions, the Company is authorised to invest up to 100% of the net assets of any Compartment, in accordance with the principle of risk spreading, in transferable securities and money market instruments issued or guaranteed by a Member State, by its local authorities or agencies, or by another member State of the OECD, G20 countries, Hong-Kong and Singapore or by public international bodies of which one or more member states of the EU, provided that such Compartment must hold securities from at least six different issues and securities from one issue do not account for more than 30% of the net assets of such Compartment.

IV.

- (1) Without prejudice to the limits laid down in paragraph V., the limits provided in paragraph III. (1) to (5) are raised to a maximum of 20% for investments in shares and/or bonds issued by the same issuing body if the aim of the investment policy of a Compartment is to replicate the composition of a certain stock or bond index which is sufficiently diversified, represents an adequate benchmark for the market to which it refers, is published in an appropriate manner and disclosed in the relevant Compartment's investment policy.
- (2) The limit laid down in paragraph (1) is raised to 35% where this proves to be justified by exceptional market conditions, in particular on Regulated Markets where certain transferable securities or money market instruments are highly dominant. The investment up to this limit is only permitted for a single issuer.

V.

- (1) The Company may not acquire shares carrying voting rights which should enable it to exercise significant influence over the management of an issuing body.
- (2) The Company may acquire no more than:
 - (a) 10% of the non-voting shares of the same issuer;
 - (b) 10% of the debt securities of the same issuer;
 - (c) 10% of the money market instruments of the same issuer;

These limits under second and third indents may be disregarded at the time of acquisition, if at that time the gross amount of debt securities or of the money market instruments or the net amount of the instruments in issue cannot be calculated.

The provisions of paragraph V. shall not be applicable to transferable securities and money market instruments issued or guaranteed by a Member State or its local authorities or by any other Eligible State, or issued by public international bodies of which one or more member states of the EU are members.

These provisions are also waived as regards shares held by the Company in the capital of a company incorporated in a non-member state of the EU which invests its assets mainly in the securities of issuing bodies having their registered office in that State, where under the legislation of that State, such a holding represents the only way in which the Company can invest in the securities of issuing bodies of that State provided that the investment policy of the company from the non-member state of the EU complies with the limits laid down in paragraph III. (1) to (5), V. (1) and (2) and VI.

VI.

- (1) Unless otherwise provided for in the Appendix to the Prospectus for a Compartment, no more than 10% of a Compartment's net assets may be invested in aggregate in the units of UCITS and/or other UCIs referred to in paragraph I. (1) (c).

In the case the restriction of the above paragraph is not applicable to a specific Compartment as provided in its investment policy, (i) such Compartment may acquire units of UCITS and/or other UCIs referred to in paragraph I. (1) (c) provided that no more than 20% of the Compartment's net assets be invested in the units of a single UCITS or other UCI, and (ii) investments made in units of

UCIs other than UCITS may not in aggregate exceed 30% of the net asset of a Compartment.

For the purpose of the application of this investment limit, each Compartment of a UCITS and UCI with multiple Compartments is to be considered as a separate issuer provided that the principle of segregation of the obligations of the various Compartments vis-à-vis third parties is ensured.

- (2) The underlying investments held by the UCITS or other UCIs in which the Company invests do not have to be considered for the purpose of the investment and borrowing restrictions set forth under III. (1) to (5) above.
- (3) When the Company invests in the units of UCITS and/or other UCIs linked to the Company by common management or control, no subscription or redemption fees may be charged to the Company on account of its investment in the units of such other UCITS and/or UCIs, except for any applicable dealing charge payable to the UCITS and/or UCIs.

In the case where a substantial proportion of the net assets are invested in investment funds the Appendix of the relevant Compartment will specify the maximum management fee (excluding any performance fee, if any) charged to the Compartment and each of the UCITS or other UCIs concerned.

- (4) The Company may acquire no more than 25% of the units of the same UCITS or other UCI. This limit may be disregarded at the time of acquisition if at that time the net amount of the units in issue cannot be calculated. In case of a UCITS or other UCI with multiple Compartments, this restriction is applicable by reference to all units issued by the UCITS or other UCI concerned, all Compartments combined.

VII.

- (1) The Company may not borrow for the account of any Compartment amounts in excess of 10% of the net assets of that Compartment, any such borrowings to be from banks and to be effected only on a temporary basis, provided that the Company may acquire foreign currencies by means of back to back loans;
- (2) The Company may not grant loans to or act as guarantor on behalf of third parties.

This restriction shall not prevent the Company from acquiring transferable securities, money market instruments or other financial instruments referred to in I. (1) (c), (e) and (f) which are not fully paid.

- (3) The Company may not carry out uncovered sales of transferable securities, money market instruments or other financial instruments.
- (4) The Company may acquire movable or immovable property which is essential for the direct pursuit of its business.
- (5) The Company may not acquire either precious metals or certificates representing them.

VIII.

- (1) The Company needs not comply with the limits laid down in this chapter when exercising subscription rights attaching to transferable securities or money market instruments which form part of its assets. While ensuring observance of the principle of risk spreading, recently created Compartments may derogate from paragraphs III. (1) to (5), IV. and VI. (1) and (2) for a period of six months following the date of their creation.
- (2) If the limits referred to in paragraph (2) are exceeded for reasons beyond the control of the Company or as a result of the exercise of subscription rights, it must adopt as a priority objective for its sales transactions the remedying of that situation, taking due account of the interest of its Shareholders.
- (3) To the extent that an issuer is a legal entity with multiple Compartments where the assets of the Compartment are exclusively reserved to the investors in such Compartment and to those creditors whose claim has arisen in connection with the creation, operation or liquidation of that Compartment, each Compartment is to be considered as a separate issuer for the purpose of the application of the risk spreading rules set out in paragraphs III. (1) to (5), IV. and VI.

IX.

Each Compartment may, subject to the conditions provided for in the Articles as well as this Prospectus, subscribe, acquire and/or hold securities to be issued or issued by one or more Compartments of the Company without the Company being subject to the requirements of the Law of 10 August 1915 on commercial companies, as amended, with respect to the subscription, acquisition and/or the holding by a company of its own Shares, under the condition however that:

- (1) the target Compartment does not, in turn, invest in the Compartment invested in this target Compartment;
- (2) no more than 10% of the assets of the target Compartment whose acquisition is contemplated may, pursuant to the Articles be invested in aggregate in units of other target Compartments of the same Company;
- (3) voting rights, if any, attaching to the relevant securities are suspended for as long as they are held by the Compartment concerned and without prejudice to the appropriate processing in the accounts and the periodic reports; and
- (4) in any event, for as long as these securities are held by the Company, their value will not be taken into consideration of the calculation of the net assets of the Company for the purposes of verifying the minimum threshold of the net assets imposed by the Law;
- (5) there is no duplication of management/subscription or repurchase fees between those at the level of the Compartment of the Company having invested in the target Compartment, and this target Compartment.

4.4 Financial Derivative Instruments

Without prejudice to any stipulations for one or more particular Compartment, the Company is authorised, for each Compartment and in conformity with its investment policy and with the conditions set out below, to use financial derivative instruments in accordance with section 4.3 e).

A derivative is a financial contract whose value depends on the performance of one of more reference assets (such as a security or basket of securities, an index or an interest rate). Although the sub-funds specific investment policy does not rule out the use of any type of derivative, the following types currently make up the most common derivatives used by the sub-funds:

Core Derivatives — may be used by any sub-fund, consistent with its investment policy :

- financial futures
- options, such as options on equities, interest rates, indices, bonds,
- currencies, commodity indices
- warrants

- forwards, such as foreign exchange contracts
- swaps (contracts where two parties exchange the returns from two different assets, indices, or baskets of the same), such as foreign exchange, interest rate, but NOT including total return swaps, credit default swaps, commodity index swaps, volatility or variance swaps

Additional Derivatives :

- credit derivatives, such as credit default swaps (contracts where a bankruptcy, default, or other “credit event” triggers a payment from one party to the other), this credit derivatives can be on single issuer or multi-issuers (e.g. Itraxx, CDX,...). Options on credit derivatives can also be used.
- structured financial derivatives, such as credit-linked and equity-linked securities
- contracts for difference (contracts whose value is based on the difference between two reference measurements) such as a basket of securities
- total return swaps “TRS” (contracts where one party transfers to another party the total performance of a reference assets, including all interest, fee income, market gains or losses, and credit losses).

Each Compartment may enter into unfunded TRS for two combinations among the following types of flows:

- fixed rate
- variable rate (indexed to Eonia, Euribor or any other market reference)
- performance linked to several currencies, equities, stock indices or listed securities, mutual funds or investment funds
- optional linked to one or more quotes, shares, stock indices or listed securities, mutual funds or investment funds
- dividends (net or gross).

As describe in point 4. 2 Where a Compartment uses Total Return Swaps to implement its strategy, the underlying assets consist of instruments in which the Compartment may invest according to its investment objectives and policy.

Assets held by the Compartment that are subject to the TRS are held with the Depositary.

The maximum and expected portion of assets under management that will be the subject of such transactions or contracts will be specified in the Appendix of the Compartment. .

Futures are generally exchange-traded. All other types of derivatives are generally OTC. For any index-linked derivatives, the index provider determines the rebalancing frequency.

The Company shall ensure that its global exposure relating to derivative instruments does not exceed the total net value of its net assets. The exposure is calculated taking into account the current value of the Underlying Assets, the counterparty risk, future market movements and the time available to liquidate the positions.

Each Compartment may invest in financial derivative instruments within the limits laid down in I. (1) (e), provided that the exposure to the underlying assets does not exceed in aggregate the investment limits laid down in clause III. (1) to (5). When a Compartment invests in index-based financial derivative instruments, these investments do not have to be combined to the limits laid down in III. When a transferable security or money market instrument embeds a derivative, the latter must be taken into account when complying with the requirements of this restriction. When a Compartment qualifies as a Feeder Compartment, that Feeder Compartment shall calculate its global exposure related to financial derivative instruments in accordance with Section 4. 3. I. (3) above.

Consistent with its investment policy, each Compartment may use derivatives for hedging against various types of risk, for efficient portfolio management, to gain exposure to certain investments or markets or for arbitrage purpose.

For instance, you will find below examples of strategies of use of derivatives :

Equity derivatives are used long and short to monitor Compartment overall exposure to the stock markets, and its allocation between various business sectors, countries and regions. An equity derivative contract can be used to hedge part of all exposure or to gain exposure.

Currency derivatives are used to monitor Compartment currency allocation (currency risk management) by exposing the portfolio to a currency or hedging its exposure, or for general cash management. Such hedging can be done at the sub-fund level and at the share class level. Currency hedging can be done at the Compartment level and at the share class level (for share classes that are hedged to a different currency than the Compartment's Reference currency).

Interest rate derivatives are used to monitor Compartment to fixed income markets, and its allocation between various yield curve segments, countries and regions by exposing or reducing the portfolio exposure.

Credit derivatives are used to monitor the Compartment exposure on credit. Credit derivatives can hedge or increase the credit risk of the Compartment. This includes hedges against the risks of specific assets or issuers as well as hedges against securities or issuers to which the Compartment is not directly exposed.

Efficient portfolio management The Compartment can use any allowable derivative for efficient portfolio management. Efficient portfolio management includes cost reduction, cash management, the orderly maintenance of liquidity and related practices (for instance, maintaining 100% investment exposure while also keeping a portion of assets liquid to handle redemptions of shares and the buying and selling of investments). Efficient portfolio management does not include any activities that create leverage at the overall portfolio level.

Gaining exposure The Compartment can use any allowable derivative as a substitute for direct investment, that is, to gain investment exposure to any security, market, index, rate, or instrument that is consistent with the subfund's investment objective and policy. This exposure may exceed the one than would be obtained through direct investment in that position (leverage effect).

4.5 Use of Techniques and Instruments relating to Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments

The Company, in order to generate additional revenue for Shareholders, may engage in securities lending transactions subject to complying with the provisions set forth in CSSF Circular 08/356 and the provisions on efficient management portfolio techniques set-forth in CSSF Circulars 13/559, 14/592 and ESMA Guidelines 2014/937.

Securities lending transactions consist in transactions whereby a lender transfers securities or instruments to a borrower, subject to a commitment that the borrower will return equivalent securities or instruments on a future date or when requested to do so by the lender, such transaction being considered as securities lending for the party transferring the securities or instruments and being considered as securities borrowing for the counterparty to which they are transferred.

All revenues arising from efficient portfolio management techniques, net of direct and indirect operational costs/fees, will be returned to the Fund. In particular, fees and cost may be paid to agents of the Management Company and other intermediaries providing services in connection with efficient portfolio management techniques as normal compensation of their services. Such fees may be calculated as a percentage of net revenues earned by the Fund through the use of efficient portfolio management techniques. Information on direct and indirect operational costs and fees that may be incurred in this respect as well as the identity of the entities to which such costs and fees are paid – as well as any relationship they have with the Depositary Bank or Management Company - will be available in the annual report of the Fund, if applicable, and/or disclosed in the Compartment Appendices.

The Company may lend portfolio securities to third persons either directly or through a standardized securities lending system organized by a recognised clearing institution or through a securities lending system organised by a financial institution subject to prudential supervision rules which are considered by the CSSF as equivalent to those laid down in community law and that is specialised in that type of transaction.

The Company must ensure that the volume of the securities lending transactions is kept at an appropriate level in order to be able at all times, to meet its obligation to redeem its own Shares.

The Company must further ensure that it is entitled at any time to request the return of the securities lent or to terminate the securities lending agreement.

Securities lending agreement must not result in a change of the Compartments' investment policies.

The Company will receive collateral in accordance with section 4.6 below.

Such collateral will be maintained at all times in an amount equal to at least 100% of the total valuation of the securities, and for the duration of the loan.

Lending transactions may not be carried out for more than 30 days and in excess of 50% of the total valuation of the portfolio securities. These limits are not applicable if the Company has the right to terminate the lending contract at any time and obtains restitution of the securities lent.

Securities lending are valued at the market price.

All revenues linked to the securities lending operations will revert to the fund, net of costs and fees to be charged by intermediaries of the Company.

The Company may enter into repurchase agreements which consist in the purchase and sale of securities whereby the terms of the agreement entitle the seller to repurchase from the purchaser the securities at a price and at a time agreed amongst the two parties at the conclusion of the agreement.

The Company may act either as purchaser or as seller in repurchase transactions. Its entering in such agreements is however subject to the following rules:

- The Company may purchase or sell securities in the context of a repurchase agreement only if its counterpart is a highly rated financial institution which are experts in this type of transactions and which are subject to prudential supervision rules considered by the Luxembourg regulatory authority as equivalent to those prescribed by EU law.
- During the lifetime of a repurchase agreement, the Company may not sell the securities which are the object of the agreement either before the repurchase of the securities by the counterparty has been carried out or the repurchase period has expired.

- The Company must ensure to maintain the value of purchased securities subject to a repurchase obligation at a level such that it is able, at any time, to meet its obligations to redeem its own Shares.
- When the Company enters into a reverse repurchase agreement, it must ensure that it is able at any time to recall the full amount of cash or to terminate the reverse repurchase agreement on either an accrued basis or a mark-to-market basis. When the cash is recallable at any time on a mark-to-market basis, the mark-to-market value of the reverse repurchase agreement should be used for the calculation of the net asset value of the Company.

When the Company enters into a repurchase agreement, it should ensure that it is able at any time to recall any securities subject to the repurchase agreement or to terminate the repurchase agreement into which it has entered. The principal purpose of the repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions will be to facilitate the adjustment of the sub-fund to the variances of outstanding amounts and the investment of cash. Securities lending serves to optimize the performance of the sub-fund by the returns they generate.

These transactions will relate to all the assets authorized (outside of the UCIs) as described in the paragraph "Investments" in the Compartment's Appendix .

These assets are kept with the Depositary.

The maximum and expected portion of assets under management that will be the subject of such transactions or contracts will be specified in the Appendix of the Compartment.

All the revenues achieved from efficient portfolio management transactions remain with the relevant Compartment, net of direct and indirect operational costs incurred by the Management Company in connection with the implementation of these operations. Those costs will not exceed 40 % of revenue generated by such operations.

As of the prospectus date, counterparty used for the execution of the efficient portfolio management transactions is Amundi Intermediation. Any counterparty newly appointed will be detailed in the annual report of the Company.

4.6 **Management of collateral for OTC Derivative transactions and efficient portfolio management techniques**

When the Company enters into OTC Derivative transactions including and efficient portfolio management techniques, all collateral used to reduce counterparty risk exposure should comply with the ESMA guidelines 2014/937 and CSSF Circular 14/592.

Information on the financial guarantees (temporary purchases and sales of securities and/or over-the-counter (OTC) derivatives including total return swaps (TRS) where applicable):

Type of collateral:

In the context of temporary purchases and sales of securities and/or OTC derivative transactions, the UCITS may receive securities and cash as collateral.

Any collateral received other than cash should be of high quality, highly liquid and traded on a regulated market or multilateral trading facility with transparent pricing in order that it can be sold quickly at a price that is close to pre-sale valuation. It should be sufficiently diversified in terms of country, markets and issuers and shall not entail on an aggregate basis an exposure to a given issuer for more than 20 % of its Net Asset Value

It should be issued by an entity that is independent from the counterparty and is expected not to display a high correlation with the performance of the counterparty.

Securities received as collateral must adhere to the criteria defined by the management company. They must be:

- liquid;
- transferable at any time;

- diversified in compliance with the Fund's eligibility, exposure and diversification rules;
- issued by an issuer that is not an entity of the counterparty or its group.

For bonds, securities will also be issued by high-quality issuers located in the OECD whose minimum rating may be AAA to BBB- on Standard & Poor's rating scale or with a rating deemed equivalent by the management company. Bonds must have a maximum maturity of 50 years.

The criteria described above are detailed in a Risk Policy available on the management company's website at www.cpr-am.com and may be subject to change, particularly in the event of exceptional market circumstances.

The discounts that may be applied to the collateral received will take into account the credit quality, the price volatility of the securities and the results of the stress tests performed.

Reusing the cash received as collateral:

Cash received as collateral may be reinvested in deposits, government bonds, reverse repurchase agreements or short-term money market UCITS in accordance with the management company's Risk Policy.

Reuse of collateral received:

Not permitted: Securities received in collateral can not be sold, reinvested or pledged as collateral.

These points are detailed in a "Risk Policy" document that is available on the management company's website: www.cpr-am.com.

The Company has implemented a haircut policy as follows:

Type of collateral	Haircut
Cash deposits	None
Cash deposits in a currency other than the currency of the exposure	[1%-5%]
Government and Supranational bonds *	[0,5%-8%]
Corporate and Financial bonds *	[1%-8%]
Covered bonds *	[1%-8%]
Convertibles bonds	[5%-15%]
Equities	At least 8%

* Following the maturity of the instruments

The Company reserves the right to vary this policy at any time in which case this Prospectus will be updated accordingly.

These points are detailed in a "Risk Policy" document that is available on the Management Company's website: www.cpr-am.com.

Valuation of financial collateral:

Collateral is valued daily at market price (mark-to-market method).

The haircut that may be applied to the collateral received will take into account the credit quality, the price volatility of the securities and the results of the stress tests performed.

Margin calls are made daily, unless otherwise stipulated in the framework contract covering these transactions or if the management company and the counterparty have agreed to apply a trigger threshold.

4.7 Summary description of the process for selecting intermediaries:

The Management Company implements a policy for intermediaries selection especially when entering into temporary securities purchases and sales and certain derivatives such as Total Return Swaps (TRS).

The Management Company Brokerage and Counterparty Committee is the authority that formally validates the list of intermediaries, counterparties and research brokers selected by the management company. The Brokerage and Counterparty Committee meets several times per year. Presided over by the Management Company Senior Management, it brings together the Investment Director, the Management Directors, representatives from the Amundi Intermediation negotiation table, the Legal Services Manager, the Risk Control Manager and the Compliance Manager.

The role of the Brokerage and Counterparty Committee is to:

- approve the list of financial brokers and/or intermediaries;
- monitor volumes (share broking and net amounts for other products) allocated to each broker;
- give an opinion on the quality of the services provided by the brokers.

The selection only concerns financial institutions of OECD countries whose minimum rating ranges between AAA to BBB- by Standard and Poor's, at the moment of transaction's, or considered to be equivalent by the Management Company according its own criteria.

The assessment of the brokers and counterparties with a view to defining those that appear on the authorised list and the maximum volumes permissible for each of them requires the involvement of several teams who give an opinion regarding various criteria:

- Counterparty risk;
- Quality of order execution;
- Assessment of support services on investment decisions.

4.8 Exercise of Voting Rights

The Company will exercise its voting rights in respect of instruments held by the Company in each Compartment in accordance with the voting policy of the Management Company.

5. Risk-management process

The Management Company must employ a risk-management process which enables it to monitor and measure at any time the risk of the positions in its portfolios and their contribution to the overall risk profile of its portfolios.

In accordance with the Law and the applicable regulations, in particular Circular CSSF 11/512, the Management Company uses for each Compartment a risk-management process which enables it to assess the exposure of each Compartment to market, liquidity and counterparty risks, and to all other risks, including operational risks, which are material to that Compartment.

The global exposure may be calculated through the commitment approach or the Value-at-Risk approach as described in the Appendix of each Compartment.

Where a Compartment's use of derivatives is mostly for hedging and efficient portfolio management purposes, the commitment approach is usually used.

Where a sub-fund may use derivatives extensively, Absolute VaR is usually used, unless the sub-fund is managed with respect to a benchmark, in which case Relative VaR is used.

- Commitment : The Compartment calculates all derivatives exposures as if they were direct investments in the underlying positions. This allows the Compartment to include the effects of any hedging or offsetting positions as well as positions taken for efficient portfolio management. A Compartment using this approach must ensure that its overall market exposure from derivatives commitments does not exceed 100% of the total net assets.
- Relative Value-at-Risk (Relative VaR) : The Compartment seeks to estimate the maximum loss it could experience beyond the estimated maximum loss of a benchmark (typically an appropriate market index or combination of indexes). The Compartment calculates the amount that, with 99% certainty, is the limit for how much the Compartment could underperform the benchmark over a month (20 trading days). The absolute VaR of the Compartment cannot exceed twice that of the benchmark.
- Absolute Value-at-Risk (Absolute VaR) : The Compartment seeks to estimate the maximum loss it could experience in a month (meaning 20 trading days),

and requires that 99% of the time, the Compartment's worst outcome is no worse than a 20% decline of net asset value.

Any Compartment that uses the Absolute or Relative VaR approaches must also calculate its expected gross level of leverage, which is stated in the Appendix. Under certain circumstances, gross leverage might exceed this percentage. This percentage of leverage might not reflect adequately the risk profile of the Compartment and should be read in conjunction with the investment policy and objectives of the Compartments. Gross leverage is a measure of total derivative usage and is calculated as the sum of the notional exposure of the derivatives used, without any netting that would allow opposite positions to be considered as cancelling each other out. As the calculation neither takes into account whether a particular derivative increases or decreases investment risk, nor takes into account the varying sensitivities of the notional exposure of the derivatives to market movements, this may not be representative of the actual level of investment risk within a Compartment. The mix of derivatives and the purposes of any derivative's use may vary with market conditions.

For purposes of compliance and risk monitoring, any derivatives embedded in transferable securities or money market instrument count as derivatives, and any exposure to transferable securities or money market instruments gained through derivatives (except for index-based derivatives) counts as investment in those securities or instruments.

6. Risk warnings

As for any financial investment, potential investors should be aware that the value of the assets of the Compartments may strongly fluctuate. The Company does not guarantee Shareholders that they will not suffer losses resulting from their investments. The value of investments and the income from them, and therefore the value of and income from Shares relating to a Compartment can go down as well as up and an investor may not get back the amount the investor invests.

Due to the various commissions and fees which may be payable on the Shares, an investment in Shares should be viewed as medium to long term.

Short or leveraged funds are associated with higher risks and may better be considered as short to medium term investments. An investment in a Compartment should not constitute a substantial proportion of an investment portfolio and may not be appropriate for all investors. Investors should only reach an investment decision after careful consideration with their legal, tax, accounting, financial and other advisers. The legal, regulatory, tax and accounting treatment of the Shares can vary in different jurisdictions. Any descriptions of the Shares set out in the Prospectus, including any Appendix - or on the Management Company's website- are for general information purposes only. Investors should recognise that the Shares may decline in value and should be prepared to sustain a total loss of their investment. Risk factors may occur simultaneously and/or may compound each other resulting in an unpredictable effect on the value of the Shares.

6.1 Introduction

While the risk information in this prospectus is intended to give an idea of the main risks associated with each Compartment in sections 6.2, 6.4.1 and 6.5, any Compartment could be affected by other risks in this section (6.3 and 6.4.2) as well as risks not named here, and the risk descriptions themselves are not intended as exhaustive.

What factors will be of relevance to a particular Compartment will depend upon a number of interrelated matters including, but not limited to the Compartment's Investment Policy and the specificities of the Shares.

No investment should be made in the Shares until careful consideration of all these factors has been made.

6.2 General risks

Capital Loss : The Compartment does not offer any performance or capital guarantee and, accordingly, may present a capital risk, particularly if the term of holding ends prior to the recommended investment period. Consequently, initial capital invested may not be returned in full.

Counterparty risk : This is the risk of default of a market participant preventing it from honouring its commitments in respect of the Compartment. The Compartment may use among other things temporary purchases and sales of securities and/or OTC derivatives such as Total Return Swap. These transactions are entered into with a counterparty and expose the Compartment to a risk of default of the latter which may lower the Compartment's net asset value. The counterparty risk may be decreased by implementing some financial guarantees (collateral) received by the Compartment.

Credit Risk : The risk of deterioration in the creditworthiness of an issuer or that of its default. This risk is higher if the issuer is in the "Speculative Grade" category, i.e., if it has a rating that is lower than or equal to BB+ (Source: S&P/Fitch) or Ba1 (Source: Moody's) or deemed equivalent based on the criteria used by the Management Company. The occurrence of this type of events could lead to a decline in net asset value.

Currency risk/Exchange rates : This involves the risk that investment currencies - and / or the risk generated through expositions - may lose value against the reference currency of the compartment, namely the euro. Currency risk is not systematically hedged for the share of investments made outside the eurozone, which may result in a decrease in net asset value.

Cash holdings are mainly denominated in euros and the currencies of the securities held in the portfolio. Normally, there is no hedging for assets held in foreign currencies.

Derivatives : A derivative is a financial contract whose value depends on the performance of one of more reference assets (such as a security or basket of securities, an index or an interest rate).

Derivatives instruments involve risks which, in certain cases, can be greater than the risks presented by more traditional investments. There may be transaction costs associated with the use of any such derivatives instruments. The use of certain

leverage techniques can increase equity risk and interest rate risk, and to a lesser extent counterparty risk.

Duplication of costs : The Compartment incurs costs of its own management and administration comprising the fees paid to the Management Company, the Investment Manager (if any), the Depositary, unless otherwise provided hereinafter and other service providers. It should be noted that, in addition, the Compartment incurs similar costs in its capacity as an investor in the funds in which a Compartment invests, which in turn pay similar fees to their manager and other service providers. It is endeavoured to reduce duplication of management charges by negotiating rebates where applicable in favour of the Company with such funds or their managers. Further, the investment strategies and techniques employed by certain funds may involve frequent changes in positions and a consequent portfolio turnover. This may result in brokerage commission expenses which exceed significantly those of the funds of comparable size. The funds may be required to pay performance fees to their manager. Under these arrangements the managers will benefit from the appreciation, including unrealised appreciation of the investments of such funds, but they are not similarly penalised for realised or unrealised losses. As a consequence, the direct and indirect costs borne by the Compartment are likely to represent a higher percentage of the net asset value per Share than would typically be the case with UCITS which invest directly in equity and bond markets (and not through other UCITS/UCI/funds).

Hedging risk : Any attempts to hedge (reduce or eliminate certain risks) may not work as intended, and to the extent that they do work, they will generally eliminate potentials for gain along with risks of loss.

Any measures that the sub-fund takes that are designed to offset specific risks may work imperfectly, may not be feasible at times, or may fail completely. To the extent that no hedge exists, the sub-fund or share class will be exposed to all risks that the hedge would have protected against.

The sub-fund may use hedging within its portfolio. With respect to any designated share classes, the sub-fund may hedge either the currency exposure of the class (relative to the portfolio's reference currency) or the effective duration of the class

(relative to the duration of the sub-fund's reference indicator). The purpose of a duration hedge is to reduce interest rate risk. Hedging involves costs, which reduce investment performance.

Legal and regulatory : the Company must comply with regulatory constraints or changes in the laws affecting it, the Shares, or the investment restrictions, which might require a change in the investment policy and objectives followed by a Compartment. The Compartment's assets, the Underlying Asset and the derivative techniques used to expose the Compartment to the Underlying Assets may also be subject to change in laws or regulations and/or regulatory action which may affect the value of the Shares.

Legal risk : The use of temporary purchases and sales of securities and/or Total return Swap may lead to a legal risk, particularly relating to contracts.

Leverage : Compartment may make use of forward financial instruments (derivatives) to generate overexposure and to increase the Fund's exposure in excess of net assets. Depending on the type of transaction the Compartment enters into, a downward effect (in case of a purchase of exposure) or a rise in the underlying of the derivative (in case of a sell of exposure) may increase the risk of drop in the Compartment's NAV compared to the risk related to investments in portfolio securities (excluding derivatives).

Liquidity risk : It presents the risks that a financial market, when volumes traded are low or if there are tensions on such market, might not be able to absorb the sell (or buy) volumes without causing the price of the assets to significantly drop (or rise).

Liquidity risk linked to temporary purchases and sales of securities and/or Total Return Swap: The Compartment may be exposed to trading difficulties or a temporary inability to trade certain securities in which the Compartment invests or in those received as collateral, in the event of a counterparty defaulting on temporary purchases and sales of securities and or Total Return Swap.

Listing : there can be no certainty that a listing on any stock exchange applied for by the Company will be achieved and/or maintained or that the conditions of listing will not change. Further, trading in Shares on a stock exchange may be halted pursuant to that stock exchange's rules due to market conditions and investors may not be able to sell their Shares until trading resumes.

Management risk : There is a risk that the Compartment might not be invested in the best-performing markets and/or securities at all times. The management team may be wrong in its analysis, assumptions, projections and/or investment decisions. The Compartment may underperform the investment objective. Furthermore, the net asset value of the Compartment may decline.

Market Risk : Value of the sub-funds' investments could decrease due to movements in financial markets.

Nominee arrangements: where an investor invests in Shares via the Principal Placement and Distribution Agent, its sub-distribution or private placement agents and/or a nominee or holds interests in Shares through a clearing agent, such Shareholder will typically not appear on the register of Shareholders of the Company and may not therefore be able to exercise voting or other rights available to those persons appearing on the register.

Operational risk : this is the risk of losses resulting from the inadequacy or failure of internal processes, individual, systems, or from external events.

Political factors, emerging market and non-OECD member country assets: the performance of the Shares and/or the possibility to purchase, sell, or repurchase the Shares may be affected by changes in general economic conditions and uncertainties such as political developments, changes in government policies, the imposition of restrictions on the transfer of capital and changes in regulatory requirements. Such risks can be heightened in investments in, or relating to, emerging markets or non-OECD member countries. In addition, local custody services remain underdeveloped in many non-OECD and emerging market countries and there is a

heightened transaction and custody risk involved in dealing in such markets. In certain circumstances, a Compartment may not be able to recover or may encounter delays in the recovery of some of its assets. Furthermore, the legal infrastructure and accounting, auditing and reporting standards in emerging markets or non-OECD member countries, may not provide the same degree of investor information or protection as would generally apply to major markets.

Repurchase and Reverse Repurchase Agreement Risk: The use of repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements, if any, by certain Compartments involves certain risks. For example, if the seller of securities to the relevant Compartment under a reverse repurchase agreement defaults on its obligation to repurchase the underlying securities, as a result of its bankruptcy or otherwise, the said Compartment will seek to dispose of such securities, which action could involve costs or delays. If the seller becomes insolvent and subject to liquidation or reorganisation under applicable bankruptcy or other laws, the ability of the relevant Compartment to dispose of the underlying securities may be restricted. Finally, if a seller defaults on its obligation to repurchase securities under a reverse repurchase agreement, the Compartment may suffer a loss to the extent that it is forced to liquidate its position in the market, and proceeds from the sale of the underlying securities are less than the repurchase price agreed to by the defaulting seller.

Risks arising from the reuse of such collateral: They may create operational impediments that hinder the sub-Fund from promptly accessing their securities in the event that the counterparty faces insolvency. They may also contribute to a build-up of leverage, and increase interconnectedness among market participants.

Risks linked to SFT (temporary purchase and sale of securities, total return swaps) and risks linked to financial guarantees (collateral): SFT and related collateral may create risks for the sub-fund such as (i) counterparty risk, ii) legal risk, iii) custody risk, iv) liquidity risk (i.e. risk resulting from the difficulty to buy, sell, terminate or value an asset or a transaction due to a lack of buyers, sellers, or counterparties), and, if relevant, v) risks arising from the reuse of such collateral (i.e. mainly the risk that

such collateral posted by the sub-fund might not be returned due to the failure of the counterparty for example).

Securities lending transactions : In relation to securities lending transactions, investors must notably be aware that (A) if the borrower of securities lent by the Company fail to return these there is a risk that the collateral received may realise less than the value of the securities lent out, whether due to inaccurate pricing, adverse market movements, a deterioration in the credit rating of issuers of the collateral, or the illiquidity of the market in which the collateral is traded; that (B) in case of reinvestment of cash collateral, as assets in which cash collateral is reinvested are subject to the same risks as those further described in other sections of this Prospectus in relation to direct investment of the Company, such reinvestment may yield a sum less than the amount of collateral to be returned hence creating leverage with corresponding risks and risk of losses and volatility; and that (C) delays in the return of securities on loans may restrict the ability of the Company to meet delivery obligations under security sales.

Share subscriptions and repurchases: provisions relating to the subscription and repurchase of Shares grant the Company discretion to limit the amount of Shares available for subscription or repurchase on any Business Day and, in conjunction with such limitations, to defer or pro rata such subscription or repurchase. In addition, where requests for subscription or repurchase are received after the Cut-off deadline, there will be a delay between the time of submission of the request and the actual date of subscription or repurchase. Such deferrals or delays may operate to decrease the number of Shares or the repurchase amount to be received.

Valuation of the Shares : the value of a Share will fluctuate as a result of changes in the value of, amongst other things, the Compartment's assets, the Underlying Asset and, where applicable, the financial derivative instruments used to expose the Compartment to the Underlying Asset synthetically.

Valuation of the Underlying Asset and the Compartment's assets : the Compartment's assets, the Underlying Asset or the financial derivative instruments

used to expose the Compartment to the Underlying Asset synthetically may be complex and specialist in nature. Valuations for such assets or financial derivative instruments will usually only be available from a limited number of market professionals which frequently act as counterparties to the transactions to be valued. Such valuations are often subjective and there may be substantial differences between any available valuations.

Volatility risk : the value of the Shares may be affected by market volatility and/or the volatility of the Compartment's assets and/or the Underlying Asset.

6.3 Specific risks

In addition to the general risks, as set out above, that should be considered for all Compartments, there are other risks into specific Compartments.

The risk descriptions below correspond to the risk factors named in the information about the Compartment.

Country Risk – China :

Risks associated with the investment through the Stock Connect program : The Compartment may invest in the Chinese domestic market through the Stock Connect program, which is subject to changes, investment limitations and restrictions (quota, suspension). Quota limitations apply on both daily and aggregate amount and may restrict the Compartment to invest in A-Shares. Chinese regulations require that before an investor sells any share, there should be sufficient shares in the account; otherwise the Stock Exchange Chinese Market will reject the sell order concerned. Pre-trade checking will be carried out on A-Share sell orders to ensure there is no over-selling. Given this pre-trade checking requirement, the Compartment will only execute its trades through a broker who is affiliated to the Company's sub-custodian that is an exchange participant and might not have the ability to trade through multiple brokers and any switch to a new broker will not be possible without a commensurate change to the Company's sub-custody arrangements

Risks associated with China market risk : The Compartments may invest in the Chinese domestic market for which the legal infrastructure in PRC may not provide

with the same degree of investors' protection or information to investors, as would generally apply to major securities markets and investments might be sensitive to any significant change in political, social or economic policy in the PRC. Chinese securities market is in the process of development and change which may lead to trading volatility, difficulty in the settlement and recording of transactions and difficulty in interpreting and applying the relevant regulations. For the reasons specified above, China domestic securities may be substantially less liquid and more volatile than those of mature markets which may adversely affect the timing and pricing of the Compartment's acquisition or disposal of securities, the capital growth and thus the performance of the investments.

Risks associated with PRC tax consideration : Regarding the investment in the Chinese domestic market, the Compartment may be affected by tax laws, regulations and practice in China that are subject to change, and may be effective with retrospective effect. The interpretation and applicability of the tax law and regulations by Chinese tax authorities are not as clear as those of more developed countries and may vary from region to region. Under the prevailing Chinese tax policy, there are certain tax incentives available to Chinese companies with foreign investments; however, there can be no assurance that the aforesaid tax incentives will not be abolished in the future. In light of this uncertainty and in order to meet this potential tax liability for capital gains, the Management Company reserves the right to provide for the tax on such gains and withhold the tax for the account of the Compartment. In addition, the value of the Compartment's investment in the PRC and the amount of its income and gains could also be adversely affected by an increase in rates of taxation or changes in the basis of taxation.

RMB currency risk : Some assets of the Compartment may be invested into investments denominated in RMB. There can be no assurance that RMB will not be subject to devaluation or revaluation. RMB is currently not a freely convertible currency and subject to exchange controls and restrictions and the concerned Compartment may be subject to higher transaction costs associated with currency conversion.

Currency risk related to emerging countries : Currency risk is not systematically hedged for investments made outside the euro zone. This may result in a fall in the net asset value.

The Compartment may be exposed to currencies of emerging countries. Shareholders should note that, due to the low volumes traded, these currencies may be less liquid than the currencies of developed countries. These currencies may, in the short term, experience price volatility and see significant differences between sale and purchase prices, especially during a market downturn. The combination of price volatility and reduced liquidity on these markets may have a negative impact on the Compartment's performance.

Emerging market risk : Compartments may have direct or indirect exposure to securities of emerging countries' issuers. Investors should note that the conditions under which these markets operate and are supervised may differ from the standards in place in the major international marketplaces. Indeed, market falls or rises in these countries may be more abrupt and more volatile than in developed markets. Moreover, the financial markets in these countries offer more limited liquidity than those in the developed countries.

Consequently, this exposure may increase the level of risk of the Compartment.

Reasons for this higher risk may for instance include : political, economic or social instability ; unfavorable changes in regulations and laws and uncertainty about their interpretation ; rules or practices that place outside investors at a disadvantage : arbitrary delays and market closures.

Emerging markets countries may restrict securities ownership by outsiders or may have less regulated custody practices, leaving the sub-fund more vulnerable to losses and less able to pursue recourse.

Equity risk : Equities can lose value rapidly, and typically involve higher risks than bonds or money market instruments.

If a company goes through bankruptcy or a similar financial restructuring, its equities may lose most or all of their value.

High Yield Fixed Income Securities Risk : High Yield fixed income securities and unrated securities of comparable credit quality (commonly known as "junk bonds") are considered speculative and are subject to the increased risk of an issuer's inability to meet principal and interest payment obligations. These securities may be subject to greater price volatility due to such factors as specific issuer developments, interest rate sensitivity, negative perceptions of the junk bond markets generally and less liquidity.

Interest rate : The value of interest-rate instruments may vary due to changes in interest rates. It is measured in terms of sensitivity.

In the event that interest rates rise (when sensitivity to interest rates is positive) or fall (when sensitivity to interest rates is negative), the Compartment's net asset value is more likely to fall if its sensitivity to interest rates is high in absolute terms.

Inflation : the rate of inflation will affect the real return of the Shares. Some underlying asset like inflation-adjusted bonds provide income that is inflation adjusted.

Low interest rate risk : When interest rates are low, the yield on money market instruments and other short-term investments may not be enough to cover the sub-fund's management and operating costs, leading to a decline in the value of the sub-fund.

Performance risk compared with an equity market index: Through its construction, Compartment may totally exclude some sectors and securities that are not related to the theme management, and is therefore likely to show significant performance differences compared with an equity including over relatively extended time periods. In addition, there is a risk that the Compartment may not be invested in the best-performing securities at all times.

Small capitalisation related risk : Compartments may be exposed directly or indirectly to small and mid-cap securities. Investors should note that these securities may be less liquid than large cap securities, considering the low volumes traded.

These securities may, especially in a downward market, experience over the short term, price volatility and sizeable bid/offer price spreads. The combined effect of price volatility and limited liquidity of these markets may have negative effect on the Compartment's performance.

Yield : returns on Shares may not be directly comparable to the yields which could be earned if any investment were instead made directly in Underlying Asset.

Correlation: the Shares may not correlate perfectly, nor highly, with movements in the value of Compartment's assets and/or the Underlying Asset.

6.4 Underlying Asset risks

6.5 General

Corporate actions : securities comprising an Underlying Asset may be subject to change in the event of corporate actions in respect of those securities.

No investigation or review of the Underlying Asset(s) : none of the Management Company, the Investment Manager (if any) or any of their delegates (if any) or affiliates has performed or will perform any investigation or review of the Underlying Asset on behalf of any prospective investor in the Shares. Any investigation or review made by or on behalf of the Company, the Management Company, the Investment Manager (if any) or any of their delegates (if any) or any of their affiliates is or shall be for their own proprietary investment purposes only.

Tracking error: the following are some of the factors which may result in the performance of the Shares varying from the performance of the Underlying Asset investment or regulatory constraints may affect the Compartment but not the Underlying Asset; the fluctuation in value of a Compartment's assets; the existence of a cash position held by a Compartment.

Underlying Asset calculation and substitution : the Underlying Asset may cease to be calculated or published on the basis described or such basis may be altered or the

Underlying Asset may be substituted. In certain circumstances such as the discontinuance in the calculation or publication of the Underlying Asset or suspension in the trading of any constituents of the Underlying Asset, it could result in the suspension of trading of the Shares or the requirement for market makers to provide two way prices on the relevant stock exchanges.

6.6 Certain risks associated with particular Underlying Assets

Certain risks associated with investment in particular Underlying Assets or any securities comprised therein are set out below.

Feeder-Master Structure : Using a "master-feeder" fund structure, in particular the existence of multiple feeder funds investing in the master fund, presents certain risks to the investors. Smaller feeder funds may be materially affected by the actions of larger feeder funds. For example, it is expected that the feeder fund may initially, and perhaps for the life of the Master Fund, hold a larger portion of the net asset value of the outstanding interests of the Master Fund. Consequently, if the feeder fund were to redeem from the Master Fund, the remaining feeder funds, including the Feeder Compartment, may experience higher pro rata operating expenses, thereby producing lower returns, and the Master Fund may become less diverse due to redemption by a larger feeder fund, resulting in increased portfolio risk.

A Feeder Compartment may hold only a minority of the net asset value of the outstanding voting interests of the Master Fund and, consequently, will not be able to control matters that require a vote of the investors of the Master Fund.

Forward commodities contracts : Compartment may be directly or indirectly exposed to an index comprising forward commodities contracts. Future price movements of the components of this index could diverge significantly from those in the markets for traditional securities (equities and bonds). The specific factors (climate and geopolitical factors) affecting the price of commodities account for the lack of correlation between these markets and traditional markets and therefore the fact that the prices of these assets may follow trends that are very different from those of equities or bonds.

Holding alternative UCIs : The selected alternative UCIs may experience strong ups and downs in their net asset value and therefore negatively affect the Compartment's performance .

Indices : the compilation and calculation of an index or portfolio will generally be rules based, account for fees and include discretions exercisable by the index provider or investment manager. Methodologies used for certain proprietary indices are designed to ensure that the level of the index reaches a pre-determined level at a specified time. However, this mechanism may have the effect of limiting any gains above that level. Continuous protection or lock-in features designed to provide protection in a falling market may also result in a lower overall performance in a rising market.

Pooled investment vehicles : alternative investment funds, mutual funds and similar investment vehicles operate through the pooling of investors' assets. Investments are then invested either directly into assets or are invested using a variety of hedging strategies and/or mathematical modelling techniques, alone or in combination, any of which may change over time. Such strategies and/or techniques can be speculative, may not be an effective hedge and may involve substantial risk of loss and limit the opportunity for gain. It may be difficult to obtain valuations of products where such strategies and/or techniques are used and the value of such products may depreciate at a greater rate than other investments. Pooled investment vehicles are often unregulated, make available only limited information about their operations, may incur extensive costs, commissions and brokerage charges, involve substantial fees for investors (which may include fees based on unrealised gains), have no minimum credit standards, employ high risk strategies such as short selling and high levels of leverage and may post collateral in unsegregated third party accounts.

Real estate : the risks associated with an indirect investment in real estate include, but are not limited to: the cyclical nature of real estate values, changes in environmental, planning, landlord and tenant, tax or other laws or regulations

affecting real property, demographic trends, variations in rental income and increases in interest rates.

Shares: the value of an investment in Shares will depend on a number of factors including, but not limited to, market and economic conditions, sector, geographical region and political events.

Structured finance securities: structured finance securities include, without limitation, asset-backed securities and credit-linked securities, which may entail a higher liquidity risk than exposure to sovereign or corporate bonds. Certain specified events and/or the performance of assets referenced by such securities, may affect the value of, or amounts paid on, such securities (which may in each case be zero).

Others: underlying Asset(s) may include other assets which involve substantial financial risk such as distressed debt, low quality credit securities, forward contracts and deposits with commodity trading advisors (in connection with their activities).

6.7 Other risks

Allocation of shortfalls among Classes of a Compartment : the right of holders of any Class of Shares to participate in the assets of the Company is limited to the assets (if any) of the relevant Compartment and all the assets comprising a Compartment will be available to meet all of the liabilities of the Compartment, regardless of the different amounts stated to be payable on the separate Classes (as set out in the relevant Appendix). For example, if on a winding-up of the Company, the amounts received by the Company under the relevant Compartment's assets (after payment of all fees, expenses and other liabilities which are to be borne by the relevant Compartment) are insufficient to pay the full redemption amount payable in respect of all Classes of Shares of the relevant Compartment, each Class of Shares of the Compartment will rank pari passu with each other Class of Shares of the relevant Compartment and the proceeds of the relevant Compartment will be distributed equally amongst the Shareholders of that Compartment pro rata to the amount paid up on the Shares held by each Shareholder. The relevant Shareholders will have no

further right of payment in respect of their Shares or any claim against any other Compartment or any other assets of the Company. This may mean that the overall return (taking account of any dividends already paid) to Shareholders who hold Shares paying dividends quarterly or more frequently may be higher than the overall return to Shareholders who hold Shares paying dividends annually and that the overall return to Shareholders who hold Shares paying dividends may be higher than the overall return to Shareholders who hold Shares paying no dividends. In practice, cross liability between Classes is only likely to arise where the aggregate amounts payable in respect of any Class exceed the assets of the Compartment notionally allocated to that Class, that is, those amounts (if any) received by the Company under the relevant Compartment's assets (after payment of all fees, expenses and other liabilities which are to be borne by such Compartment) that are intended to Company payments in respect of such Class or are otherwise attributable to that Class. In these circumstances, the remaining assets of the Compartment notionally allocated to any other Class of the same Compartment may be available to meet such payments and may accordingly not be available to meet any amounts that otherwise would have been payable on such other Class.

Consequences of winding-up proceedings : If the Company fails for any reason to meet its obligations or liabilities, or is unable to pay its debts, a creditor may be entitled to make an application for the winding-up of the Company. The commencement of such proceedings may entitle creditors (including the Swap Counterparty) to terminate contracts with the Company and claim damages for any loss arising from such early termination. The commencement of such proceedings may result in the Company being dissolved at a time and its assets (including the assets of all Compartments) being realised and applied to pay the fees and expenses of the appointed liquidator or other insolvency officer, then in satisfaction of debts preferred by law and then in payment of the Company's liabilities, before any surplus is distributed to the Shareholders of the Company. In the event of proceedings being commenced, the Company may not be able to pay the full amounts anticipated by the relevant Appendix in respect of any Class or Compartments.

Potential conflicts of interest: The Management Company, the Investment Manager (if any), their delegates (if any), the sales agents, the Administrative Agent, and the Depositary may from time to time act as management company, investment manager or adviser, sales agent, administrative agent, registrar or custodian in relation to, or be otherwise involved in, other funds or collective investment schemes which have similar investment objectives to those of any Compartment.

The Management Company, the Investment Manager (if any) and their delegates (if any) will enter into all transactions on an arm's length basis. The directors of the Management Company, the directors of the Investment Manager (if any), their delegates (if any) and any affiliate thereof, members, and staff may engage in various business activities other than their business, including providing consulting and other services (including, without limitation, serving as director) to a variety of partnerships, corporations and other entities, not excluding those in which the Company invests.

In the due course of their business, the above persons and entities may have potential conflicts of interest with the Company or Compartment.

Any kind of conflict of interest is to be fully disclosed to the Board of Directors.

In such event, each person and entities will at all times endeavour to comply with its obligations under any agreements to which it is party or by which it is bound in relation to the Company or any Compartment.

The directors of the Management Company, the directors of the Investment Manager (if any), the directors of their delegates (if any) and their members will devote the time and effort necessary and appropriate to the business of the Company.

Although it is aimed to avoid such conflicts of interest, the Management Company, the Investment Manager (if any), their delegates (if any) and their members will attempt to resolve all nonetheless arising conflicts in a manner that is deemed equitable to all parties under the given circumstances so as to serve the best interests of the Company and its Shareholders.

7. Shares characteristics

Shares in the Company will be issued in the registered form.

The Company may create within each Compartment different Classes of Shares whose assets will be commonly invested pursuant to the specific investment policy of the relevant Compartment.

A distinct fee structure, currency of denomination, dividend policy minimum holding amount, eligibility requirements or other specific feature may apply. The Company may notably issue Shares reserved to retail investors and Shares reserved to institutional investors. Main Classes of Shares are described in the relevant Appendices, the complete list of the available Classes of Shares is described on the Management Company's website: www.cpr-am.lu/Cpr-Invest. Non-material amendments to such Classes of Shares are described on the Management Company's website.

Shares of a Compartment may be listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange or any other Regulated Market at the discretion of the Board of Directors and may be cleared through Clearstream Banking or Euroclear or other central depositories.

7.1 Shares classes' description

Denomination of each class of shares is determined as follows :

1- Share Classes Labels

Within each Compartment, the Company can create and issue Share Classes with various characteristics and investors eligibility requirements. Each Share Class is identified first by its affiliation to one of the base share class labels as described in the table below (the "**Base Share Class Labels**") and then by any applicable suffixes as described in section 7.1.2 "Share Classes suffixes"

*For instance : **A** shares classes are designed for All investors or **I** shares classes are designed for Institutional investors.*

The following table describes the different Base Share Classes Labels.

Base Share Class Label	Available to	Board approval needed	Minimum Initial Subscription	Minimum Subsequent Subscription	Minimum Holding	Maximum Fees ⁽¹⁾						
						Share Transactions			Annual			
						Subscription	Conversion	Redemption	Taxe d'Abonnement	Administration Charges	Management Company	Distribution (including taxes)
A	All Investors	No	One fraction of Share	One fraction of Share	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	None	0,05%	0,30%	2,10%	None
A2	All Investors of certain countries	Yes (Countries)	One fraction of Share	One fraction of Share	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	None	0,05%	0,30%	2,50%	None
B (followed by 1 to 3 lowercase letter)	Subscriptions made exclusively on digital platforms through distributors who do not provide investment advice in relation to that share class	Yes (Distributors)	One fraction of Share	One fraction of Share	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	None	0,05%	0,30%	1,60%	None
E	Early bird Institutional Investors who are first subscribers at fund inception until a certain threshold or a certain period is reached	Yes (Investors)	100 000 €	One fraction of Share	100 000 €	5,00%	5,00%	None	0,01%	0,30%	0,60%	None
F	Clients of authorised distributors	Yes (Distributors)	One fraction of Share	One fraction of Share	One fraction of Share	None	None	None	0,05%	0,30%	2,10%	1,00%
I	Institutional Investors	No	100 000 €	One fraction of Share	100 000 €	5,00%	5,00%	None	0,01%	0,30%	1,10%	None
I2	All Institutional Investors of certain countries	Yes (Countries)	100 000 €	One fraction of Share	100 000 €	5,00%	5,00%	None	0,01%	0,30%	1,50%	None
CI	Institutional Investors – Charity share class	No	500 000€	One fraction of Share	500 000€	5,00%	5,00%	None	0,01%	0,30%	1,10%	None

SI	Super Institutional Investors	No	10 000 000 €	One fraction of Share	10 000 000 €	5,00%	5,00%	None	0,01%	0,30%	0,80%	None
O	Multi thematic portfolios managed by the Management Companies or other authorised portfolios	Yes (Portfolios)	One Share	One fraction of Share	One Share	10,00%	5,00%	None	0,01%	0,30%	0,00%	None
R	Intermediaries or providers of individual portfolio management services that are prohibited, by law or contract, from receiving inducements	Yes (Countries or Distributors)	One fraction of Share	One fraction of Share	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	None	0,05%	0,30%	1,10%	None
R2	Intermediaries or providers of individual portfolio management services that are prohibited, by law or contract, from receiving inducements	Yes (Countries or Distributors)	One fraction of Share	One fraction of Share	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	None	0,05%	0,30%	1,50%	None
RE	Retirement schemes promoted by Amundi Group Company	Yes	One fraction of Share	One fraction of Share	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	None	0,05%	0,30%	1,50%	None
T1	Feeder portfolios managed by the Management Company	Yes	100 Shares	One fraction of Share	100 Shares	5,00%	5,00%	None	0,01%	0,30%	0,20%	None
T2	Feeder portfolios managed by Amundi Japan	Yes	One Share	One fraction of Share	One Share	5,00%	5,00%	None	0,01%	0,30%	0,60%	None
T3	Feeder portfolios managed by Management Companies authorized	Yes (Portfolios, Management Companies)	10 000 Shares	One fraction of Share	10 000 Shares	5,00%	5,00%	None	0,01%	0,30%	0,60%	None

Z	Multi strategies portfolios managed by an Amundi Group company	Yes (Portfolios)	One Share	One fraction of Share	One Share	5,00%	5,00%	None	0,01%	0,30%	1,00%	None
N	Portfolios managed by the Management Company on behalf of Insurances Companies of Crédit Agricole Group	Yes	1 000 000 €	One Share	1 000 000€	5,00%	5,00%	None	0,01%	0,10%	0,05%	None

⁽¹⁾ The maximum level of fees of each Share Class is available on the Management Company's website: www.cpr-am.lu/Cpr-Inves

2- Share Classes suffixes

(i) Currency suffixes

If the share class is not denominated in the reference Currency of the Compartment, the share class' Currency Abbreviation is mentioned as defined in "section 1 Principal features".

For instance a share designed for all investors, denominated in United States dollar while the Compartment reference currency is Euro, will be named : Class "**A USD** "

(ii) Hedging suffixes

If the share is hedged (7.2 below "Hedged Share Classes Policy") the letter H is added.

For instance a share designed for all investors, denominated in United States Dollar, and hedged against the Reference Currency of the Compartment will be named : Class "**A USDH** "

The letter H can be followed by a number which indicates that the hedging policy used by this share class is different than the one described above.

For instance Class "**A USDH1** ".

Please refer to 7.2 for the description of the different hedging policies.

(iii) Distribution or accumulation suffixes

It is mentioned the abbreviation of the distribution policy **Acc** or **Dist** that indicates whether shares are accumulation (Acc) or distribution (Dist) .

Finally, for Shares with a target dividend amount, it is mentioned the abbreviation of the nature and frequency of dividend payments: MD, QD, YD (see section 9 below "Distribution Policy").

For a complete list of share classes currently available within each Compartment, go to www.cpr-am.lu/Cpr-Invest.

7.2 Currency Hedged Share Classes Policy

As mentioned in section 4.4, consistent with its investment policy, each Compartment may use derivatives for hedging against various types of risk and especially for Currency hedging.

The hedge aims to reduce, not eliminate fully the currency risk. This operation has no impact on the investment management of the Compartment offering hedged share classes because it is applied in the net asset value (NAV) of the relevant share class which is hedged, not on the underlying assets.

Investors invested in the Currency hedged Share Classes may maintain an exposure to currencies. Investors should note that the hedging at Share Class level is distinct from the various hedging strategies that the Investment manager may use at portfolio level.

- Hedged Share Classes Policy for share class with the letter H (followed by no number)

This hedged share class aims to hedge currency risk between the NAV denominated in the currency of the share class, compared to the Reference currency of the Compartment.

- Hedged Share Classes Policy for share class with the letter H and number 1: H1

This hedged share class aims to hedge currency risk between the 3 currencies USD, JPY and GBP and the currency in which such share class is denominated. The hedging will be made on the basis of the weight of each currency in the index MSCI World with GBP, JPY and USD Index 100% hedged to currency in which this share class is denominated, at the end of each month with a review of the weight on a monthly basis. The amounts hedged may be different from the actual currency exposure of the portfolio, as a result investors should be aware that they keep currency risk exposure with this hedging method.

8. Issues, redemption and conversion of shares

8.1 Subscription, Redemption and Conversion Requests

Unless otherwise provided for a specific Compartment in the relevant Appendix, requests for subscription by Eligible Investors, redemption and conversion of Shares should be sent to one of the sub-distribution and private placement agents or to the Company at its registered address in Luxembourg. Requests may also be accepted by facsimile transmission, or at the discretion of the Company by other means of telecommunication. An application form can be obtained from the Company.

Unless otherwise specified in the Appendix to the Prospectus for any Compartment, requests for subscriptions, redemptions and conversions from or to any Compartment will be dealt with on the relevant Valuation Day on which they are received, provided they are received prior to the cut-off time specified in the relevant Appendix.

Requests received after such time will be accepted on the next Valuation Day. As a result, requests for the subscription, redemption and conversion of Shares shall be dealt with on an unknown net asset value basis before the determination of the net asset value for that day.

The Company does not permit market timing (as set out in CSSF circular 04/146) or related excessive, short-term trading practices.

The Company has the right to reject any request for the subscription or conversion of Shares from any investor engaging in such practices or suspected of engaging in such practices and to take such further action as it may deem appropriate or necessary.

Subscription, redemption and conversion of Shares of a given Compartment shall be suspended whenever the determination of the net asset value per Share of such Compartment is suspended by the Company.

The Company may enter into an agreement with the distribution agent giving the distribution agent the power to sub delegate the distribution pursuant to which they agree to act as or appoint nominees for investors subscribing for Shares through their facilities. In such capacity the distributor or sales agent may effect subscriptions, conversion and redemptions of Shares in the nominee name on behalf of individual

investors and request the registration of such transactions on the register of Shareholders of the Company in the nominee name.

The appointed nominee maintains its own records and provides the investor with individualised information as to its holdings of Shares in the Company. Except where local law or custom prohibits the practice, investors may invest directly in the Company and not avail themselves of a nominee service.

Unless otherwise provided by local law, any Shareholder holding Shares in a nominee account with a distributor has the right to claim, at any time, direct title to such Shares.

8.2 Deferral of Redemptions and Conversion

If the total requests for redemption and conversion out of a Compartment on any Valuation Day exceed 10% of the total value of Shares in issue of that Compartment, the Company may decide that redemption and conversion requests in excess of 10% shall be deferred until the next Valuation Day. On the next Valuation Day, or Valuation Days until completion of the original requests, deferred requests will be dealt with in priority to later requests.

8.3 Settlements

If, on the Settlement Day as determined in the Appendix, banks are not open for business, or an interbank settlement system is not operational, in the country of the currency of the relevant Class, then settlement will be on the next Business Day on which those banks and settlement systems are open.

Confirmation of completed subscriptions, redemptions and conversions will normally be dispatched on the Business Day following the execution of the transaction.

No redemption payment will be deemed made until the original application form and relevant subscription monies have been received from the Shareholder and all the necessary anti-money laundering checks have been completed. Redemption proceeds will be paid on receipt of faxed instructions where such payment is made into the account specified by the Shareholder in the original application form

submitted. However, any amendments to the Shareholder's registration details and payment instructions can only be effected upon receipt of original documentation.

8.4 Minimum Subscription and Holding Amounts and Eligibility for Shares

A minimum initial and subsequent subscription amount and minimum holding amounts for each Class may be set forth, as further detailed in the Appendices to the Prospectus for the main Classes of Shares or on the Management Company's website for all the Classes of Shares available. The Company has the discretion, from time to time, to waive or reduce any applicable minimum subscription amounts.

The right to transfer, redeem or convert Shares is subject to compliance with any conditions (including any minimum subscription or holding amounts and eligibility requirements) applicable at the level of the Company and to the Class from which the redemption or conversion is being made, and also the Class into which the conversion is to be effected.

Without prejudice to the restrictions applying to Prohibited Persons, the Board of Directors may also, at any time, decide to compulsorily redeem all Shares from Shareholders whose holding is less than the minimum holding amount specified in the relevant Appendix to the Prospectus for the main Classes of Shares or on the Management Company's website for all the Classes of Shares available, or who fail to satisfy any other applicable eligibility requirements set out above. In such case the Shareholder concerned will receive one month's prior notice so as to be able to increase its holding above such amount or otherwise satisfy the eligibility requirements.

If a redemption or conversion request would result in the amount remaining invested by a Shareholder falling below the minimum holding amount of that Class, such request will be treated as a request to redeem or convert, as appropriate, the Shareholder's total holding in that Class. If the request is to transfer Shares, then that request may be refused by the Company.

Without prejudice to the restrictions applying to Prohibited Persons, the Company may reject any application for Shares or accept any application in part only. The Company may also restrict or prevent the ownership of Shares in the Company by any person, firm or corporate body, if in the opinion of the Company such holding (i) may

be detrimental to the Company, (ii) if it may result in a breach of any law or regulation, whether Luxembourg or foreign, (iii) if as a result thereof the Company may become exposed to tax disadvantages or other financial disadvantages that it would not have otherwise incurred or (iv) if such person, firm or corporate body would not comply with the eligibility criteria of a given Class of Shares. Such persons, firms or corporate bodies to be determined by the Board of Directors.

If the Company becomes aware that a Shareholder is holding Shares in breach of any law or regulation or otherwise in circumstances having, or which may have, adverse regulatory, tax or fiscal consequences for the Company or the Shareholders or would otherwise be detrimental to the interests of the Company or that the Shareholder has become a Prohibited Person, the Company may, in its sole discretion, redeem the Shares of the Shareholder. The Board shall be authorised to require from investors any information it deems appropriate in order to be able to verify at all times that it is eligible to an investment in the Company.

Shareholders are required to certify in written, prior to the acquisition of the Shares, that they are not Prohibited Persons. Shareholders are required to notify the Company immediately in the event that they are or become Prohibited Persons or hold Shares in breach of any law or regulation or otherwise in circumstances having, or which may have, adverse regulatory, tax or fiscal consequences for the Company or the Shareholders or otherwise be detrimental to the interests of the Company.

8.5 Issue of Shares

Subscriptions for Shares can be made in relation to any day that is a Valuation Day for the relevant Compartment. Shares will be allotted at the subscription price of the relevant Class i.e. the net asset value per Share of such Class determined on the applicable Valuation Day for which the request has been accepted plus the applicable sales commission, if any. Any subscription request shall be irrevocable.

If any sale commissions applied in relation to any particular Compartment, it will be disclosed in the relevant Appendix to the Prospectus for the main Classes of Shares or on the Management Company's website for all the Classes of Shares available.

The Company might be entitled to receive the sale commission (if any).

Failure to make good settlement by the Settlement Day as determined in the Appendix, may result in the Company bringing an action against the defaulting investor or its financial intermediary or deducting any costs or losses incurred by the Company against any existing holding of the applicant in the Company.

In all cases any money returnable to the investor will be held by the Company without payment of interest pending receipt of the remittance.

Payment for Shares must be received by the Administrative Agent in the reference currency of the relevant Class on or before the Subscription Settlement Day mentioned in the relevant Appendix. Requests for subscriptions in any other major freely convertible currency will be accepted, at the discretion of the Board of Directors, being understood that the investor shall bear all exchange costs incurred to convert the subscription amount in the reference currency of the relevant Class.

Investors are advised to refer to the terms and conditions applicable to subscriptions, which may be obtained by contacting the Company.

The Company may also limit the distribution of a given Class or Compartment to specific countries. The Company may also restrict the distribution of the Company's Shares by distributors or agents who have not been approved.

The Company may, in its absolute discretion, delay the acceptance of any subscription for Shares of a Class restricted to institutional investors until such date as it has received sufficient evidence of the qualification of the investor as an institutional investor.

The Board of Directors may determine to restrict the purchase of Shares in certain Compartments, including, without limitation, where any such Compartment, and/or the investment strategy of any such Compartment, has become "capacity constrained", when it is in the interests of such Compartment and/ or its shareholders to do so, including without limitation (by way of example), when a Compartment or the investment strategy of a Compartment reaches a size that in the opinion of the Management Company could impact its ability to implement its investment strategy, find suitable investments or efficiently manage its existing investments.

When a Compartment has reached its capacity limit, the Board of Directors is authorised from time to time to resolve to close the Compartment or any Share Class

to new subscriptions either for a specified period or until they otherwise determine in respect of all shareholders. Should a Compartment then fall beneath its capacity limit, including without limitation (by way of example), as result of redemptions or market movements, the Board of Directors is permitted, in his absolute discretion, to re-open the Compartment or any Share Class on a temporary or permanent basis.

The information, on whether the purchase of Shares in a Compartment at a specific point in time is restricted in this way, is available on the following website: <http://www.cpr-am.com>.

The Company may agree to issue shares as consideration for a contribution in kind of securities, in compliance with the conditions set forth by Luxembourg law, which may in particular provide for the obligation to deliver a valuation report from the auditor of the Company ("réviseur d'entreprises agréé") and provided that such securities comply with the investment objectives and policies of the relevant Compartment.

8.6 Anti-Money Laundering Procedures

Pursuant to international rules and Luxembourg laws and regulations comprising, but not limited to, the Law of 12 November 2004 on the fight against money laundering and financing of terrorism, as amended, CSSF Regulation 12-02 and circulars of the supervising authority, obligations have been imposed on all professionals of the financial sector to prevent the use of undertakings for collective investment for money laundering and financing of terrorism purposes. As a result of such provisions, the registrar agent of a Luxembourg undertaking for collective investment must in principle ascertain the identity of the subscriber in accordance with Luxembourg laws and regulations. The registrar agent may require subscribers to provide any document it deems necessary to effect such identification and to comply with any laws and regulations applicable to the Company, and in particular, the FATCA Rules. Namely, the requests for subscription must be accompanied, in the case of individuals, by a certified copy of the investor's passport or identification card and, in the case of legal entities, by a certified copy of the investor's articles of incorporation and, where applicable, an extract from the commercial register or a copy of such other documents as may be requested as verification of the identity and address of the individual or legal entity.

This identification procedure must be complied with by CACEIS Bank Luxembourg¹, acting as registrar and transfer agent (or the relevant competent agent of registrar and transfer agent) in the case of direct subscriptions to the Company, and in the case of subscriptions received by the Company from any intermediary resident in a country that does not impose on such intermediary an obligation to identify investors equivalent to that required under AML Regulations.

In case of delay or failure by a subscriber to provide the documents required, the application for subscription (or, if applicable, for redemption) will not be accepted. Neither the undertakings for collective investment nor the registrar agent have any liability for delays or failure to process deals as a result of the subscriber providing no or only incomplete documentation.

8.7 Redemption of Shares

Requests for the redemption of Shares can be made on any day that is a Valuation Day for the relevant Compartment. Redemptions will be carried out at the redemption price of the relevant Class i.e. the net asset value per Share of such Class determined on the applicable Valuation Day on which the request has been accepted less the applicable redemption commission, if any. Any redemption request shall be irrevocable.

The Company may carry out any authentication procedures that it considers appropriate relating to a redemption request. This aims to mitigate the risk of error and fraud for the Company, its agents or Shareholders. Where it has not been possible to complete any authentication procedures to its satisfaction, the Company may delay the processing of payment instructions until authentication procedures have been satisfied.

This will not affect the Valuation Day on which the redemption request is accepted and the redemption to be applied. The Company shall not be held responsible to the Shareholder or anyone if it delays execution or declines to execute redemption instructions in these circumstances.

Redemption payments will normally be paid in the Reference Currency of the Class by bank transfer within 3 Business Days of the relevant Valuation Day, unless otherwise provided in the relevant Appendix. The Company is not responsible for any delays or

charges incurred at any receiving bank or settlement system. A Shareholder may request, at its own cost and subject to agreement by the Company that their redemption proceeds be paid in a currency other than the Reference Currency of the relevant Class.

If, in exceptional circumstances, redemption proceeds cannot be paid within the period specified above, payment will be made as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter (not exceeding, however, 10 Business Days) at the redemption price calculated on the relevant Valuation Day, it being understood that the Board of Directors will always ensure the overall liquidity of the Company.

If any redemption charge is applied in relation to any particular Compartment, it will be disclosed in the relevant Appendix to the Prospectus for the main Classes of Shares or on the Management Company's website for all the Classes of Shares available. The Company is entitled to receive the redemption charge (if any).

Shares redeemed by the Company become null and void.

The Company shall have the right, if the Board of Directors so determines, to satisfy payment of the redemption price to any shareholder who agrees, in kind by allocating to the holder investments from the portfolio of assets set up in connection with such class or classes of shares equal in value as of the Valuation Day during the course of a Valuation Day, on which the redemption price is calculated, to the value of the shares to be redeemed. The nature and type of assets to be transferred in such case shall be determined on a fair and reasonable basis and without prejudicing the interests of the other holders of shares of the relevant class or classes of shares and the valuation used shall be confirmed by a special report of the auditor of the Company. The costs of any such transfers shall be borne by the transferee.

8.8 Conversion of Shares

Subject to any provision under this Prospectus, Shareholders have the right to convert all or part of their Shares of any Class of a Compartment into Shares of another Class of that or another Compartment, by applying for conversion in the same manner as for the subscription and redemption of Shares. Conversions within the Company are permitted provided that the Shareholder satisfies the eligibility requirements and minimum holding amounts set out in the Appendix to the Prospectus for the main Classes of Shares or on the Management Company's website

for all the Classes of Shares available and such other conditions applicable to the contemplated Classes.

Procedure for conversion within the Company :

Conversion may be requested on a common Valuation Day for the original Class and the contemplated Class. The number of Shares issued upon conversion will be based upon the redemption price of the original Class and the net asset value of the contemplated Class. In this framework, a conversion charge of up to 5% of the value of the shares received upon conversion, determined on the basis of the applicable net asset value, may be applied by the relevant distributor¹. This conversion charge shall not be applicable in case of conversion into a Class with no subscription fee. The Company is entitled to any charges arising from conversions and any rounding adjustment. Any conversion request shall be irrevocable.

8.9 Transfer of Shares

Subject to the restrictions described herein, Shares are freely transferable and are each entitled to participate equally in the profits and liquidation proceeds attributable to the relevant Class.

The transfer of Shares may normally be carried out by delivery to the relevant distributor, sales agent or the Company of an instrument of transfer in appropriate form. On the receipt of the transfer request, and after reviewing the endorsement(s), signature(s) may be required to be certified by an approved bank, stock broker or public notary.

The right to transfer Shares is subject to the minimum investment and holding requirements as detailed above and in the Appendix.

Shareholders are advised to contact the relevant distributor, sales agent or the Company prior to requesting a transfer to ensure that they have the correct documentation for the transaction.

8.10 Subscriptions by savings plans

In some countries investors may be able to subscribe for Shares through several subsequent subscriptions by means of regular savings plans. Further information can be found in the sales documentation and application forms which can be obtained from authorized Distributors. Such documents are subject to the laws of the country where the Distributor are resident.

9. Distribution policy

The Board of Directors issues distributing Classes of Shares and /or capital appreciation within each Compartment, the description of which will be provided for in the relevant Compartment's Appendix for the main Classes of Shares or on the Management Company's website for all the Classes of Shares available. With respect to capital appreciation Classes of Shares, the Board of Directors does intend to recommend at the annual general meeting the reinvestment of their net assets. The relevant net income and net capital gains shall increase the Net Asset Value of the relevant Shares (accumulation).

Shares that have the suffix (Dist) but no other dividend-related suffix (see section 7.1 "Shares classes' description") declare an annual dividend. These Shares do not set target dividend amounts. For these shares the Company intends to distribute substantially all of the net investment income attributable to the Distribution Shares of each Compartment. Furthermore, part of all of the realized and unrealized capital gains may also be distributed.

The Company can create Shares with a target dividend amount. A target dividend is an amount that the Share aims to pay, but without guarantee.

Shares that have the suffix MD, QD or YD (see section 7.1 "Shares classes' description") pre-announce a target dividend amount, and schedule their dividend payments either monthly (MD), quarterly (QD) or yearly (YD). Target dividends may be stated as a specific currency amount or as a percentage of NAV. In order to meet a

targeted dividend amount, a Share may end up paying out more or less than its net investment income. Part of all of the realized and unrealized capital gains, but also capital, may be distributed. Meaning that in effect Shareholders concerned may be getting some of their capital back as a dividend.

For more information on dividend calendar and objectives, please refer to the website of the Management Company: www.cpr-am.com

Dividends will be declared and payments in cash made in the share class currency. Upon written instruction to the Transfer Agent, shareholders may instead elect to have their dividend reinvested in the share class to which such dividend relates.

The Board has adopted a policy of equalization applicable to subscriptions and redemptions of shares in the Fund.

The Board of Directors may further decide to distribute interim dividends in the form of cash in the relevant currency of the Class.

No dividend will be distributed if such distribution would entail the total net assets of the Company to fall below the amount of EUR 1,250,000.

Dividends may result from a decision of the Shareholders in general meeting, subject to a majority vote of those present or represented and within limits provided by law, and a concurring decision at the same majority in the relevant Compartment.

Dividends unclaimed after five years from the date of declaration will lapse and revert to the Company in the relevant Compartment.

10. Management and administration

The Directors of the Company and the Management Company are responsible for its management and supervision including the determination of investment policies.

10.1 Management Company

The Management Company shall at all times act in the best interests of the Shareholders and according to the provisions set forth by the Law, the Prospectus and the Articles.

In fulfilling its responsibilities set forth by the Law and the management company services agreement, the Management Company is permitted to delegate all or a part of its functions and duties to third parties, provided that it retains responsibility and oversight over such delegates. The appointment of third parties is subject to the approval of the Company and the CSSF. The Management Company's liability shall not be affected by the fact that it has delegated its functions and duties to third parties.

The Management Company shall also ensure compliance of the Company with the investment restrictions and oversee the implementation of the investment policy of each Compartment.

The Management Company will receive periodic reports from the Company's service providers in relation to the services which they provide. The Management Company shall also submit its own report to the Board of Directors on a periodic basis and inform the Board of Directors without delay of any non-compliance of the Company with the investment restrictions.

The Management Company may act as the management company of other open-ended collective investment schemes. The names of these other collective investment schemes are available upon request.

For its services, the Management Company shall receive remuneration as further described in the relevant Appendix to the Prospectus for the main Classes of Shares or on the Management Company's website for all the Classes of Shares available.

10.2 Conflicts of Interest

For the purpose of identifying the types of conflict of interest that arise in the course of providing services and activities and whose existence may damage the interest of the Company, the Management Company will take into account, by way of minimum criteria, the question of whether the Management Company or a relevant person, or

a person directly or indirectly linked by way of control to the Management Company, is in any of the following situations, whether as a result of providing collective portfolio management activities or otherwise:

- (1) the Management Company or that person is likely to make a financial gain, or avoid a financial loss, at the expense of the Company;
- (2) the Management Company or that person has an interest in the outcome of a service or an activity provided to the Company or another client or of a transaction carried out on behalf of the Company or another client or, which is distinct from the Company interest in that outcome;
- (3) the Management Company or that person has a financial or other incentive to favour the interest of another client or group of clients over the interests of the Company;
- (4) the Management Company or that person carries on the same activities for the Company and for another client or clients which are not UCITS; and
- (5) the Management Company or that person receives or will receive from a person other than the Company an inducement in relation to collective portfolio management activities provided to the Company, in the form of monies, goods or services, other than the standard commission or fee for that service.

When identifying any potential types of conflict of interests, the Management Company will take into account

- 1) the interests of the Management Company, including those deriving from its belonging to a group or from the performance of services and activities, the interests of the clients and the duty of the Management Company towards the Company as well as
- 2) the interests of two or more managed UCITS.

The summary description of the strategies referred to in that paragraph will be made available to the investors on request.

10.3 Best Execution

The Management Company will act in the best interests of the Company when executing decision to deal on behalf of the Company in the context of the management of the Compartment. For that purpose the Management Company will

take all reasonable steps to obtain the best possible results for the Company, taking into account price, costs, speed, likelihood of execution and settlement, order size and nature, or any other consideration relevant to the execution of the order (best execution).

The relative importance of such factors will be determined by reference to the following criteria:

- (a) the objectives, investment policy and risks specific to the Company,
- (b) the characteristics of the order.

10.4 Domiciliation Agent

CACEIS Bank Luxembourg¹ acts as the domiciliary agent of the Company. In such capacity, it will be responsible for all corporate agency duties required by Luxembourg law, and in particular for providing and supervising the mailing of statements, reports, notices and other documents to the shareholders.

For its services under the domiciliary agreement CACEIS Bank Luxembourg¹ shall receive from the Company a remuneration as further described in the relevant Appendix to the Prospectus. In addition the domiciliation agent is entitled to be reimbursed by the Company for its reasonable out-of-pocket expenses and disbursements and to charge transaction fees in relation to the issue, conversion and redemption of shares.

10.5 Administrative Agent

At the date of the present Prospectus the Management Company has delegated the administrative functions to CACEIS Bank Luxembourg¹. With the Company's consent, the Management Company has concluded an agreement (the "Services Agreement") appointing CACEIS Bank Luxembourg¹ as Administrative Agent.

This agreement has been concluded for an indefinite duration and may be terminated by either party in writing with three months' notice.

In its capacity as Administrative Agent, CACEIS Bank Luxembourg¹ shall notably perform the calculation of the net asset value of units for each existing Class or Compartment of the Company, management of accounts, the preparation of the

annual and semi-annual financial statements and execute all tasks required as central administration.

In its capacity as the transfer and registration agent, CACEIS Bank Luxembourg¹ shall in particular execute subscription, redemption and conversion applications and keep and maintain the register of Shareholders of the Company. In such capacity it is also responsible for supervising anti-money laundering measures under the AML Regulations. CACEIS Bank Luxembourg¹ may request documents necessary for identification of investors.

For its services under the Services Agreement CACEIS Bank Luxembourg¹ shall receive from the Company a remuneration as further described in the relevant Appendix to the Prospectus. In addition the central administrative, registrar and transfer agent is entitled to be reimbursed by the Company for its reasonable out-of-pocket expenses and disbursements and to charge transaction fees in relation to the issue, conversion and redemption of shares.

10.6 Depositary

CACEIS Bank Luxembourg¹, a société anonyme incorporated under the laws of Luxembourg, registered with the Register of Trade and Companies under number B91.985, whose registered office is at 5, allée Scheffer, L-2520 Luxembourg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg is appointed by the Company as Depositary in accordance with a depositary agreement dated as of 19 August 2014, as amended from time to time (the "Depositary Agreement") and the relevant provisions of the Law and of the UCITS Rules.

CACEIS Bank Luxembourg shall turn into the Luxembourg branch of the CACEIS Bank France with effect as of 1st January 2017 through a cross-border merger by way of absorption by CACEIS Bank France, a public limited liability company (société anonyme) incorporated under the laws of France with a share capital of 440,000,000 Euros, having its registered office located at 1-3, place Valhubert, 75013 Paris, France, identified under number 692 024 722 RCS Paris. The name of the Luxembourg Branch will be CACEIS Bank, Luxembourg Branch. The transaction was approved by the responsible French and Luxembourg authorities.

As a consequence CACEIS Bank Luxembourg will continue to provide services as depositary to the Company under the agreement.

Investors may consult upon request at the registered office of the Company, the Depositary Agreement to have a better understanding and knowledge of the limited duties and liabilities of the Depositary.

The Depositary has been entrusted with the custody and/or, as the case may be, recordkeeping and ownership verification of the Compartments' assets, and it shall fulfil the obligations and duties provided for by Part I of the Law . In particular, the Depositary shall ensure an effective and proper monitoring of the Company' cash flows.

In due compliance with the UCITS Rules the Depositary shall:

- i. ensure that the sale, issue, re-purchase, redemption and cancellation of units of the Company are carried out in accordance with the applicable national law and the UCITS Rules or the Articles;
- ii. ensure that the value of the Units is calculated in accordance with the UCITS Rules, the Articles and the procedures laid down in the Directive;
- iii. carry out the instructions of the Company, unless they conflict with the UCITS Rules, or the Articles;
- iv. ensure that in transactions involving the Company's assets any consideration is remitted to the Company within the usual time limits; and
- v. ensure that an Company's income is applied in accordance with the UCITS Rules and the Articles.

The Depositary may not delegate any of the obligations and duties set out in (i) to (v) of this clause.

In compliance with the provisions of the Directive, the Depositary may, under certain conditions, entrust part or all of the assets which are placed under its custody and/or recordkeeping to Correspondents or Third Party Custodians as appointed from time to time. The Depositary's liability shall not be affected by any such delegation, unless otherwise specified, but only within the limits as permitted by the Law.

A list of these correspondents /third party custodians are available on the website of the Depositary (www.caceis.com, section "veille réglementaire"). Such list may be updated from time to time. A complete list of all correspondents /third party custodians may be obtained, free of charge and upon request, from the Depositary.

Up-to-date information regarding the identity of the Depositary, the description of its duties and of conflicts of interest that may arise, the safekeeping functions delegated by the Depositary and any conflicts of interest that may arise from such a delegation are also made available to investors on the website of the Depositary, as mentioned above, and upon request. There are many situations in which a conflict of interest may arise, notably when the Depositary delegates its safekeeping functions or when the Depositary also performs other tasks on behalf of the Company, such as administrative agency and registrar agency services. These situations and the conflicts of interest thereto related have been identified by the Depositary. In order to protect the Company's and its Shareholders' interests and comply with applicable regulations, a policy and procedures designed to prevent situations of conflicts of interest and monitor them when they arise have been set in place within the Depositary, aiming namely at:

- a. identifying and analysing potential situations of conflicts of interest;
- b. recording, managing and monitoring the conflict of interest situations either in:
 - relying on the permanent measures in place to address conflicts of interest such as maintaining separate legal entities, segregation of duties, separation of reporting lines, insider lists for staff members; or
 - implementing a case-by-case management to (i) take the appropriate preventive measures such as drawing up a new watch list, implementing a new Chinese wall, making sure that operations are carried out at arm's length and/or informing the concerned Shareholders of the Company, or (ii) refuse to carry out the activity giving rise to the conflict of interest.

The Depositary has established a functional, hierarchical and/or contractual separation between the performance of its UCITS depositary functions and the performance of other tasks on behalf of the Company, notably, administrative agency and registrar agency services.

The Company and the Depositary may terminate the Depositary Agreement at any time by giving ninety (90) days' notice in writing. The Company may, however, dismiss the Depositary only if a new depositary bank is appointed within two months to take over the functions and responsibilities of the Depositary. After its dismissal, the Depositary must continue to carry out its functions and responsibilities until such

time as the entire assets of the Compartments have been transferred to the new depositary bank.

The Depositary has no decision-making discretion nor any advice duty relating to the Company's investments. The Depositary is a service provider to the Company and is not responsible for the preparation of this Prospectus and therefore accepts no responsibility for the accuracy of any information contained in this Prospectus or the validity of the structure and investments of the Company.

11. Charges & Expenses

11.1 Dealing charges

11.2 Subscription, Conversion and Redemption fees

Subscription fees per Compartment are shown in the relevant Appendix to this Prospectus for the main Classes of Shares or on the Management Company's website for all the Classes of Shares available.

Subscription fees will be calculated in accordance with the following formula :

- **Subscription fee by number of units**

$$A = B \times C \times F$$

Where:

A corresponds to the amount of subscription fee to be paid for each subscription of Shares in a given Class;

B corresponds to the number of Shares subscribed in the concerned Class;

C corresponds to the Dealing Price at which the Shares will be allotted;

F corresponds to the rate of subscription fee applied on base of the information and provisions indicated under the relevant Appendix.

- **Subscription fee by invested amount**

$$A = [E / (C + C \times F)] \times C \times F$$

Where:

A corresponds to the amount of subscription fee to be paid for each subscription of Shares in a given Class;

E corresponds to the addition of (i) the amount invested for the subscription of shares in a given Class and (ii) the subscription fee to be paid

C corresponds to the Dealing Price at which the Shares will be allotted

F corresponds to the rate of subscription fee applied on basis of the information and provisions indicated the relevant Appendix to the Prospectus for the main Classes of Shares or on the Management Company's website for all the Classes of Shares available.

Conversion fee

As described in point 8.8 Conversion fees may be applied by the relevant distributor.

Redemptions

At the present time no charges are levied on the redemption of Shares.

General

The above is without prejudice to other arrangements which may be agreed upon between the Investor and his financial adviser.

The dealing charges are levied in favour of the relevant financial advisor.

11.3 Distribution Fee

For the services provided in the promotion of the Company's Shares the relevant distributors may be entitled to a distribution fee (the "Distribution Fee") calculated and accrued at each Valuation Day by reference to the Net Asset Value of the F Classes of Shares of the relevant Compartments and payable monthly in arrears.

The distributor may, from time to time, rebate to local sub-distributors, sales agents, introducing brokers or to shareholders a portion or all of the fees, in accordance with all applicable laws.

The Distribution Fee payable to the distributors for their services in respect of the F Classes of Shares of each Compartment is indicated on the Management Company's website for all the F Classes of Shares available.

11.4 Annual charges

The Company shall bear the following expenses :

- 1) all taxes which may be payable on the assets, income and expenses chargeable to the Company ;
- 2) standard brokerage fees and bank charges originating from the Company's business transactions received by the Depositary ;
- 3) costs related to the transfer agent and registrar, including more particularly transaction fees for the issuance / redemption / conversion of shares ;
- 4) transactions fees and turnover commissions received by the Management Company and/or any other provider other than transaction fees related to the Depositary, the transfer agent and registrar described under 2) and 3) above.

The scale of turnover commissions is the following :

- 0,15% maximum of the transaction amount on sales or purchases of shares, including tax.
 - 0,02% maximum of the transaction amount on sales or purchases of bonds and other debt securities , including tax.
 - between €10 and €50 per transaction for the other kinds of transactions.
- 5) the costs related to extraordinary measures, in particular any expertise or trial aiming at the protection of the Shareholders' interests or in general related to the Company's debts' recovering;
 - 6) All the management fees due to the Management Company
 - 7) all fees due to the Board of Directors of the Company, if applicable ;
 - 8) all fees due to the Administrative Agent, Domiciliary Agent and the Depositary other than transaction fees described under 2) and 3) above;
 - 9) all fees due to the Auditor ;
 - 10) all fees due to the legal advisors or similar administrative charges, incurred by the Company, the Management Company and the Depositary for acting on behalf of the Shareholders ;

- 11) all reasonable expenses of the Board of Directors of the Company, the Management Company, the Administrative Agent and the Depositary ;
- 12) expenses connected with publications and the supply of information to Shareholders, in particular the cost of printing global certificates and proxy forms for general meetings for the Shareholders, the cost of publishing the issue and redemption prices, and also the cost of printing, translations, the distribution of the annual and semi-annual reports, the Prospectus as well as the KIID ;
- 13) all expenses involved in registering and maintaining the registration of the Company with all governmental agencies and stock exchanges ;
- 14) all expenses incurred in connection with its operation and its management (e.g. insurance and interests) also including all extraordinary and irregular expenses which are normally incurred by the Company ;
- 15) any cost related to the information of the Shareholders including costs related to the publication of prices of Shares in the financial press, the production of information material to the Investors and Distributors
- 16) any fees and expenses involved in registering and maintaining the registration of the Fund with any governmental agency or stock exchange and to comply with any regulatory requirements and the reimbursement of such fees and expenses incurred by any local representatives; the fees of any local representative/correspondent of which the services are required pursuant to the applicable law; and
- 17) any fees and disbursements on industry experts relating to specific investments, a specific Compartment or the Company.

Charges and Expenses described under 7) to 17) above should not exceed the percentages indicated in the Appendices for "**Administration Charges**".

All recurring expenses will be charged first against current income, then, should this not suffice, against realised capital gains, and, if necessary, against asset.

Any costs incurred by the Company, which are not attributable to a specific Compartment, will be charged to all Compartments in proportion to their net assets.

Each Compartment will be charged with all costs or expenses directly attributable to it.

Management Company Fees

The Management Company is entitled to receive from the Fund the Management Company Fees as further described in the Appendices to the Prospectus for the Main Classes of Shares or on the Management Company's website where all the Classes of Shares available are detailed.

The management fees (fixed portion) is provisioned every time the Net Asset Value is calculated and are payable monthly in arrears.

As the case may be, the Management Company may also be entitled to receive a performance fee (the "**Performance Fee**") for each Classes of Shares, the amount and specifics characteristics are detailed, if any, in the Compartment Appendices for the main Classes of Shares or on the Management Company's website where all the Classes of Shares available are detailed. Non-material amendments to such Performance Fees are described on the Management Company's website.

The Performance Fee is provisioned every time the net asset value is calculated. The Performance Fee is charged on an annual basis. It is charged even if the performance during the year is negative. When the amount of redemptions is higher than the amount of subscriptions, the portion assigned to the Performance Fee provision corresponding to that amount (redemptions less subscriptions) accrues to the Management Company on a permanent basis².

² This clause is modified as follows from 1 January 2018 for all Compartments except :
 - On 1 October 2018 for Food for Generations

"The calculation of the Performance Fee applies to each Share concerned and on each calculation date of the Net Asset Value. This is based on the comparison between:

- *The net assets of the Class of Shares (before deduction of the performance fee) and*
- *The "reference assets", representing the net assets of the Class of Shares (before deduction of the performance fee) on the first day of the Observation Period (defined below), adjusted for subscriptions/redemptions at each valuation, to which the performance of the reference value is applied.*

This comparison is performed over an observation period of one year (the "Observation Period"), unless otherwise provided in the Compartment's Appendix or on the Management Company's website where all

In the event that the Compartment underperforms the Reference Value, the Performance Fee is readjusted via a provision reversal that is limited to the amount of the existing provision.

Unless otherwise provided in the Compartment's Appendix or on the Management Company's website where all the Classes of Shares available are detailed, the first calculation period of the Performance Fee starts at launch of the relevant Compartment or Share Class, and ends at the close of the Accounting Year.

Moreover, the Management Company may be entitled to receive fees as normal compensation of its services when providing services in connection with efficient portfolio management techniques, as described in Section 4.5. "**Use of Techniques and Instruments relating to Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments**".

11.5 Additional information concerning the distribution of the Fund in Italy

The Investors are informed that local paying agents or financial intermediaries could charge some fees for the subscription, redemption and conversion of Shares of the Company.

the Classes of Shares available are detailed, the first calculation period of the Performance Fee starts at launch of the relevant Compartment or Share Classes, and ends at the close of the Accounting Year.

If, during the Observation Period, the net assets of the Class of Shares (before deduction of the performance fee) are higher than the reference assets defined above, the Performance Fee will represent a percentage (set out in the appendix) of the difference between these two assets. This fee will be subject to a provision when the net asset value is calculated. In the event of a redemption, the portion of the provision corresponding to the number of Shares redeemed accrues to the Management Company.

If, during the Observation Period, the net assets of the Class of Shares (before deduction of the Performance Fee) are lower than the reference assets, the Performance Fee will be nil and will be subject to a provision reversal when the net asset value is calculated. Provision reversals are capped at the level of previous additions.

This Performance Fee will only be definitively charged if, on the day of the last net asset value of the Observation Period, the net assets of the Class of Shares (before the deduction of the Performance Fee) are higher than the reference assets."

12. Taxation

General

The following does not purport to be a complete analysis of all relevant tax rules and considerations or of all potential tax risks inherent in purchasing or holding Shares of the Company. They do not constitute an investment or tax advice.

The following summary is based on the law and practice currently in force in the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg and is subject to changes therein. Prospective Investors should be aware that levels and bases of taxation are subject to change and that the value of any relief from taxation depends upon the individual circumstances of taxpayer.

12.1 Taxation of the Company in Luxembourg

Taxe d'Abonnement

The Company is further liable in Luxembourg to a tax of 0.05% per annum in respect of the Class reserved to retail investors of the relevant Compartments (except on investments by these Compartments in other undertakings for collective investment established in Luxembourg for which no tax is applied) and of 0.01% per annum in respect of the cash Compartments and the I Classes of the relevant Compartments ("Taxe d'Abonnement"), such tax being payable quarterly on the basis of the value of the net assets of the relevant Compartment at the end of the relevant calendar quarter. The benefit of the 0.01% per annum Taxe d'Abonnement is available to those Shareholders admitted in the I Classes on the basis of the Luxembourg legal, regulatory and tax provisions as these are known to the Company at the time of admission of a Shareholder in such Class of Shares. However, no guarantee can be given for the past and for the future and such assessment is subject to interpretations on the status of an eligible Investors in the I Classes by any competent authorities as will exist from time to time. Any such reclassification made by an authority as to the status of an Shareholder may submit the entire class of Shares to a Taxe d'Abonnement rate of 0.05% per annum.

In accordance with the article 175 e of the Law indexed Compartments are exempted from the "Taxe d'Abonnement" when they are Compartments:

- (i) whose securities are listed or traded on at least one stock exchange or another regulated market operating regularly, recognised and open to the public; and
- (ii) whose exclusive object is to replicate the performance of one or more indices.

Other taxes

- No stamp duty or other tax is payable in Luxembourg on the issue of Shares.
- No Luxembourg tax is payable on the realised or unrealised capital appreciation of the assets of the Company.
- Income received by the Company on its investments may be subject to non-recoverable withholding taxes in the countries of origin.

As a result of recent developments in EU law concerning the scope of the VAT exemption for management services rendered to investment funds, VAT on some of the fees paid out of the assets of the Company to remunerate service providers might be applied.

The investment by a Feeder Compartment into a Master Fund has no specific Luxembourg tax impact.

12.2 Taxation of Shareholders

Luxembourg

Shareholders are not subject to any capital gains, income, gift, estate, inheritance or other tax in Luxembourg (except for Investors domiciled, resident or having a permanent establishment in Luxembourg and except for certain former residents of Luxembourg or any Shareholder owning more than 10% of the Shares in the Company).

General

Prospective Investors should ascertain from their professional advisers the consequences for them of acquiring, holding, redeeming, transferring, selling or converting Shares under the relevant laws of the jurisdictions to which they are

subject, including the tax consequences and any exchange control requirements. These consequences (including the availability of, and the value of, tax reliefs to Shareholders) will vary with the law and practice of a Shareholder's country of citizenship, residence, domicile or incorporation and with his personal circumstances, including with regard to the applicability of FATCA and any other reporting and withholding regime to their investments in the Company.

Automatic Exchange of Information (EAI) / Directive on Administrative Cooperation in the field of taxation (DAC)

In February 2014, the OECD released the main elements of a global standard for automatic exchange of financial account information in tax matters, namely a Model Competent Authority Agreement and a Common Reporting Standard (CRS). In July 2014, the OECD Council released the full global standard, including its remaining elements, namely the Commentaries on the Model Competent Authority Agreement and Common Reporting Standard and the Information Technology Modalities for implementing the global standard. The entire global standard package was endorsed by G20 Finance Ministers and Central Bank Governors in September 2014. The CRS initiates for participating jurisdiction a commitment to implement the latter regulation by 2017 or 2018 and ensuring the effective automatic exchange of information with their respective relevant exchange partners.

With respect to the European Union – and thus Luxembourg – the scope of information to be reported already envisaged in Article 8(5) of Directive 2011/16/UE DAC has been extended as to encompass the recommendations contained in the AEI. As such, all members of the European Union will effectively exchange information as of September 2017 with respect to calendar year 2016 (except Austria that will start reporting in 2018 regarding calendar year 2017).

The AEI has been fully implemented in Luxembourg by a law published on 24 December in the Luxembourg Gazette. The AEOI Law has officially entered into force on 1 January 2016 in Luxembourg.

The application of one or the other of these regulations will compel financial institutions to determine shareholders' residence(s) for tax purposes and to report to their local competent authority all accounts held by reportable shareholders (i.e. shareholders residing for tax purposes in a reportable jurisdiction). The information

to be reported encompasses the name, the address, the Tax Identification Number (TIN) the account balance or value at the end of the relevant calendar year. As to determine shareholders' residence for tax purposes, financial institutions will review the information contained in its customer's files. Unless, the shareholder produces a valid self-certification indicating the latter's residence for tax purposes, the financial institution will report the account as being maintained by a shareholder residing in all jurisdictions for which indicia has been found.

US Taxation considerations

The coming into force of the U.S. Foreign Account Tax Compliance provisions of the Hiring Incentives to Restore Employment Act ("**FATCA**") aims to reinforce the fight against U.S. tax avoidance by the Tax "U.S. Persons" holding accounts in foreign countries.

Pursuant to FATCA, any non-U.S. financial institution (foreign financial institution or "**FFI**"), e.g. banks, management companies, investment funds etc., either has certain reporting obligations with respect to certain incomes of Tax U.S. Persons or is required to withhold tax at the rate of 30 per cent on (i) certain U.S. source income (including, among other types of income, dividends and interests), (ii) gross proceeds from the sale or disposition of U.S. assets of a type that produce dividends and interest, (iii) foreign passthru payments made to certain FFIs, that do not comply with FATCA and to any investor (unless otherwise exempt from FATCA) that does not provide identification information with respect interests used by a participating FFI.

The FATCA Rules includes rules on an automatic exchange of information between U.S. and Luxembourg tax authorities and eliminates, under certain circumstances, the withholding obligation for the Luxembourg] FFIs which are deemed to be FATCA compliant.

The Company has decided to respect the obligations set forth by the FATCA Rules for reporting FFI and, as such, was registered with the IRS as a reporting FFI

Therefore, by investing (or continuing to invest) in the Company, investors shall be deemed to acknowledge that:

- (i) the Management Company, as a French management company, and the Company both have the FATCA compliant status of "Reporting FFIs" under the laws and regulations implementing FATCA in their respective countries.;

(ii) in order to comply with applicable tax provisions, the Company's FATCA status requires additional/ identification information from its investors with regard to their own current status under FATCA. Any Investor should self-certify its FATCA status to the Company, its delegates or the distributor and would do so in the forms prescribed by the FATCA Rules (in particular through the W8, W9 or equivalent filing forms) to be renewed regularly or provide the Company with its GIIN number if the investor is a FFI. The investors will inform the Company, its delegates or the distributor of a change of circumstances in their FATCA status immediately in writing;

(iii) as part of its reporting obligations, Management Company and/ or the Company or their delegates may be required to disclose certain confidential information (including, but not limited to, the investor's name, address, tax identification number, if any, and certain information relating to the investor's investment in the Company, self-certification, GIIN number or other documentation) that they have received from (or concerning) their investors and automatically exchange information as outlined above with the Luxembourg taxing authorities or other authorized authorities as necessary to comply with FATCA Rules or other applicable law or regulation. The investors are also informed that the Company will respect the aggregation rule as prescribed by the FATCA Rules;

(iv) those investors that either have not properly documented their FATCA status as requested or have refused to disclose such a FATCA status within tax legally prescribed timeframe may be classified as "recalcitrant" and be subject to a reporting by the Management Company and/ or the Company towards tax or governmental authorities above; and,

(v) in order to avoid the potential future issue that could arise from the "Foreign Passthru payment" mechanism that could apply as from 2017, January 1st and prevent any withholding tax on such payments, the Company, the Management Company the Board of Directors of the Company or its delegates reserves the right to prohibit for sale the Shares, as from this date, to any Non-Participating FFI ("NPFFI"), particularly whenever it is considered legitimate and justified by the protection of the general interests of the investors in the Company. Although the Company will attempt to satisfy any obligations imposed on it to avoid the imposition of this withholding tax, no assurance can be given that the Company will be able to satisfy these obligations, nor that a FFI not complying with FATCA could indirectly affect the

Company, even if the Company satisfies its FATCA obligations. If the Company becomes subject to a withholding tax as a result of FATCA, the return of all investors may be materially affected. Moreover, the Company may reduce the amount payable on any distribution or redemption to an investor that fails to provide the Company with the requested information or is not compliant with FATCA.

12.3 Eligibility to French "Plan d'Épargne en Actions"

The Compartments listed below are managed in order to ensure eligibility under the French "Plan d'Épargne en Actions" ("PEA"):

- CPR Invest – Silver Age
- CPR Invest – Euro High Dividend
- CPR Invest – Dynamic
- CPR Invest – Europe Special Situations

13. General information

13.1 Organisation

The Company is an investment company organised as a société anonyme under the laws of the Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg and qualifies as a société d'investissement à capital variable (SICAV) subject to Part I of the Law. The Company was initially incorporated on 19th August 2014. The Company is registered with the Registre de Commerce et des Sociétés, Luxembourg, under number B-189.795 The articles of incorporation will be published in the Mémorial on 5 September 2014. The articles of incorporation have been filed with the Registre de Commerce et des Sociétés of Luxembourg.

The minimum capital of the Company required by Luxembourg law shall be 1,250,000 EUR.

13.2 The Shares

Shares will be issued in registered form. Fractional entitlements to Shares will be rounded to 4 decimal places. Subject to the restrictions described herein, Shares in

each Compartment are freely transferable and are each entitled to participate equally in the profits and liquidation proceeds attributable to each Class of the relevant Compartment. The rules governing such allocation are set forth under 5. "Allocation of Assets and Liabilities among the Compartments".

The Shares, which are of no par value and which must be fully paid upon issue, carry no preferential or pre-emptive rights and each one is entitled to one vote at all meetings of Shareholders. Shares redeemed by the Company become null and void. Should the Shareholders, at an annual general meeting, decide any distributions in respect of distribution Shares (if issued) these will be paid within one month of the date of the annual general meeting. Under Luxembourg law, no distribution may be decided as a result of which the net assets of the Company would become less than the minimum provided for under Luxembourg law.

13.3 Meetings

The annual general meeting of Shareholders will be held at the registered office of the Company in Luxembourg on the second Thursday of April of each year at 10 a.m. or, to the extent required by Luxembourg law, and notices will be sent to the holders of registered Shares recorded by the transfer agent in the Share register of the Company by post at least 8 calendar days prior to the meeting at their addresses shown on the register of Shareholders. Such notices will include the agenda and will specify the time and place of the meeting and the conditions of admission. They will also refer to the rules of quorum and majorities required in the Articles of the Company.

Each Share confers the right to one vote. The vote on the payment of a dividend on a particular Class requires a separate majority vote from the meeting of Shareholders of the Class concerned. Any change in the Articles affecting the rights of a Compartment must be approved by a resolution of both the general meeting of the Company and the Shareholders of the Compartment concerned.

The Management Company draws the investors' attention to the fact that any investor will only be able to fully exercise his investor rights directly against the Company, notably the right to participate in general shareholders' meetings if the investor is registered himself and in his own name in the shareholders' register of the

Company. In cases where an investor invests in the Company through an intermediary investing into the Company in his own name but on behalf of the investor, it may not always be possible for the investor to exercise certain shareholder rights directly against the Company. Investors are advised to take advice on their rights.

13.4 Reports and Accounts

Audited annual reports shall be published within 4 months following the end of the accounting year and unaudited semi-annual reports shall be published within 2 months following the period to which they refer. The annual and semi-annual reports shall be made available at the registered offices of the Company, the representatives and paying agents during ordinary office hours. The Company's accounting year ends on the thirty-first of December each year. The first accounting year will end in 31 December 2014. The first audited report shall be published as of 31 December 2014 and the first unaudited semi-annual report shall be published as of 30 June 2015.

The Reference Currency of the Company is the EUR. The aforesaid reports will comprise consolidated accounts of the Company expressed in EUR as well as individual information on each Compartment expressed in the Reference Currency of each Compartment.

13.5 Allocation of assets and liabilities among the Compartments

For the purpose of allocating the assets and liabilities between the Compartments, the Board of Directors has established a pool of assets for each Compartment in the following manner:

- (1) the proceeds from the issue of each Share of each Compartment are to be applied in the books of the Company to the pool of assets established for that Compartment and the assets and liabilities and income and expenditure attributable thereto are applied to such pool subject to the provisions set forth hereafter;
- (2) Where any asset is derived from another asset, such derivative asset is applied in the books of the Company to the same pool as the asset from

which it was derived and on each revaluation of an asset, the increase or diminution in value is applied to the relevant pool;

- (3) Where the Company incurs a liability which relates to any asset of a particular pool or to any action taken in connection with an asset of a particular pool, such liability is allocated to the relevant pool;
- (4) in the case where any asset or liability of the Company cannot be considered as being attributable to a particular pool, such asset or liability is allocated to all the pools in equal parts or, if the amounts so justify, pro rata to the net asset values of the relevant Compartments;
- (5) upon the payment of dividends to the holders of Shares in any Compartment, the net asset value of such Compartment shall be reduced by the amount of such dividends.

If there have been created within each Compartment different classes of Shares, the rules shall mutatis mutandis apply for the allocation of assets and liabilities amongst Classes.

13.6 Determination of the net asset value of Shares

The net asset value of Shares of each Compartment shall be expressed in the Reference Currency of each class of the relevant Compartment or in the reference currency of the Relevant Compartment. The net asset value shall be determined by the Administrative Agent under the Management Company's responsibility on each Valuation Day and on any such day that the Board may decide from time to time by dividing the net assets of the Company attributable to each Compartment by the number of outstanding Shares of that Compartment.

The Administrative Agent determines the net asset value per Share in each Compartment on the Valuation Day as defined in the Appendix. In order to avoid market timing in their units, preventing arbitrage opportunities, where the Compartment is a Feeder Compartment, the Valuation Day shall be the same day as the valuation day of the Master Fund.

Swing pricing³

Significant subscriptions and redemptions may impact the net asset value of the Compartments because of the portfolio adjustment costs related to investment and divestment transactions. This cost may originate from the difference between the transaction price and the valuation prices, taxes or brokerage fees.

For purposes of preserving the interests of the shareholders present in the Compartments, the Board of Directors may decide to apply a swing pricing mechanism to any Compartment with a trigger threshold.

As a result, as long as the absolute value of the balance of subscriptions and redemptions of all shares of the relevant Compartment together is greater than the preset threshold, there will be an adjustment to the net asset value. Consequently, the net asset value will be adjusted as follows:

- on a Compartment experiencing levels of net subscriptions on a Valuation Day (i.e. subscriptions are greater in value than redemptions) (in excess of the trigger threshold) the net asset value per Share will be adjusted upwards; and
- on a Compartment experiencing levels of net redemptions on a Valuation Day (i.e. redemptions are greater in value than subscriptions) (in excess of the trigger threshold) the net asset value per Share will be adjusted downwards.

The objective is to limit the impact of these subscriptions and redemptions on the net asset value of the relevant Compartment and on shareholders present in such Compartment.

For any given business day, the adjustment will normally not be larger than 2% of the net asset value of the Compartment, but the Board of Directors can raise this limit when necessary to protect the interests of shareholders. A periodical review will be undertaken in order to verify the appropriateness of the adjustment in view of market conditions.

³ This paragraph will be applicable as from December 13th 2018

Due to the application of swing pricing, the volatility of the net asset value of the Compartment may be not only derived from the assets held in the portfolio (and therefore might deviate from the Compartment's benchmark, where applicable).

The calculation of the net asset value of the Shares of any Compartment and the issue, redemption, and conversion of the Shares of any Compartment may be suspended in the following circumstances, in addition to any circumstances provided for by law:

- during any period (other than ordinary holidays or customary weekend closings) when any market or stock exchange is closed which is the principal market or stock exchange for a significant part of the Compartment's investments, or in which trading is restricted or suspended,
- during any period when an emergency exists as a result of which it is impossible to dispose of investments which constitute a substantial portion of the assets of the Compartment, or it is impossible to transfer money involved in the acquisition or disposal of investments at normal rates of exchange, or it is impossible to fairly determine the value of any assets in the Compartment,
- during any breakdown in the means of communication normally employed in determining the price of any of the Compartment's investments or the current prices on any stock exchange,
- when for any reason beyond the control of the Board of Directors, the prices of any investment held by the Compartment cannot be reasonably, promptly or accurately ascertained,
- during any period when remittance of money which will or may be involved in the purchase or sale of any of the Compartment's investments cannot, in the opinion of the Management Company and/or the Board of Directors, be effected at normal rates of exchange; or
- when calculating the net asset value of a UCITS/UCIs in which the Company has invested a substantial portion of the assets of one or more Compartments or one or more classes is suspended or unavailable, or where the issue, redemption or conversion of shares or units of such UCITS or other UCI is suspended or restricted.

- in the event of the publication of the convening notice to a general meeting of Shareholders at which a resolution to wind up or merge the Company or one or more sub-fund(s) is to be proposed; or
- during any period when in the opinion of the Directors of the Company there exist circumstances outside the control of the Company where it would be impracticable or unfair towards the Shareholders to continue dealing in Shares of any sub-fund of the Company.

Furthermore, a Feeder Compartment shall temporarily suspend the redemption, reimbursement or subscription of its Shares, when its Master Fund temporarily suspends the redemption, reimbursement or subscription of its shares/units, whether this be at its own initiative or at the request of its competent authorities, for a period identical to the period of suspension imposed on the Master Fund.

The value of the assets of each Class of Shares of each Compartment is determined as follows:

- I. The assets of the Company contain the following:
 - (1) all fixed-term deposits, shares, money market instruments, shares, cash in hand or cash expected to be received or cash contributions including interest accrued;
 - (2) all debts which are payable upon presentation as well as all other money claims including claims for purchase price payment not yet fulfilled that arise from the sale of investment fund Shares or other assets;
 - (3) all investment fund shares/units;
 - (4) all dividends and distributions due in favour of the Company, as far as they are known to the Company;
 - (5) all interest accrued on interest-bearing securities that the Company holds, as far as such interest is not contained in the principal claim;
 - (6) all financial rights which arise from the use of derivative instruments;
 - (7) the provisional expenses of the Company, as far as these are not deducted, under the condition that such provisional expenses may be amortised directly from the capital of the Company;
 - (8) all other assets of what type or composition, including prepaid expenses.
- II. The value of such assets is fixed as follows:
 - (1) Investment funds are valued at their net asset value.

- (2) Units or shares of the Master Fund will be valued at their last determined and available net asset value.
- (3) Liquid assets and money market instruments are valued at their nominal value plus accrued interest or on the basis of amortised costs.
- (4) Fixed term deposits are valued at their nominal value plus accrued interest. Fixed term deposits with an original term of more than 30 days can be valued at their yield adjusted price if an arrangement between the Company and the bank, with which the fixed term deposit is invested has been concluded including that the fixed term deposits are terminable at any time and the yield adjusted price corresponds to the realisation value.
- (5) Commercial papers are valued at their nominal value plus accrued interest. Commercial papers with an original term of more than 90 calendar days can be valued at their yield adjusted price if an arrangement between the Company and the bank, with which the commercial paper is invested has been concluded including that the commercial papers are terminable at any time and the yield adjusted price corresponds to the realisation value.
- (6) Securities or financial instruments admitted for official listing on a Regulated Market are valued on the basis of the last available price at the time when the valuation is carried out. If the same security is quoted on a Regulated Markets, the quotation on the principal market for this security will be used. If there is no relevant quotation or if the quotations are not representative of the fair value, the evaluation will be made in good faith by the Board of Directors or their delegate.
- (7) Unlisted securities or financial instruments are valued on the basis of their value realisation as determined by the Board of Directors or their delegate using valuation principles which can be examined by the auditor of the Company, in order to reach a proper and fair valuation of the total assets of each Compartment.
- (8) Swap are valued at their fair value based on the last known closing price of the underlying security;
- (9) Any other assets are valued on the basis of their probable value realisation as determined by the Board of Directors or their delegate using valuation principles

which can be examined by the auditor of the Company, in order to reach a proper and fair valuation of the total assets of each Compartment.

- (10) OTC derivative financial instruments must be value at their the «fair value» in accordance with CSSF Circular 08/356.

In the event that it is impossible or incorrect to carry out a valuation in accordance with the above rules owing to particular circumstances, the Board of Directors or their delegate shall be entitled to use other generally recognised valuation principles which can be examined by an auditor, in order to reach a proper valuation of the total assets of each Compartment.

III. The liabilities of the Company contain the following:

- (1) all loans, bills of exchange and other sums due, including deposits of security such as margin accounts, etc. In connection with the use of derivative instruments; and
- (2) all administrative expenses that are due or have been incurred, including the costs of formation and registration at the registration offices as well as legal fees, auditing fees, remuneration and expenses of the members of the Board of Directors, fees payable to the management company, if any, and its service providers, its investment advisers, investment managers, distributors, placing agents, accountants, custodian, domiciliary, registrar and transfer agents, any paying agents and permanent representatives in places of registration, any other agent employed by the Company, fees for legal and auditing services, promotional, printing, reporting and publishing expenses, including the cost of advertising or preparing and printing of sales documents, explanatory memoranda or registration statements, annual and semi-annual reports, taxes or governmental charges, and all other operating management fee
- (3) expenses, including the cost of buying and selling assets, interest, bank charges and brokerage, postage, telephone and telex. If the fee rates agreed between the Company and the employed service providers (such as the Management Company, the Domiciliary Agent, Administrative Agent, Depositary or Investment Manager (if any)) for such services deviate with regard to individual Classes, the corresponding varying fees shall be charged exclusively to the respective Class; and

- (4) all known liabilities, whether due or not, including dividends that have been declared but not yet been paid; and
- (5) a reasonable sum provided for taxes, calculated as of the day of the valuation as well as other provisions and reserves approved by the Board of Directors; and
- (6) all other liabilities of the Company, of whatever nature, vis-à-vis third parties; however, each Compartment shall be exclusively responsible for all debts, liabilities and obligations attributable to it.

For the purpose of valuing its liabilities, the Company may include all administrative and other expenses of a regular or periodic nature by valuing these for the entire year or any other period and apportioning the resulting amount proportionally to the respective expired period of time. The method of valuation may only apply to administrative or other expenses which concern all of Shares equally.

IV. For the purpose of valuation within the scope of this chapter, the following applies:

- (1) Shares that are redeemed in accordance with the provisions under “ISSUE, REDEMPTION AND CONVERSION OF SHARES” above shall be treated as existing Shares and shall be posted until immediately after the point in time set by the Board of Directors for carrying out the valuation; from this point in time until the price is paid, they shall be treated as a liability of the Company; and
- (2) All investments, cash in hand and other assets of any fixed assets that are not in the denomination of the Class concerned shall be converted at the exchange rate applicable on the day of the calculation of net asset value, taking into consideration their market value; and
- (3) On every Valuation Day, all purchases and sales of securities which were contracted by the Company on this very Valuation Day must be included in the valuation to the extent possible.

The Board of Directors can take the decision to proceed with the division of the Net Asset Value.

13.7 Merger or Liquidation of Compartments

The Board of Directors may decide to liquidate any Compartment if (i) the net assets of a Compartment or a Class of Shares of such a Compartment or Class of Shares has decreased to an amount determined by the Board of Directors to be the minimum level for such Compartment or Class of Shares to be operated in an economically efficient manner, (ii) the Master Fund of a Feeder Compartment has been liquidated or closed (without prejudice to the below provisions) or (ii) a change in the economic or political situation relating to the Compartment concerned would justify such liquidation or if required by the interests of the Shareholders of any of the Compartments concerned. The decision of the liquidation will be notified to the Shareholders concerned prior to the effective date of the liquidation and the notification will indicate the reasons for, and the procedures of, the liquidation operations. Unless the Board of Directors otherwise decides in the interests of the Shareholders of the Compartment concerned, they may continue to request redemption or conversion of their Shares on the basis of the applicable net asset value, taking into account the estimated liquidation expenses. Assets which could not be distributed to their beneficiaries upon the close of the liquidation of the Compartment will be deposited with the Caisse de Consignation on behalf of their beneficiaries.

Under the same circumstances as provided above, the Board of Directors may decide to close down any Compartment by merger into another Compartment or into another UCITS or a compartment thereof (whether established in Luxembourg or another member State or whether such UCITS is incorporated as a company or is a contractual type fund) (the “new Compartment”). Such decision will be notified to Shareholders in the same manner as described in the preceding paragraph and, in addition, the notification will contain information in relation to the new Compartment in accordance with the Law and related regulations. Such notification will be made at least 30 calendar days before the last day for requesting the redemption or conversion of the Shares, free of charge.

Termination of a Compartment by compulsory redemption of its Shares or its merger with another Compartment or with another UCITS (whether established in Luxembourg or another member State or whether such UCITS is incorporated as a

company or is a contractual type fund), in each case for a reason other than those mentioned in the preceding paragraph, may be effected only upon its prior approval by the Shareholders of the Compartment to be terminated or merged, at a duly convened Compartment's Shareholders meeting which may be validly held without a quorum and decide by a simple majority of the Shareholders of the relevant Compartment present or represented.

In accordance with the provisions of the Law applying to a Compartment qualifying as Feeder Compartment, the Feeder Compartment shall be liquidated upon the Master Fund being either liquidated, divided into two or more UCITS or merged with another UCITS, unless the CSSF approves either (a) the investment of at least 85 % of the assets of the Feeder Compartment into units of another master Fund, or (b) the Feeder Compartment's conversion into a UCITS which is not a feeder UCITS within the meaning of the Law.

13.8 Liquidation of the Company

The Company is incorporated for an unlimited period and liquidation shall normally be decided upon by an extraordinary general meeting of Shareholders. Such a meeting must be convened by the Board of Directors within 40 calendar days if the net assets of the Company become less than two thirds of the minimum capital required by law. The meeting, for which no quorum shall be required, shall decide on the dissolution by a simple majority of Shares represented at the meeting. If the net assets fall below one fourth of the minimum capital, the dissolution may be resolved by Shareholders holding one fourth of the Shares at the meeting.

Should the Company be liquidated, such liquidation shall be carried out in accordance with the provisions of the Law and which specifies the steps to be taken to enable Shareholders to participate in the liquidation distributions and in this connection provides for deposit in escrow at the Caisse de Consignation in Luxembourg of any such amounts which it has not been possible to distribute to the Shareholders at the close of liquidation. Amounts not claimed within the prescribed period are liable to be forfeited in accordance with the provisions of Luxembourg law. The net liquidation proceeds of each Compartment shall be distributed to the Shareholders of the relevant Compartment in proportion to their respective holdings.

13.9 Complaints Handling

Shareholders of each Compartment of the Company may file complaints free of charge with the Management Company in an official language of their home country.

13.10 Material Contracts

The following material contracts have been entered into:

- (1) An agreement between the Company and CPR Asset Management, pursuant to which the latter acts as Management Company of the Company. This Agreement is entered into for an unlimited period and may be terminated by either party upon three months written notice.
- (2) An agreement between the Company and CACEIS Bank Luxembourg¹ pursuant to which the latter was appointed as Depositary of the Company. The Agreement is entered into for an unlimited period and may be terminated by either party upon three months' written notice.
- (3) An agreement between the Company, CPR Asset Management and CACEIS Bank Luxembourg¹ pursuant to which the latter acts as registrar and transfer agent – paying and administrative agent of the Company. The Agreement is entered into for an unlimited period and may be terminated by either party upon three months written notice.
- (4) An information sharing agreement between CPR Asset Management and CACEIS Bank Luxembourg¹, acting as Depositary of the Company regulating the flows of information that are necessary to allow CACEIS Bank Luxembourg¹ to perform its functions.

13.11 Documents

Copies of the Articles, the current Prospectus, the KIID for the Compartments, the latest financial reports, the voting policy, the complaints handling procedure as well as the prospectus and annual and half-yearly reports of the Master Funds (if any) are available the website of the Management Company at <http://www.cpr-am.com>.

14. APPENDICES TO THE PROSPECTUS – COMPARTMENTS

APPENDIX 1. CPR Invest – Silver Age

Investment policy and objectives:

The Compartment is a Feeder Compartment of the T-unit of CPR Silver Age, a French Mutual Investment Fund authorised by the *Autorité des Marchés Financiers* as a UCITS (the “**Master Fund**”) and will invest at least 85% of its assets in units of the Master Fund.

The Compartment may hold up to 15% of its assets in one or more of the following:

- Ancillary liquid assets;
- Financial derivative instruments, which may be used only for hedging purposes.

The investment objective of the Compartment is the same as the Master Fund as described below.

The Compartment will invest its assets solely in the T-unit of the Master Fund.

The Compartment and the Master Fund are both managed by the Management Company.

It is intended that the performance of the Compartment will be strongly correlated to that of the Master Fund.

However, the performance of the Compartment will be lower than that of the T-unit of the Master Fund due to, in particular, costs and expenses incurred by the Compartment.

The Compartment is eligible to the “Plan d’Epargne en Actions” (PEA) and therefore will respect the eligibility rules as stated in the Plan d’Epargne en Actions Law No92-666 of 16 July 1992 as amended from time to time.

Launch date: 29/08/2014

Term: Undetermined duration

Reference Currency: Euro (EUR)

The Master Fund:

Organisation of the Master Fund

The Master Fund was launched on 22 December 2009 in the form of a contractual Mutual Investment Fund and became UCITS on 17 March 2010 managed by the Management Company.

The Master Fund is denominated in Euro.

CACEIS Bank has been appointed as depositary bank, agent in charge of centralising subscription and redemption orders and of keeping the unit register of the Master Fund.

CACEIS Fund Administration has been appointed as delegated fund accountant of the Master Fund.

Cabinet Mazars has been appointed as independent auditor of the Master Fund.

Investment objectives of the Master Fund

The Master Fund’s objective is to outperform the European equity markets over the long-term, at least five years, by taking advantage of the momentum of European equities associated with the ageing of the population.

Benchmark of the Master Fund

As the Master Fund’s management is based on a specific theme for which there is no benchmark index, it can’t be defined a relevant benchmark for this Fund.

However, as an indication, the MSCI Europe Index Net Return in euro serves a posteriori as an indicator as a simple reference for assessing the Master Fund’s performance, with no management constraints.

The MSCI Europe-Index consists of around 500 large and mid-cap securities from 18 European countries.

Its performance includes the dividends paid by the shares that make up the Index (reinvested net dividends). The Index is calculated and circulated by MSCI.

Information on this Index is available on the www.msci.com/equity website.

Investment strategy and policy of the Master Fund

The investment strategy of the Master Fund consists in taking advantage of a major economic trend, namely the ageing of the population.

The investment policy aims to select the best-performing European stocks in various sectors that may benefit from the ageing of the population (pharmaceuticals, medical equipment, and savings, etc.) based on fundamental and quantitative, liquidity, and market capitalisation criteria.

In the context of this matter and for the purpose of diversification, the Master Fund may also invest up to 25% in securities from other geographical areas.

The Master Fund management process is based on a combined approach, namely a top-down sector allocation process, and a bottom-up security selection process.

Sector allocation is performed according to the relative growth outlook for the sectors under a certain number of constraints relating to the construction of the portfolio.

The selection of securities within each sector is based on both a quantitative and qualitative approach. The quantitative and financial valuation of the investments is supplemented by a qualitative analysis of those investments, in order to gain a better understanding of their growth prospects, and of the soundness of their underlying economic models.

Through its construction, the Master Fund totally excludes some sectors and investments that are not related to its theme, and is therefore likely to show significant performance differences compared with a European equity index (e.g. MSCI Europe), including over relatively extended time periods.

Assets used by the Master Fund

▪ **Assets used (except embedded derivatives)**

The Master Fund aims to have an exposure amounting to between 75% and 120% of its assets to equities and similar securities.

The portfolio of the Master Fund will consist of a minimum of 75% of securities from issuers with their registered office in a member state of the European Union - or in another state which is part of the European Economic Area (EEA).

Units or shares in UCI:

The Master Fund may hold up to 100% of its assets in units and/or shares of collective investments and/or investment funds listed as follows.

These collective investments and investment funds are representative of all asset classes, in compliance with the requirements of the Master Fund.

They may be collective investments and investment funds managed by the Management Company or by other entities – regardless of whether they belong to the group Amundi – including related companies.

For reference, the regulatory limits for UCITS compliant with European directive 2009/65/EC are:

- *Up to 100%* of total net assets*
 - French- or foreign-law UCITS

** Insofar as and provided that these UCITS can invest up to 10% of their assets in collective investment schemes and/or investment funds.*

- *Up to 30%* of total net assets*
 - French-law AIFs
 - AIFs established in another member state of the European Union and foreign-law investment funds respecting the criteria set out in the French Monetary and Financial Code article.

** Insofar as and provided that these AIFs and investment funds can invest up to 10% of their assets in collective investment schemes and/or investment funds.*

Equities:

The Master Fund is eligible for the French PEA and therefore a minimum of 75% of the Master Fund's assets are invested in shares and similar securities from issuers with their registered office in a Member State of the European Union – or in another state which is part of the European Economic Area (EEA) – in accordance with the provisions of Article L221-31 of the French Monetary and Financial Code, that belong to the large, medium, and small-cap categories and to the sectors relating to the theme.

The Master Fund may invest up to 25% in shares or similar securities from issuers from any other geographical area, belonging to any capitalisation type and sector relating to the theme.

The Master Fund may invest up to 10% in shares or similar securities from issuers in emerging countries.

Debt securities and money-market instruments:

The Master Fund may invest up to 25% of its assets in public and private money-market instruments denominated in euros and classified as Investment Grade at the time of their purchase, i.e. rated higher than or equal to BBB- [Source S&P/Fitch] or Baa3 [Source Moody's] or considered to be equivalent by the management company according to its own criteria, such as negotiable debt securities, French Treasury bills, and Treasury bills.

For the assessment of the risk and the credit category the management company relies on its teams and its own methodology, which includes, amongst other factors, the ratings issued by the main rating agencies.

The downgrading of an issuer by one or more rating agencies does not systematically entail the sale of the securities concerned; rather, the management company relies on its internal assessment to evaluate the option of whether or not to keep the portfolio securities.

▪ **Assets used (embedded derivatives)**

Convertible bonds:*

The Master Fund may invest up to 10% of its assets in European convertible bonds and similar securities, with a view to supplementing or replacing exposure to a given investment.

** The AMF's regulations classify convertible bonds as financial instruments incorporating a derivative component. As such, these instruments do not include any leverage.*

Derivatives in general used by the Master Fund

The Master Fund may invest in financial derivatives instruments traded on regulated markets, in multilateral trading facilities, and on over-the-counter markets, on an exceptional basis, with the primary aim of :

- adjusting its equity exposure in the event of substantial subscriptions and redemptions;
- recreating a synthetic exposure to an asset;
- hedging an item in the portfolio.

The equity exposure may therefore amount to between 75 and 120% of net assets.

Other transactions used by the Master Fund

Term deposits:

The Master Fund may make term deposits with one or several credit institutions in order to fulfil its investment objective and to manage its cash, within a limit of 10% of its net assets.

Cash borrowings:

The Master Fund may borrow up to 10% of its net assets in cash to meet one-off liquidity requirements (transactions relating to ongoing investment and disposal flows, and subscription and/or redemption transactions, etc.).

Transactions involving temporary acquisitions and/or disposals of securities:

- Kinds of transaction used:
 - repo and reverse repo agreements with reference to the French Monetary and Financial Code
 - lending and borrowing of securities with reference to the French Monetary and Financial Code

These transactions will concern all authorised assets excluding UCIs as described in the “Assets used (excluding embedded derivatives)” section. These assets are held with the depositary of the Master Fund.

- Nature of the investments:

Repo and reverse repo agreements will primarily aim to enable the portfolio to be adjusted for fluctuations in the balances held, as well as to invest its cash. Loans of securities are used to optimise the Master Fund's performance through the yield that they generate.

- Summary of proportions used:

Types of transactions	Reverse repurchase agreements	Repurchase agreements	Securities lending	Borrowing of securities
Maximum proportion (of net assets)	20%	10%	80%	10%
Expected proportion (of net assets)	5%	0%	40%	5%

- Fees: additional information is given in the “Costs and Fees” section of the Master Fund prospectus.

Fees and expenses of the Master Fund (T-unit)⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Maximum Subscription fee (not accruing to the Fund)	5% ⁽³⁾
Maximum Redemption fee (accruing or not to the Fund)	n/a
Maximum Management fees - including Administration Fee, Depositary Fee, auditor fees (including tax)	0,15%
Turnover commissions charged by the Management Company	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 0.15% of the transaction amount on sales or purchases of shares, (including tax) - Between EUR 10 and EUR 50 per transaction for other kinds of transactions.
Performance fees	n/a

⁽¹⁾ Exceptional legal costs for the recovery of the Fund's receivables may be added to the fees invoiced to the Fund as listed above.

⁽²⁾ The costs related to contributions owed to the AMF may be added to the fees invoiced to the Fund as listed above.

⁽³⁾ The Compartment will not pay any subscription or redemption fees while investing in T-unit of the Master Fund.

Risk profile of the Master Fund

The Master Fund has been classified in the ‘International equities’ category.

The Master Fund is most suitable for investors who have an investment horizon of at least five years.

Availability of prospectus of the Master Fund

The Master Fund's prospectus, latest annual and semi-annual reports are available within a week upon request at the registered officer of the Management Company. For further information regarding the fees and expenses paid by the Master Fund, reference is made to the Master Fund's prospectus, as well as the annual report of the Company.

These documents are also available on the website: www.cpr-am.com.

Risk Management:

The method used to calculate overall exposure of the Compartment is the commitment calculation method.

Interaction between the Compartment and the Master fund:

Information flow between the Compartment and the Master Fund

The Compartment and the Master Fund being both managed by the Management Company, internal business rules of conduct have been implemented in order to ensure the compliance of both the Compartment and the Master with the provisions of the Law, the exchange of information and the coordination of the timing of the NAV computation and publication.

Information flow between the Depositary and the Master Fund's depositary bank

The Depositary and the Master Fund's depositary bank have entered into an information-sharing agreement in order to ensure the fulfilment of their respective duties.

Information flow between the Auditor and the independent auditor of the Master Fund

The Auditor and the independent auditor of the Master Fund have entered into an information-sharing agreement in order to ensure the fulfilment of their respective duties.

Profile of typical investor in the Compartment:

All investors who:

- want to invest in a portfolio composed primarily of European equities seeking to take advantage of the dynamics of companies related to the ageing of population;
- can afford to immobilize their capital for at least 5 years;
- accept to bear the risk of capital loss. It is possible that the subscriber does not find its capital invested at the end of the recommended 5 years minimum investment period.

Compartment's Benchmark: No

Compartment's Performance Indicator: For information purposes, the MSCI Europe Index Net Return denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class (net dividends reinvested) serves a posteriori as an indicator for assessing the Compartment's performance and, for the relevant Share Classes, calculating the performance fees. The MSCI Europe index is, as at the date of this Prospectus, provided by MSCI Limited which is listed in the register referred to in article 36 of the Benchmarks Regulation as an administrator authorised pursuant to article 34 of the Benchmarks Regulation.

Compartment's Main and Specific Risk Factors:

The Compartment being invested in the Master Fund is therefore exposed to the risk represented by the evolutions of the instruments' markets in which the Master Fund invests.

The main general risks are the followings:

- Equity and Market risks (including small capitalisation related risk)
- Capital risks
- Performance risk compared with a European equity market index (e.g. MSCI Europe)
- Exchange rate risk

- Counterparty risk
- Liquidity risk linked to temporary purchases and sales of securities

Please refer to the Master Fund prospectus for more information on the risks associated with an investment in the Master Fund.

Conflicts of interest

The Feeder Compartment and the Master Fund have the same Management Company. The Management Company has established and implemented a conflicts of interest policy that contains appropriate measures to mitigate such conflicts of interests.

Shares Characteristics / Subscription and Redemption conditions :

Business Day : A full business day on which banks and Eligible Markets are opened in Luxembourg and Paris.

Valuation Day : Every Business Day / **Calculation Day** : The business day following the Valuation Day

Cut-off Time : 9.00 a.m. on the relevant Valuation Day

Subscription and Redemption Settlement Day : 3 Business Days after the relevant Valuation Day

Main Share Classes

CPR Invest – Silver Age				Fees for Share transactions		Annual Fees		
Share Classe	ISIN Code	Currency	Minimum Initial Subscription	Subscription (max)	Conversion (max)	Management (max)	Administration (max)	Performance Fee max. (including tax) ⁽¹⁾
A – Acc	LU1103786700	EUR	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	1,50%	0,30%	15% ⁽²⁾
I – Acc	LU1103787187	EUR	One Share	5,00%	5,00%	0,75%	0,20%	15% ⁽²⁾
R – Acc	LU1653750338	EUR	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	0,85%	0,30%	15% ^{(2) (3)}

⁽¹⁾ Reference Value: MSCI Europe Index Net Return (denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class) +1%

⁽²⁾ of the performance realized by the Compartment relevant Shares Class above that of the reference asset during the Accounting Year, up to a maximum of 2% including tax of the net assets.

⁽³⁾ By derogation section 11.4 of the Prospectus, the first calculation period of the Performance Fee shall start at the launch of the Share Class and end at the close of the Accounting Year, ending on December 31, 2018.

For a complete list of sub-funds and share classes currently available, go to www.cpr-am.lu/Cpr-Invest.

APPENDIX 2. CPR Invest – Reactive

Investment policy and objectives:

The Compartment is a Feeder Compartment of the T-unit of CPR Croissance Réactive, a French Mutual Investment Fund authorised by the *Autorité des Marchés Financiers* as a UCITS (the “**Master Fund**”) and will invest at least 85% of its assets in units of the Master Fund.

The Compartment may hold up to 15% of its assets in one or more of the following:

- Ancillary liquid assets,
- Financial derivative instruments, which may be used only for hedging purposes.

The investment objective of the Compartment is the same as the Master Fund as described below

The Compartment will invest its assets solely in the T-unit of the Master Fund.

The Compartment and the Master Fund are both managed by the Management Company.

It is intended that the performance of the Compartment will be strongly correlated to that of the Master Fund.

However, the performance of the Compartment will be lower than that of the T-unit of the Master Fund due to, in particular, costs and expenses incurred by the Compartment.

German Investment Tax Act⁴:

At least 25% of the Compartment’s net asset value is continuously invested in equity securities within the meaning of the German Investment Tax Act, which are listed on

⁴ This paragraph will be applicable as from 1st January 2019

a stock exchange or traded on an organized market. Provided that the fund invests in other investment funds, the following rules apply in respect of determining equity securities: 51% of equity target funds will be considered to be equities at the fund of fund level. This percentage may be increased if the minimum holding threshold in the prospectus or the published holdings of the target funds are higher. 25% of mixed target funds will be considered to be equities at the fund of fund level. This percentage may be increased if the minimum holding threshold in the prospectus or the published holdings of the target funds are higher. Investments in Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs) are not eligible equity securities for this purpose.

Launch date: 29/08/2014

Term: Undetermined duration

Reference Currency: Euro (EUR)

The Master Fund:

Organisation of the Master Fund

The Master Fund was launched on 18 April 1997 and is a Mutual Investment Fund managed by the Management Company.

The Master Fund is denominated in Euro.

CACEIS Bank has been appointed as depositary bank, agent in charge of centralising subscription and redemption orders and of keeping the unit register of the Master Fund.

CACEIS Fund Administration has been appointed as delegated fund accountant of the Master Fund.

PwC Sellam has been appointed as independent auditor of the Master Fund.

Investment objectives of the Master Fund

The Master Fund's objective is to deliver over the medium term – with a minimum of 4 years – a higher return than the one of the composite benchmark: [50% J.P. Morgan GBI Global Index Hedge Return in euro + 50% MSCI World Index Net Return in euro].

Benchmark of the Master Fund

The composite benchmark is composed of 50% J.P. Morgan GBI Global Index Hedge Return in euro and 50% MSCI World Index Net Return in euro.

- The J.P. Morgan GBI Global Index Hedge Return in euro (coupons reinvested) is representative of the performance of the international government bond markets in all the curve segments.

It is currency-hedged.

Its performance includes the coupons (net coupons reinvested).

It is calculated and circulated by J.P. Morgan. Information about this index is available at www.morganmarkets.com.

- The euro-adjusted MSCI World Index is representative of the performance of the international equities markets. It includes 1500 large and mid-cap stocks listed on the stock markets of 23 developed countries.

It is not currency-hedged.

Its performance includes the dividends (net dividends reinvested).

The Index is calculated and circulated by Morgan Stanley. Information about this index is available at www.msci.com.

Investment strategy and policy of the Master Fund

The Master Fund is in a diversified global fund of funds combining several asset classes: equities (including small caps), interest rates, credit – (including securities in the Speculative Grade category, i.e. rated below or equal to BB+ [Source S&P/Fitch] or Ba1 [Source Moody's] or considered to be equivalent by the management company according to its own criteria), money-market investments, foreign

exchange, alternative strategies, and commodities (excluding agricultural investment), exposed to all geographic areas (including emerging markets).

The Master Fund is actively managed. The risk profile of the portfolio is flexible and varies significantly around the 50% stocks/50% bonds target allocation depending on the projections of the manager. The Master Fund profile may thus change and be mainly exposed either to interest rates or equity markets. It will be mainly in UCIs.

The allocation among the various classes of assets and the selection of corresponding investments are determined by the management team according to the following process:

1. Definition of several market development scenarios and of their degree of probability based on macro-economic forecasts.
2. Definition of the optimal allocation of assets among the various classes of assets based on three primary parameters:
 - the aforementioned probability-based scenarios are useful for deciding whether to give preference to a given class of assets based on expected developments ;
 - the technical data on the markets such as valuation levels, volatility, correlation between assets. They are used, among other things, to adjust the weightings among each class of assets to optimise the hoped-for-return/maximum risk accepted ratio;
 - portfolio risk constraints, adjusted to a flexible management. Accordingly the level of the Master Fund's global risk, expressed in an expected volatility, will not exceed 15% under normal market conditions. Volatility measures the amplitude of the variations of the price of a given asset compared to the average of such variations

To comply with this volatility constraint, the allocation among the various assets will be done in accordance with the following limits:

- The equities exposure will range from 20% to 80% of the total assets of the portfolio.

As from 1st January 2019 the Master Fund may expose up to 10% of its net assets to unlisted shares:

- issued by small and mid-cap companies, as well as in medium-sized companies. These companies may be from any business sector and any geographical area.

- via investments in units/shares of closed-ended UCIs and/or closed-ended special purpose vehicles, equivalent to eligible financial securities.

- The proportion of the investments in interest rates and money-market instruments (including through UCIs) will also range from 20% to 80% of the total assets of the Master Fund.
- The Master Fund is managed within a sensitivity bracket of [-2; +5].
- Up to 30% of the Master Fund's assets may be exposed to Speculative Grade investments, i.e. ratings below or equal to BB+ [Source S&P/Fitch] or Ba1 [Source Moody's] or considered to be equivalent by the management company according its own criteria.

For the assessment of the risk and the credit category the management company relies on its teams and its own methodology, which includes, amongst other factors, the ratings issued by the main rating agencies.

The downgrading of an issuer by one or more rating agencies does not systematically entail the sale of the securities concerned; rather, the management company relies on its internal assessment to evaluate the option of whether or not to keep the portfolio securities.

As from 1st January 2019 the Master Fund may also expose up to 10% of its net assets to unlisted bonds issued by private issuers and/or issued by investment funds and/or special purpose vehicles, denominated in any currency and from any geographic area.

- The Master Fund may present currency risk related among other things to investing in UCIs, including ETFs (Trackers) and in investment funds that may themselves present a currency risk. The direct and indirect exposure (via UCIs) to the currency risk targets a maximum threshold of one time the Master Fund's assets.
- For diversification purposes, the Master Fund may invest:

- up to 10% in alternative investments, through European Union alternative management UCIs;
- up to 10% in futures on commodity indices (excluding agricultural commodities), through European Union UCIs.

3. Selection of investments and portfolio construction.

The Master Fund will be mainly invested in UCIs (including ETFs).

The Master Fund may also be invested in real securities or use derivative products in order to recompose an exposure in a synthetic manner, to supplement or hedge the Master Fund's exposure for a given class of assets.

These transactions with financial derivatives instruments will be carried out within a commitment limit of one time the Master Fund's assets in compliance with the limits for each Assets class as specified above.

Assets used by the Master Fund (except embedded derivatives)

Units or shares in UCI:

The Master Fund may hold up to 100% of its assets in units and/or shares of collective investments and/or investment funds listed as follows.

These collective investments and investment funds are representative of all asset classes, in compliance with the requirements of the Master Fund.

They may be collective investments and investment funds managed by the Management Company or by other entities – regardless of whether they belong to the group Amundi – including related companies.

For reference, the regulatory limits for UCITS compliant with European directive 2009/65/EC are:

- *Up to 100%* of total net assets*
 - *French- or foreign-law UCITS*

** Insofar as and provided that these UCITS can invest up to 10% of their assets in collective investment schemes and/or investment funds.*

- *Up to 30%* of total net assets*
 - *French-law AIFs*

- AIFs established in another member state of the European Union and foreign-law investment funds respecting the criteria set out in the French Monetary and Financial Code article.

** Insofar as and provided that these AIFs and investment funds can invest up to 10% of their assets in collective investment schemes and/or investment funds.*

The Master Fund may also hold directly securities, within the asset allocation brackets described above (see 'Investment strategy'). These may be the following securities:

Equities:

The Master Fund may invest up to 10% of its assets in equities listed in the OECD countries, from any type of sector and capitalisations.

Debt securities and money-market instruments:

The Master Fund may invest up to 50% of its assets in public and private debt securities and money-market instruments of all credit-rating categories.

As from 1st January 2019 the Master Fund may also invest up to 10% of its net assets in bonds issued by investment funds or Securitisation vehicles

Derivatives in general used by the Master Fund

The Master Fund may invest in financial derivatives instruments* traded on regulated markets, multilateral trading facilities (MTF) or over-the-counter in order to supplement or enhance the Fund's exposures, hedge in full or in part a risk, recompose a synthetic exposure to a given asset and/or to arbitrage.

The use of derivatives will not exceed a total commitment of one time the assets and will be done within the limits for the various classes of assets defined in the investment strategy.

** these instruments are different from the derivatives that can be used in the funds subscribed by the Master Fund.*

Credit in general used by the Master Fund

The Master Fund may also expose or hedge the portfolio through index-tracking credit derivatives of multiple issuers (such as iTraxx or CDX) within its risk limits.

Some of the main strategies applied include the following:

- Macro-exposure of the portfolio via sells of protection on the iTraxx/CDX indices in particular, buys of receiver options or sells of payer options on iTraxx/CDX in particular;
- Macro-hedging of the portfolio via buys of protection on the iTraxx/CDX indices in particular, sells of receiver options or buys of payer options on iTraxx/CDX in particular.

Other Transactions used by the Master Fund

Term deposits:

The Master Fund may make term deposits with one or several credit institutions in order to fulfil its investment objective and to manage its cash, within a limit of 10% of its net assets.

Cash borrowings:

The Master Fund may borrow up to 10% of its net assets in cash to meet one-off liquidity requirements (transactions relating to ongoing investment and disposal flows, and subscription and/or redemption transactions, etc.).

Transactions involving temporary acquisitions and/or disposals of securities:

- Kinds of transaction used:
 - repo and reverse repo agreements with reference to the French Monetary and Financial Code
 - lending and borrowing of securities with reference to the French Monetary and Financial Code.

These transactions will concern all authorised assets excluding UCIs as described in the “Assets used (excluding embedded derivatives)” section. These assets are held with the depositary of the Master Fund.

▪ Nature of the investments:

Repo and reverse repo agreements will primarily aim to enable the portfolio to be adjusted for fluctuations in the balances held, as well as to invest its cash.

▪ Summary of proportions used :

Types of transactions	Reverse repurchase agreements	Repurchase agreements	Securities lending	Borrowing of securities
Maximum proportion (of net assets)	10%	10%	10%	10%
Expected proportion (of net assets)	between 0% and 10%	between 0% and 10%	between 0% and 10%	between 0% and 10%

- Fees: additional information is given in the “Costs and Fees” section of the Master Fund prospectus.

Fees and expenses of the Master Fund (T-unit)⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Maximum Subscription fee (not accruing to the Fund)	5% ⁽³⁾
Maximum Redemption fee (accruing or not to the Fund)	n/a
Maximum Management fees - including Administration Fee, Depositary Fee, auditor fees (including tax)	0,15%
Turnover commissions charged by the Management Company	Between €10 and €50 per transaction depending on the kind of transactions
Performance fees	n/a

⁽¹⁾ Exceptional legal costs for the recovery of the Fund’s receivables may be added to the fees invoiced to the Fund as listed above.

⁽²⁾ The costs related to contributions owed to the AMF may be added to the fees invoiced to the Fund as listed above.

⁽³⁾ The Compartment will not pay any subscription or redemption fees while investing in T-unit of the Master Fund.

Risk profile of the Master Fund

The Master Fund is most suitable for investors who have an investment horizon longer than four years.

Availability of prospectus of the Master Fund

The Master Fund’s prospectus, latest annual and semi-annual reports are available within a week upon request at the registered officer of the Company.

For further information regarding the fees and expenses paid by the Master Fund, reference is made of the Master Fund’s prospectus, as well as the annual report of the Company.

These documents are also available on the website : www.cpr-am.com

Risk Management:

The method used to calculate overall exposure of the Compartment is the commitment calculation method.

Interaction between the Compartment and the Master fund:

Information flow between the Compartment and the Master Fund

The Compartment and the Master Fund being both managed by Management Company, the internal business rules of conduct have been implemented, in order to ensure the compliance of the Compartment and the Master with the provisions of the Law, the exchange of information and the coordination of the timing of the NAV computation and publication.

Information flow between the Depositary and the Master Fund's depositary bank

The Depositary and the Master Fund's depositary bank have entered into an information-sharing agreement in order to ensure the fulfilment of their respective duties.

Information flow between the Auditor and the independent auditor of the Master Fund

The Auditor and the independent auditor of the Master Fund have entered into an information-sharing agreement in order to ensure the fulfilment of their respective duties.

Profile of typical investor in the Compartment:

All investors who:

- want to invest in an actively managed diversified portfolio;
- can afford to immobilize their capital for at least 4 years;
- accept to bear the risk of capital loss. It is possible that the subscriber does not find its capital invested at the end of the minimum of investment recommended duration of 4 years.

Compartment's Benchmark: The Compartment's Benchmark is the same as that of the Master.

Compartment's Performance Indicators: For information purposes, the composite indicator [50% J.P. Morgan GBI Global Index Hedge Return denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class and 50% MSCI World Index Net Return denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class (net dividends reinvested)] serve a posteriori as indicators for assessing the Compartment's performance and, for the relevant Share Classes, calculating the performance fees. The MSCI World Index is, as at the date of this Prospectus, provided by MSCI Limited which is listed in the register referred to in article 36 of the Benchmarks Regulation as an administrator authorised pursuant to article 34 of the Benchmarks Regulation. The J.P. Morgan GBI Global Index Hedge Return is, as at the date of this Prospectus, provided by J.P. Morgan Securities LLC which is not yet listed in the register referred to in article 36 of the Benchmarks Regulation, as it is an entity located in a country outside of the European Union (U.S.A.) and does not comply with the conditions laid down in article 30(1) of the Benchmarks Regulation nor has it acquired recognition in accordance with article 32 of the Benchmarks Regulation.

Compartment's Main and Specific Risk Factors:

The Compartment being invested in the Master Fund is therefore exposed to the risk represented by the evolutions of the instruments' markets in which the Master Fund invests.

The main general risks are the followings:

- Equity and Market risks
- Capital risks
- Interest rate and market risk
- Credit risk
- Risks related to investments in emerging countries
- Exchange rate risk
- Performance risk

- Liquidity risk linked to temporary purchases and sales of securities

Please refer to the Master Fund prospectus for more information on the risks associated with an investment in the Master Fund.

Conflicts of interest

The Feeder Compartment and the Master Fund have the same Management Company. The Management Company has established and implemented a conflicts of interest policy that contains appropriate measures to mitigate such conflicts of interests.

Shares Characteristics / Subscription and Redemption conditions :

Business Day : A full business day on which banks and Eligible Markets are opened in Luxembourg and Paris.

Valuation Day : Every Business Day / **Calculation Day** : The business day following the Valuation Day

Cut-off Time : 9.00 a.m. on the relevant Valuation Day

Subscription and Redemption Settlement Day : 3 business Days after the relevant Valuation Day

Main Share Classes

CPR Invest – Reactive				Fees for Share transactions		Annual Fees		
Share Classe	ISIN Code	Currency	Minimum Initial Subscription	Subscription (max)	Conversion (max)	Management (max)	Administration (max)	Performance Fee max. (including tax) ⁽¹⁾
A - Acc	LU1103787690	EUR	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	1,35%	0,30%	25% ⁽²⁾
I - Acc	LU1103787930	EUR	One Share	5,00%	5,00%	0,60%	0,20%	25% ⁽²⁾
R – Acc	LU1530898177	EUR	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	0,60%	0,30%	25% ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ Reference Value: 50% J.P. Morgan GBI Global Index Hedge Return (denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class)+ 50% MSCI World Index Net Return (denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class)

⁽²⁾ of the performance realized by the Compartment relevant Shares Class above that of the reference asset during the Accounting Year*

* From 1st January 2019 : ⁽²⁾ of the performance realized by the Compartment relevant Shares Class above that of the reference asset during the Accounting Year, up to a maximum of 1,5% including tax of the net assets.

For a complete list of sub-funds and share classes currently available, go to www.cpr-am.lu/Cpr-Invest.

APPENDIX 3. CPR Invest – Defensive

Investment policy and objectives:

The Compartment is a Feeder Compartment of the T-unit of CPR Croissance Défensive, a French Mutual Investment Fund authorised by the *Autorité des Marchés Financiers* as a UCITS (the “**Master Fund**”) and will invest at least 85% of its assets in units of the Master Fund.

The Compartment may hold up to 15% of its assets in one or more of the following:

- Ancillary liquid assets,
- Financial derivative instruments, which may be used only for hedging purposes.

The investment objective of the Compartment is the same as the Master Fund as described below

The Compartment will invest its assets solely in the T-unit of the Master Fund.

The Compartment and the Master Fund are both managed by the Management Company.

It is intended that the performance of the Compartment will be strongly correlated to that of the Master Fund.

However, the performance of the Compartment will be lower than that of the T-unit of the Master Fund due to, in particular, costs and expenses incurred by the Compartment.

Launch date: 27/03/2015

Term: Undetermined duration

Reference Currency: EUR

The Master Fund:

Organisation of the Master Fund

The Master Fund was launched on 10 July 1998 and is a Mutual Investment Fund managed by the Management Company.

The Master Fund is denominated in Euro.

CACEIS Bank has been appointed as depositary bank, agent in charge of centralising subscription and redemption orders and of keeping the unit register of the Master Fund.

CACEIS Fund Administration has been appointed as delegated fund accountant of the Master Fund.

Ernst & Young et Autres has been appointed as independent auditor of the Master Fund.

Investment objectives of the Master Fund

The Master Fund’s objective is to deliver, net of management fees, over the medium term – 2 years minimum – a higher return than the one of the composite benchmark: [80% J.P. Morgan GBI Global Index Hedge Return in euro + 20% MSCI World Index Net Return in euro] with an expected maximum volatility of 7%.

Benchmark of the Master Fund

The composite benchmark is composed of 80% J.P. Morgan GBI Global Index Hedge Return in euro and 20% MSCI World Index Net Return in euro.

- The J.P. Morgan GBI Global Index Hedge Return in euro is representative of the performance of the international government bond markets in all the curve segments.

It is currency-hedged.

Its performance includes the dividends (net coupons reinvested)

It is calculated and circulated by J.P. Morgan. Information about this index is available at www.morganmarkets.com.

- The MSCI World Index Net Return in euro is representative of the performance of the international equities markets. It includes 1500 large and mid-cap stocks listed on the stock markets of 23 developed countries.

It is not currency-hedged.

Its performance includes the dividends (net dividends reinvested)

The Index is calculated and circulated by Morgan Stanley. Information about this index is available at www.msci.com.

Investment strategy and policy of the Master Fund

The Master Fund is a diversified global fund of funds combining several asset classes: equities (including small caps), interest rates, credit (including securities in the Speculative Grade category, i.e. rated below or equal to BB+ [Source S&P/Fitch] or Ba1 [Source Moody's] or considered to be equivalent by the management company according to its own criteria), money-market investments, foreign exchange, alternative strategies, and commodities (excluding agricultural investment), exposed to all geographic areas (including emerging markets).

The Master Fund is mainly invested in the "Interest-rate" class of assets and is limited to an exposure to "risky assets"*ranging from 0% to 40% maximum of the total assets of the Fund.

**The term "risky assets" corresponds to the sum of the equity exposure + the sum of the other "volatile" assets in the portfolio. The volatile assets include all the portfolio assets (excluding equities) whose 52-week historical volatility exceeds 12%. This percentage is calculated taking into account all net positions, irrespective of the medium (OPC, individual securities and/or derivative instruments based on the commitments which are calculated).*

As from 1st January 2019 the Master Fund may also expose up to 10% of its net assets to unlisted bonds issued by private issuers and/or issued by investment funds and/or special purpose vehicles, denominated in any currency and from any geographic area.

The allocation among the various classes of assets and the selection of corresponding investments are determined by the management team according to the following process:

1. Definition of several market development scenarios and of their degree of probability based on macro-economic forecasts.
2. Definition of the optimal allocation of assets among the various classes of assets based on three primary parameters:

- the aforementioned probability-based scenarios are useful for deciding whether to give preference to a given class of assets based on expected developments ;
- the technical data on the markets such as valuation levels, volatility, correlation between assets. They are used, among other things, to adjust the weightings among each class of assets to optimise the hoped-for-return/maximum risk accepted ratio;
- portfolio risk constraints, adjusted to a flexible management. Accordingly the level of the Master Fund's global risk, expressed in an expected volatility, will not exceed 7% under normal market conditions. Volatility measures the amplitude of the variations of the price of a given assets compared to the average of such variations

To comply with this volatility constraint, the allocation among the various assets will be done in accordance with the following limits:

The equities exposure will range from 0% to 30% of the total assets of the portfolio.

As from 1st January 2019 the Master Fund may expose up to 10% of its net assets to unlisted shares:

- issued by small and mid-cap companies, as well as in medium-sized companies. These companies may be from any business sector and any geographical area.
- via investments in units/shares of closed-ended UCIs and/or closed-ended special purpose vehicles, equivalent to eligible financial securities.

- The share in the following investments ("Interest-rate" class assets) represents a total of at least 60% of the Fund's total assets:
 - interest-rate UCI and/or interest-rate products (including convertible bonds);
 - money-market UCIs and/or money-market instruments;
 - deposits with lending institutions;
 - repurchase agreements on bonds.
- The Master Fund is managed within a sensitivity bracket of [-1; +8].
- The Master Fund may present currency risk related among other things to investing in UCIs, including ETFs (Trackers) and in investment funds that may themselves present a currency risk. The direct and indirect exposure (via UCIs) to the currency risk targets a maximum threshold of one time the Master Fund's assets.
- For diversification purposes, the Master Fund may invest:
 - up to 10% in alternative investments, through European Union alternative management UCIs
 - up to 10% in futures on commodity indices (excluding agricultural investment), through European Union UCIs.

3. Selection of investment supports and portfolio construction.

The Master Fund is mainly invested in UCIs (including ETFs).

The Master Fund may also hold securities or use derivative products in order to recompose an exposure in a synthetic manner, to supplement or hedge the Master Fund's exposure for a given class of assets.

These transactions with financial derivatives instruments will be carried out within a commitment limit of one time the UCITS assets in compliance with the limits specified above.

Assets used by the Master Fund (except embedded derivatives)

Units or shares in UCI:

The Master Fund may hold up to 100% of its assets in units and/or shares of collective investments and/or investment funds listed as follows.

These collective investments and investment funds are representative of all asset classes, in compliance with the requirements of the Master Fund.

They may be collective investments and investment funds managed by the Management Company or by other entities – regardless of whether they belong to the group Amundi – including related companies.

For reference, the regulatory limits for UCITS compliant with European directive 2009/65/EC are:

- *Up to 100%* of total net assets*
 - *French- or foreign-law UCITS*

** Insofar as and provided that these UCITS can invest up to 10% of their assets in collective investment schemes and/or investment funds.*

- *Up to 30%* of total net assets*
 - *French-law AIFs*
 - *AIFs established in another member state of the European Union and foreign-law investment funds respecting the criteria set out in the French Monetary and Financial Code article.*

** Insofar as and provided that these AIFs and investment funds can invest up to 10% of their assets in collective investment schemes and/or investment funds.*

The Master Fund may also hold directly securities, within the asset allocation brackets described above (see 'Investment strategy'). These may be the following securities:

Equities and related Equities:

The Master Fund may invest up to 10% of its assets in equities listed in the OECD countries, from any type of sector and capitalisations.

Debt securities and money-market instruments:

The Master Fund may invest up to 50% of its assets in bonds and money-market instruments of public and private issuers in the OECD area that are Investment Grade at the time of investment, i.e. rated above or equal to BBB- [Source S&P/Fitch] or Baa3 [Source Moody's] or considered to be equivalent by the Management Company according to its own criteria) such as negotiable debt securities (TCN), fixed-rate treasury notes (BTF), treasury notes.

The Master Fund may also invest up to 40% of its assets in the Speculative Grade category, i.e. rated below or equal to BB+ [Source S&P/Fitch] or Ba1 [Source Moody's] or considered to be equivalent by the Management Company according to its own criteria) exclusively through OECD area Government bonds.

For the assessment of the risk and the credit category the management company relies on its teams and its own methodology, which includes, amongst other factors, the ratings issued by the main rating agencies.

The downgrading of an issuer by one or more rating agencies does not systematically entail the sale of the securities concerned; rather, the management company relies on its internal assessment to evaluate the option of whether or not to keep the portfolio securities.

As from 1st January 2019 the Master Fund may also invest up to 10% of its net assets in bonds issued by investment funds or Securitisation vehicles.

Derivatives in general used by the Master Fund

The Master Fund may invest in financial derivatives instruments traded on regulated markets, multilateral trading facilities (MTF) or over-the-counter in order to supplement or enhance the Fund's exposures, hedge in full or in part a risk, recompose a synthetic exposure to a given asset and/or to arbitrage.

The use of derivatives will not exceed a total commitment of one time the assets and will be done within the limits for the various classes of assets defined in the investment strategy.

These instruments are different from the derivatives that can be used in the funds subscribed by the Master Fund.

Credit in general used by the Master Fund

The Master Fund may also expose or hedge the portfolio through index-tracking credit derivatives of multiple issuers (such as iTraxx or CDX) within its risk limits.

Some of the main strategies applied include the following:

- Macro-exposure of the portfolio via sells of protection on the iTraxx/CDX indices in particular, buys of receiver options or sells of payer options on iTraxx/CDX in particular;
- Macro-hedging of the portfolio via buys of protection on the iTraxx/CDX indices in particular, sells of receiver options or buys of payer options on iTraxx/CDX in particular.

Other Transactions used by the Master Fund

Term deposits:

The Master Fund may make term deposits with one or several credit institutions in order to fulfil its investment objective and to manage its cash, within a limit of 10% of its net assets.

Cash borrowings:

The Master Fund may borrow up to 10% of its net assets in cash to meet one-off liquidity requirements (transactions relating to ongoing investment and disposal flows, and subscription and/or redemption transactions, etc.).

Transactions involving temporary acquisitions and/or disposals of securities:

- Kinds of transaction used:
 - repo and reverse repo agreements with reference to the French Monetary and Financial Code
 - lending and borrowing of securities with reference to the French Monetary and Financial Code.

These transactions will concern all authorised assets excluding UCIs as described in the “Assets used (excluding embedded derivatives)” section. These assets are held with the depositary of the Master Fund.

- Nature of the investments:

Repo and reverse repo agreements will primarily aim to enable the portfolio to be adjusted for fluctuations in the balances held, as well as to invest its cash.

- Summary of proportions used :

Types of transactions	Reverse repurchase agreements	Repurchase agreements	Securities lending	Borrowing of securities
Maximum proportion (of net assets)	10%	10%	10%	10%
Expected proportion (of net assets)	Between 0% and 10%	Between 0% and 10%	Between 0% and 10%	Between 0% and 10%

- Fees: additional information is given in the “Costs and Fees” section of the Master Fund prospectus.

Fees and expenses of the Master Fund (T-unit)⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Maximum Subscription fee (not accruing to the Fund)	5% ⁽³⁾
Maximum Redemption fee (accruing or not to the Fund)	n/a
Maximum Management fees - including Administration Fee, Depositary Fee, auditor fees (including tax)	0,15%
Turnover commissions charged by the Management Company	Between €10 and €50 per transaction depending on the kind of transactions
Performance fees	n/a

⁽¹⁾ Exceptional legal costs for the recovery of the Fund’s receivables may be added to the fees invoiced to the Fund as listed above.

⁽²⁾ The costs related to contributions owed to the AMF may be added to the fees invoiced to the Fund as listed above.

⁽³⁾ The Compartment will not pay any subscription or redemption fees while investing in T-unit of the Master Fund.

Risk profile of the Master Fund

The Master Fund is most suitable for investors who have an investment horizon longer than two years.

Availability of prospectus of the Master Fund

The Master Fund's prospectus, latest annual and semi-annual reports are available within a week upon request at the registered officer of the Company.

For further information regarding the fees and expenses paid by the Master Fund, reference is made of the Master Fund's prospectus, as well as the annual report of the Company.

These documents are also available on the website : www.cpr-am.com.

Risk Management:

The method used to calculate overall exposure of the Compartment is the commitment calculation method.

Interaction between the Compartment and the Master fund:

Information flow between the Compartment and the Master Fund

The Compartment and the Master Fund being both managed by Management Company, the internal business rules of conduct have been implemented, in order to ensure the compliance of the Compartment and the Master with the provisions of the Law, the exchange of information and the coordination of the timing of the NAV computation and publication.

=Information flow between the Depositary and the Master Fund's depositary bank

The Depositary and the Master Fund's depositary bank have entered into an information-sharing agreement in order to ensure the fulfilment of their respective duties.

Information flow between the Auditor and the independent auditor of the Master Fund

The Auditor and the independent auditor of the Master Fund have entered into an information-sharing agreement in order to ensure the fulfilment of their respective duties.

Profile of typical investor in the Compartment:

All investors who:

- want to invest in an actively managed diversified portfolio;
- can afford to immobilize their capital for at least 2 years;
- accept to bear the risk of capital loss. It is possible that the subscriber does not find its capital invested at the end of the minimum of investment recommended duration of 2 years.

Compartment's Benchmark: The Compartment's Benchmark is the same as that of the Master.

Compartment's Performance Indicators: For information purposes, the composite indicator [80% J.P. Morgan GBI Global Index Hedge Return denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class and 20% MSCI World Index Net Return denominated denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class (net dividends reinvested)] serve a posteriori as indicators for assessing the Compartment's performance and, for the relevant Share Classes, calculating the performance fees. The MSCI World Index is, as at the date of this Prospectus, provided by MSCI Limited which is listed in the register referred to in article 36 of the Benchmarks Regulation as an administrator authorised pursuant to article 34 of the

Benchmarks Regulation. The J.P. Morgan GBI Global Index Hedge Return is, as at the date of this Prospectus, provided by J.P. Morgan Securities LLC which is not yet listed in the register referred to in article 36 of the Benchmarks Regulation, as it is an entity located in a country outside of the European Union (U.S.A.) and does not comply with the conditions laid down in article 30(1) of the Benchmarks Regulation nor has it acquired recognition in accordance with article 32 of the Benchmarks Regulation. The J.P. Morgan GBI Global Index Hedge Return is, as at the date of this Prospectus, provided by J.P. Morgan Securities LLC which is not yet listed in the register referred to in article 36 of the Benchmarks Regulation, as it is an entity located in a country outside of the European Union (U.S.A.) and does not comply with the conditions laid down in article 30(1) of the Benchmarks Regulation nor has it acquired recognition in accordance with article 32 of the Benchmarks Regulation.

Compartment's Main and Specific Risk Factors:

The Compartment being invested in the Master Fund is therefore exposed to the risk represented by the evolutions of the instruments' markets in which the Master Fund invests.

The main general risks are the followings:

- Interest rate and market risk
- Capital risks
- Equity and Market risks
- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Risks related to investments in emerging countries
- Exchange rate risk
- Performance risk
- Liquidity risk linked to temporary purchases and sales of securities

Please refer to the Master Fund prospectus for more information on the risks associated with an investment in the Master Fund.

Conflicts of interest

The Feeder Compartment and the Master Fund have the same Management Company. The Management Company has established and implemented a conflicts of interest policy that contains appropriate measures to mitigate such conflicts of interests.

Shares Characteristics / Subscription and Redemption conditions :

Business Day : A full business day on which banks and Eligible Markets are opened in Luxembourg and Paris.

Valuation Day : Every Business Day / **Calculation Day** : The business day following the Valuation Day

Cut-off Time : 9.00 a.m. on the relevant Valuation Day

Subscription and Redemption Settlement Day : 3 business Days after the relevant Valuation Day.

Main Share Classes

CPR Invest – Defensive				Fees for Share transactions		Annual Fees		
Share Classe	ISIN Code	Currency	Minimum Initial Subscription	Subscription (max)	Conversion (max)	Management (max)	Administration (max)	Performance Fee max. (including tax) ⁽¹⁾
A - Acc	LU1203018533	EUR	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	1,15%	0,30%	-
I - Acc	LU1203018707	EUR	One Share	5,00%	5,00%	0,50%	0,20%	25% ⁽²⁾
R – Acc	LU1530898334	EUR	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	0,50%	0,30%	25% ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ Reference Value: 80% J.P. Morgan GBI Global Index Hedge Return (denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class) + 20% MSCI World Index Net Return (denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class)

⁽²⁾ of the performance realized by the Compartment relevant Shares Class above that of the reference asset during the Accounting Year, up to a maximum of 0,60% including tax of the net assets.

For a complete list of sub-funds and share classes currently available, go to www.cpr-am.lu/Cpr-Invest.

APPENDIX 4. CPR Invest – Euro High Dividend

Investment policy and objectives:

The Compartment is a Feeder Compartment of the T-unit of CPR Euro High Dividend, a French Mutual Investment Fund authorised by the *Autorité des Marchés Financiers* as a UCITS (the “**Master Fund**”) and will invest at least 85% of its assets in units of the Master Fund.

The Compartment may hold up to 15% of its assets in one or more of the following:

- Ancillary liquid assets,
- Financial derivative instruments, which may be used only for hedging purposes.

The investment objective of the Compartment is the same as the Master Fund as described below

The Compartment will invest its assets solely in the T-unit of the Master Fund.

The Compartment and the Master Fund are both managed by the Management Company.

It is intended that the performance of the Compartment will be strongly correlated to that of the Master Fund.

However, the performance of the Compartment will be lower than that of the Tunit of the Master Fund due to, in particular, costs and expenses incurred by the Compartment.

The Compartment is eligible to the “Plan d’Epargne en Actions” (PEA) and therefore will respect the eligibility rules as stated in the Plan d’Epargne en Actions Law No92-666 of 16 July 1992 as amended from time to time.

Launch date: 27/03/2015

Term: Undetermined duration

Reference Currency: Euro (EUR)

The Master Fund:

Organisation of the Master Fund

The Master Fund was launched on 15 July 1998 and is a Mutual Investment Fund managed by the Management Company.

The Master Fund is denominated in Euro.

CACEIS Bank has been appointed as depositary bank, agent in charge of centralising subscription and redemption orders and of keeping the unit register of the Master Fund.

CACEIS Fund Administration has been appointed as delegated fund accountant of the Master Fund.

PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS AUDIT has been appointed as independent auditor of the Master Fund.

Investment objectives of the Master Fund

The investment objective is to deliver over a long-term investment horizon – at least eight years – a higher return than the one of the benchmark MSCI EMU Index Net Return in euro, by selecting securities with a higher dividend rate (dividend to share price) than the average dividend rate of the securities included in the MSCI EMU.

Benchmark of the Master Fund

The MSCI EMU Index represents the largest listed stocks (around 250) in the eurozone.

The index is denominated in euro.

The benchmark’s performance includes dividends distributed by its constituent stocks (net dividends reinvested).

The index is published by Morgan Stanley. Information about its composition and how it is calculated can be found on the website www.msci.com/equity.

Investment strategy and policy of the Master Fund

The Master Fund's investment policy is to select around one hundred securities primarily from the eurozone with the potential to sustainably deliver a higher-than-average dividend ratio compared with the securities making up the MSCI EMU.

The stock-picking process involves the following steps, which leads to the building of the final portfolio:

1. Establishment of an investment universe made up of the eurozone securities with the best dividend rates.
 - application of an initial market cap and liquidity filter (in order to identify the most liquid securities in the eurozone)
 - identification of the securities with the highest rates of return (by combining the analysts' consensus outlook with the proprietary normative rate of return, among other things)
2. Systematic analysis of each security in the investment universe using financial and market criteria in order to evaluate the sustainability of the dividends paid (e.g. Piotroski rating).
3. Construction of the final portfolio with the aim of achieving a balanced distribution of sectors and geographical areas by combining diversification limits by security, sector and country with approaches such as equal weighting and weighting by market capitalisation.

The portfolio composition may differ significantly from the benchmark in terms of countries and sectors, as well as the weightings of each security.

Consequently, the Master Fund's performance may deviate noticeably from that of the benchmark, potentially over relatively long period of time.

The portfolio's equity exposure shall range between 75% and 100% of its assets, invested in equities and equivalent securities from eurozone countries (of which at

least 5% will be eligible under France's DSK regulation), and may occasionally reach 120% of its total assets.

Currency risk shall not exceed 10% of the Master Fund's total assets.

The Master Fund is eligible for the French equity savings plan (PEA). As a result, at least 75% of the portfolio shall be invested in securities, the issuers of which have their registered office in an EU member state – or in a country that is party to the agreement on the European Economic Area – in accordance with the provisions set out in Article L221-31 of the French Monetary and Financial Code.

Assets used by the Master Fund (except embedded derivatives)

Equities:

At least 75% of the Master Fund's total assets shall be invested in equities and equivalent securities from eurozone countries, belonging to all sectors and the categories of large, medium and very small market caps.

The Master Fund may also invest up to 10% of its total assets in equities from non-eurozone countries.

The Master Fund invests in securities so as to comply with the DSK and PEA regulations.

Debt securities and money market instruments:

In order to manage its cash flows, the Master Fund may invest up to 25% of its assets in EUR-denominated fixed income products and/or money market instruments that are issued or guaranteed by public or private issuers that are classed as Investment Grade at the time of purchase, i.e. rated above or equal to BBB- by S&P or Fitch, or Baa3 by Moody's, or with a rating considered to be equivalent by the Management Company according to its own criteria, such as French negotiable debt securities and French treasury bonds.

In order to evaluate risk and credit categories, the Management Company shall rely on its teams of staff and its own methodology, which takes into account ratings issued by the leading rating agencies, among other factors.

The downgrade of an issuer by one or more rating agencies shall not systematically result in the securities concerned being sold. The Management Company shall use an internal assessment process to evaluate whether the securities in the portfolio should be kept or not.

Units or shares in UCI:

The Master Fund may hold up to 10% of its assets in units and/or shares of collective investments and/or investment funds listed as follows.

These collective investments and investment funds are representative of all asset classes, in compliance with the requirements of the Master Fund.

They may be collective investments and investment funds managed by the Management Company or by other entities – regardless of whether they belong to the group Amundi – including related companies.

For reference, the regulatory limits for UCITS compliant with European directive 2009/65/EC are:

- Up to 100%* of total net assets
- French- or foreign-law UCITS

** Insofar as and provided that these UCITS can invest up to 10% of their assets in collective investment schemes and/or investment funds.*

- Up to 30%* of total net assets
- French-law AIFs
- AIFs established in another member state of the European Union and foreign-law investment funds respecting the criteria set out in the French Monetary and Financial Code article.

** Insofar as and provided that these AIFs and investment funds can invest up to 10% of their assets in collective investment schemes and/or investment funds.*

Other Assets used:

The Master Fund may occasionally, invest up to 10% of its assets in negotiable debt securities that do not satisfy the eligibility criteria set out in the French Monetary and Financial Code.

Derivatives in general used by the Master Fund

The Master Fund may trade 100% of its assets in forward financial instruments traded on regulated markets, multilateral trading facilities (MTFs) or OTC chiefly in order to:

- recreate synthetic exposure to an asset;
- adjust the equity exposure in cases of large investor subscriptions and redemptions;
- hedge a component of the portfolio. The Master Fund's exposure to equity markets, including exposure generated via financial derivatives instruments, shall not exceed 120% of the Master Fund's net assets.

Other Transactions used by the Master Fund

Term deposits:

To achieve its investment objective and for cash management purposes, the Master Fund may make term deposits with one or more credit institutions up to a limit of 10% of the net assets.

Cash borrowing:

The Master Fund may borrow cash, up to a maximum 10% of its assets, to deal with occasionally cash flow needs (transactions linked to ongoing investments/disinvestments, subscriptions/redemptions, etc.).

Transactions involving temporary acquisitions and/or disposals of securities:

- Kinds of transaction used:
 - repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements in line with the French Monetary and Financial Code;

- securities lending and borrowing in line with the French Monetary and Financial Code.

These transactions will concern all authorised assets excluding UCIs as described in the “Assets used (excluding embedded derivatives)” section. These assets are held with the depositary of the Master Fund.

▪ Nature of the investment:

The trades facilitate:

- adjustments to the portfolio in response to fluctuations in assets, as well as facilitating the investment of cash flows;
- the optimisation of the Master Fund’s income;
- the increase of the Master Fund’s exposure to the markets or the hedging of any short positions.

▪ Summary of proportions used:

Types of transactions	Reverse repurchase agreements	Repurchase agreements	Securities lending	Borrowing of securities
Maximum proportion (of net assets)	10%	10%	80%	10%
Expected proportion (of net assets)	0%	0%	25%	0%

- Fees: see additional information in the section ‘Charges and fees’ of the Master fund prospectus.

Fees and expenses of the Master Fund (T-unit)⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Maximum Subscription fee (not accruing to the Fund)	5% ⁽³⁾
Maximum Redemption fee (accruing or not to the Fund)	n/a
Maximum Management fees - including Administration Fee, Depositary Fee, auditor fees (including tax)	0,15%
Turnover commissions charged by the Management Company	- 0.15% of the transaction amount on sales or purchases of shares (including tax) - Between €10 and €50 per transaction depending on the kind of transactions
Performance fees	n/a

⁽¹⁾ Exceptional legal costs for the recovery of the Fund’s receivables may be added to the fees invoiced to the Fund as listed above.

⁽²⁾ The costs related to contributions owed to the AMF may be added to the fees invoiced to the Fund as listed above.

⁽³⁾ The Compartment will not pay any subscription or redemption fees while investing in T-unit of the Master Fund.

Risk profile of the Master Fund

The Master Fund has been classified in the ‘Eurozone Equities’ category.

The Master Fund is most suitable for investors who have an investment horizon longer than eight years.

Availability of prospectus of the Master Fund

The Master Fund's prospectus, latest annual and semi-annual reports are available within a week upon request at the registered officer of the Company.

For further information regarding the fees and expenses paid by the Master Fund, reference is made of the Master Fund's prospectus, as well as the annual report of the Company.

These documents are also available on the website : www.cpr-am.fr.

Risk Management:

The method used to calculate overall exposure of the Compartment is the commitment calculation method.

Interaction between the Compartment and the Master fund:

Information flow between the Compartment and the Master Fund

The Compartment and the Master Fund being both managed by Management Company, the internal business rules of conduct have been implemented, in order to ensure the compliance of the Compartment and the Master with the provisions of the Law, the exchange of information and the coordination of the timing of the NAV computation and publication.

Information flow between the Depositary and the Master Fund's depositary bank

The Depositary and the Master Fund's depositary bank have entered into an information-sharing agreement in order to ensure the fulfilment of their respective duties.

Information flow between the Auditor and the independent auditor of the Master Fund

The Auditor and the independent auditor of the Master Fund have entered into an information-sharing agreement in order to ensure the fulfilment of their respective duties.

Profile of typical investor in the Compartment:

All investors who:

- want to invest in a portfolio of eurozone equities managed according to a long-term strategy;
- can afford to immobilize their capital for at least 8 years;
- accept to bear the risk of capital loss. It is possible that the subscriber does not find its capital invested at the end of the minimum of investment recommended duration of 8 years.

Compartment's Benchmark: The Compartment's Benchmark is the same as that of the Master.

Compartment's Performance Indicator: For information purposes, the MSCI EMU Index Net Return denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class (net dividends reinvested) serves a posteriori as an indicator for assessing the Compartment's performance and, for the relevant Share Classes, calculating the performance fees. The MSCI EMU index is, as at the date of this Prospectus, provided by MSCI Limited which is listed in the register referred to in article 36 of the Benchmarks Regulation as an administrator authorised pursuant to article 34 of the Benchmarks Regulation.

Compartment's Main and Specific Risk Factors:

The Compartment being invested in the Master Fund is therefore exposed to the risk represented by the evolutions of the instruments' markets in which the Master Fund invests.

The main general risks are the followings:

- Equity and Market risks
- Risk of capital loss
- Risk of underperformance compared to the benchmark
- Counterparty risk

- Risks associated with the use of futures
- Liquidity risk linked to temporary purchases and sales of securities

Please refer to the Master Fund prospectus for more information on the risks associated with an investment in the Master Fund.

Conflicts of interest

The Feeder Compartment and the Master Fund have the same Management Company. The Management Company has established and implemented a conflicts of interest policy that contains appropriate measures to mitigate such conflicts of interests.

Shares Characteristics / Subscription and Redemption conditions :

Business Day : A full business day on which banks and Eligible Markets are opened in Luxembourg and Paris.

Valuation Day : Every Business Day / **Calculation Day** : The business day following the Valuation Day

Cut-off Time : 9.00 a.m. on the relevant Valuation Day

Subscription and Redemption Settlement Day : 3 business Days after the relevant Valuation Day

Main Share Classes

CPR Invest – Euro High Dividend				Fees for Share transactions		Annual Fees		
Share Classe	ISIN Code	Currency	Minimum Initial Subscription	Subscription (max)	Conversion (max)	Management (max)	Administration (max)	Performance Fee max. (including tax) ⁽¹⁾
A - Acc	LU1203019267	EUR	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	1,50%	0,30%	20% ⁽²⁾
I - Acc	LU1203019697	EUR	One Share	5,00%	5,00%	0,75%	0,20%	20% ⁽²⁾
R – Acc	LU1530898508	EUR	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	1,00%	0,30%	20% ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ Reference Value: MSCI EMU Index Net Return (denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class).

⁽²⁾ of the performance realized by the Compartment relevant Shares Class above that of the reference asset during the Accounting Year, up to a maximum of 2% including tax of the net assets.

For a complete list of sub-funds and share classes currently available, go to www.cpr-am.lu/Cpr-Invest.

APPENDIX 5. CPR Invest – Dynamic

Investment policy and objectives:

The Compartment is a Feeder Compartment of the T-unit of CPR Croissance Dynamique, a French Mutual Investment Fund authorised by the *Autorité des Marchés Financiers* as a UCITS (the “**Master Fund**”) and will invest at least 85% of its assets in units of the Master Fund.

The Compartment may hold up to 15% of its assets in one or more of the following:

- Ancillary liquid assets;
- Financial derivative instruments, which may be used only for hedging purposes.

The investment objective of the Compartment is the same as the Master Fund as described below

The Compartment will invest its assets solely in the T-unit of the Master Fund.

The Compartment and the Master Fund are both managed by the Management Company.

It is intended that the performance of the Compartment will be strongly correlated to that of the Master Fund.

However, the performance of the Compartment will be lower than that of the T-unit of the Master Fund due to, in particular, costs and expenses incurred by the Compartment.

German Investment Tax Act⁵:

At least 51 % of the Compartment’s net asset value is continuously invested in equity securities within the meaning of the German Investment Tax Act, which are listed on

⁵ This paragraph will be applicable as from 1st January 2019

a stock exchange or traded on an organized market. Provided that the fund invests in other investment funds, the following rules apply in respect of determining equity securities: 51% of equity target funds will be considered to be equities at the fund of fund level. This percentage may be increased if the minimum holding threshold in the prospectus or the published holdings of the target funds are higher. 25% of mixed target funds will be considered to be equities at the fund of fund level. This percentage may be increased if the minimum holding threshold in the prospectus or the published holdings of the target funds are higher. Investments in Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs) are not eligible equity securities for this purpose.

Launch date: 27/03/2015

Term: Undetermined duration

Reference Currency: Euro (EUR)

The Master Fund:

Organisation of the Master Fund

The Master Fund was launched on 18 September 1998 and is a Mutual Investment Fund managed by the Management Company.

The Master Fund is denominated in Euro.

CACEIS Bank has been appointed as depositary bank, agent in charge of centralising subscription and redemption orders and of keeping the unit register of the Master Fund.

CACEIS Fund Administration has been appointed as delegated fund accountant of the Master Fund.

Ernst & Young Audit, has been appointed as independent auditor of the Master Fund.

Investment objectives of the Master Fund

The Master Fund's investment objective is to deliver over a long-term investment horizon – at least five years – a higher return than the one of the composite benchmark: [20% J.P. Morgan GBI Global Index Hedge Return in euro + 80% MSCI World Index Net Return in euro].

Benchmark of the Master Fund

The composite benchmark is composed of 20% J.P. Morgan GBI Global Index Hedge Return in euro and 80% MSCI World Index Net Return in euro.

- The J.P. Morgan GBI Global Index represents the performance of the developed global government bond market.

It is hedged against currency risk.

The benchmark's performance includes coupons that have been distributed by its constituent bonds (coupons reinvested).

Information about the index can be found on the website www.morganmarkets.com.

- The MSCI World Index Net Return in euro represents the performance of the global stock markets of economically developed countries. It is composed of nearly 1,600 listed stocks including the largest cap stocks.

The index is denominated in euro.

The index is not currency-hedged.

The benchmark's performance includes dividends distributed by its constituent stocks (net dividends reinvested).

The index is published by MSCI. Information about its composition and how it is calculated can be found on the website: <https://www.msci.com>.

Investment strategy and policy of the Master Fund

The Master Fund is a global diversified fund of fund combining several different asset classes: equities (including small-cap equities), fixed income, credit (including Speculative Grade securities, i.e. rated below or equal to BB+ by S&P or Fitch, or Ba1 by Moody's, or with a rating considered to be equivalent by the Management Company) according to its own criteria, money market instruments, foreign

exchange and commodities (excluding agricultural investment), among others, and covering all geographical areas (including emerging markets).

The Master Fund is mainly exposed to equities.

It is managed according to a dynamic, long-term strategy.

The allocation between the different asset classes and the choice of corresponding investments instruments are determined by the management team according to the following processes:

1. Definition of several market development scenarios and of their degree of probability based on macro-economic forecasts.
2. Identification of the optimal asset allocation between the different assets classes using three main parameters:
 - the aforementioned probability-based scenarios are useful for deciding whether to give preference to a given class of assets based on expected developments ;
 - technical data on markets including level of valuation, volatility and correlation between assets. They notably allow to adjust the weightings between each assets class in order to achieve an optimal balance between the expected level of return and the maximum accepted level of risk.
 - portfolio risk constraints. Accordingly the level of the Master Fund's global risk, expressed in expected volatility should not exceed 20% under normal market conditions. Volatility measures the amplitude of the variations of the price of a given asset compared to the average of such variations.

To comply with this volatility constraint, the allocation among the various assets will be done in accordance with the following limits:

- The equities exposure will range from a minimum of 50% of the Master Fund's total assets to a maximum of 100%.
- The proportion of the investments in interest rates and money market instruments – including through UCIs – will range from 0% to 50% of the Master Fund's total assets.
- The Master Fund is managed within a modified duration bracket (i.e. sensitivity to interest rates*) of -2 to +4.

**Sensitivity to interest rates is a measure of how the price of a bond is impacted by a change in its benchmark interest rate. E.g. for a bond with a modified duration of 3, if the benchmark interest rate falls by 1%, the price of the bond will increase by 3% (1% x 3). Conversely, if the benchmark interest rate rises by 1%, the price of the bond will decrease by 3% (1% x 3). The longer the maturity of a bond, the more sensitive it is to changes in interest rates.*

In order to evaluate risk and credit categories, the Management Company shall rely on its teams and its own methodology, which takes into account ratings issued by the leading rating agencies, among other factors.

- The Master Fund may be exposed to credit risk through instruments classed as Investment Grade at the time of purchase, i.e. rated above or equal to BBB- by S&P or Fitch, or Baa3 by Moody's, or with a rating considered to be equivalent by the Management Company according to its own criteria, and/or instruments classed as Speculative Grade, i.e. rated below or equal to BB+ by S&P or Fitch, or Ba1 by Moody's, or with a rating considered to be equivalent by the Management Company according to its own criteria.

The Master Fund's exposure to instruments classed as Speculative Grade shall not exceed 50% of net assets.

The downgrade of an issuer by one or more rating agencies shall not systematically result in the securities concerned being sold. The Management Company shall use an internal assessment process to evaluate whether the securities should be kept or not in the portfolio.

- The Master Fund may present currency risk related among other things to investing in UCIs, including ETFs (Trackers) and in investment funds that may themselves present a currency risk. The exposure (through UCIs) to the currency risk targets a maximum threshold of one time the Master Fund's assets.
- For diversification purposes, the Master Fund may invest:
 - up to 10% in alternative investments, through European Union alternative management UCIs;

- up to 10% in futures on commodity indices (excluding agricultural commodities), through European Union UCIs.

The units of the Master Fund constitute investments eligible for the French equity savings plan (PEA). As a result, the Master Fund complies with eligibility rules applicable under this plan.

3. Selection of investments instruments and portfolio construction.

The Master Fund will be mainly invested in UCIs (including ETFs).

The Master Fund may also invest directly in securities or use derivatives – including credit derivatives – in order to generate synthetic exposure to a certain assets class or increase or hedge its exposure to a given assets class.

These transactions with financial derivatives instruments will be carried out within a commitment limit of one time the Master Fund's assets in compliance with the limits for each Assets class as specified above.

Assets used by the Master Fund (except embedded derivatives)

Units or shares in UCI:

The Master Fund may hold up to 100% of its assets in units and/or shares of collective investments and/or investment funds listed as follows.

These collective investments and investment funds are representative of all asset classes, in compliance with the requirements of the Master Fund.

They may be collective investments and investment funds managed by the Management Company or by other entities – regardless of whether they belong to the group Amundi – including related companies.

For reference, the regulatory limits for UCITS compliant with European directive 2009/65/EC are:

- Up to 100%* of total net assets
 - French- or foreign-law UCITS

** Insofar as and provided that these UCITS can invest up to 10% of their assets in collective investment schemes and/or investment funds.*

- Up to 30%* of total net assets
 - French-law AIFs

- AIFs established in another member state of the European Union and foreign-law investment funds respecting the criteria set out in the French Monetary and Financial Code article.

* Insofar as and provided that these AIFs and investment funds can invest up to 10% of their assets in collective investment schemes and/or investment funds.

The Master Fund may also hold directly securities, within the asset allocation brackets described above (see 'Investment strategy'). These may be the following securities:

Equities and equivalent securities:

The Master Fund may invest up to 10% of its assets in listed equities from OECD countries, with no restrictions as to sector or market capitalisation.

Debt securities and money-market instruments:

The Master Fund may invest up to 50% of its assets in EUR-denominated fixed income products and/or money market instruments that are issued or guaranteed by public or private issuers from all countries – including emerging markets – and that are classed as Investment Grade at the time of purchase, i.e. rated above or equal to BBB- by S&P or Fitch, or Baa3 by Moody's, or with a rating considered to be equivalent by the Management Company according to its own criteria, and/or classed as Speculative Grade, i.e. rated below or equal to BB+ by S&P or Fitch, or Ba1 by Moody's, or with a rating considered to be equivalent by the Management Company according to its own criteria.

The downgrade of an issuer by one or more rating agencies shall not systematically result in the securities concerned being sold. The Management Company shall use an internal assessment process to evaluate whether the securities in the portfolio should be kept or not.

Derivatives in general used by the Master Fund

The Master Fund may invest in financial derivatives instruments traded on regulated markets, multilateral trading facilities (MTF) or over-the-counter for purposes of partial or total hedging, exposure and/or arbitrage:

In particular, derivatives shall be used in order to:

- Adjust the portfolio's exposure to equities or interest rate sensitivity in cases of large investor subscriptions and redemptions;
- Generate synthetic exposure to an asset;
- Hedge a component of the portfolio;
- Conduct arbitrage transactions.

The use of derivative transactions will not exceed a total commitment of one time the assets and will be done within the limits for the various classes of assets defined in the investment strategy.

Credit in general used by the Master Fund

The Master Fund may also expose or hedge the portfolio using multi-issuer credit derivative index products (in particular, iTraxx and CDX indices) within its risk limits.

The main strategies used include:

- Portfolio macro-exposure via sales of protection on iTraxx/CDX indices, in particular, and buys of receiver options or sells of payer options on iTraxx/CDX indices, in particular;
- Portfolio macro-hedging via purchases of protection on iTraxx/CDX indices, in particular, and sells of receiver option or buys of payer options on iTraxx/CDX indices, in particular.

Other Transactions used by the Master Fund

Term deposits:

The Master Fund may make term deposits with one or several credit institutions in order to fulfil its investment objective and to manage its cash, within a limit of 10% of its net assets.

Cash borrowings:

The Master Fund may borrow cash, up to a maximum 10% of its assets, to deal with occasional cash flow needs (transactions linked to ongoing investments/disinvestments, subscriptions/redemptions, etc.).

Transactions involving temporary acquisitions and/or disposals of securities:

- Kinds of transaction used:
 - repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements in line with the French Monetary and Financial Code;
 - securities lending and borrowing in line with the French Monetary and Financial Code

These transactions will concern all authorised assets excluding UCIs as described in the “Assets used (excluding embedded derivatives)” section. These assets are held with the depositary of the Master Fund.

- Nature of the investments:

The trades shall chiefly aim to facilitate adjustments to the portfolio in response to fluctuations in assets, as well as facilitating the investment of cash flows.

- Summary of proportions used:

Types of transactions	Reverse repurchase agreements	Repurchase agreements	Securities lending	Borrowing of securities
Maximum proportion (of net assets)	10%	10%	10%	10%
Expected proportion (of net assets)	Between 0% and 10%	Between 0% and 10%	Between 0% and 10%	Between 0% and 10%

- Fees: additional information is given in the “Costs and Fees” section of the Master Fund prospectus.

Fees and expenses of the Master Fund (T-unit)⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Maximum Subscription fee (not accruing to the Fund)	5% ⁽³⁾
Maximum Redemption fee (accruing or not to the Fund)	n/a
Maximum Management fees - including Administration Fee, Depositary Fee, auditor fees (including tax)	0,15%
Turnover commissions charged by the Management Company	Between €10 and €50 per transaction depending on the kind of transactions
Performance fees	n/a

⁽¹⁾ Exceptional legal costs for the recovery of the Fund's receivables may be added to the fees invoiced to the Fund as listed above.

⁽²⁾ The costs related to contributions owed to the AMF may be added to the fees invoiced to the Fund as listed above.

⁽³⁾ The Compartment will not pay any subscription or redemption fees while investing in T-unit of the Master Fund.

Risk profile of the Master Fund

The Master Fund is most suitable for investors who have an investment horizon longer than five years.

Availability of prospectus of the Master Fund

The Master Fund's prospectus, latest annual and semi-annual reports are available within a week upon request at the registered officer of the Company.

For further information regarding the fees and expenses paid by the Master Fund, reference is made of the Master Fund's prospectus, as well as the annual report of the Company.

These documents are also available on the website : www.cpr-am.com.

Risk Management:

The method used to calculate overall exposure of the Compartment is the commitment calculation method.

Interaction between the Compartment and the Master fund:

Information flow between the Compartment and the Master Fund

The Compartment and the Master Fund being both managed by Management Company, the internal business rules of conduct have been implemented, in order to ensure the compliance of the Compartment and the Master with the provisions of the Law, the exchange of information and the coordination of the timing of the NAV computation and publication.

Information flow between the Depositary and the Master Fund's depositary bank

The Depositary and the Master Fund's depositary bank have entered into an information-sharing agreement in order to ensure the fulfilment of their respective duties.

Information flow between the Auditor and the independent auditor of the Master Fund

The Auditor and the independent auditor of the Master Fund have entered into an information-sharing agreement in order to ensure the fulfilment of their respective duties.

Profile of typical investor in the Compartment:

All investors who:

- want to invest in an actively managed diversified portfolio and according to a long term strategy;
- can afford to immobilize their capital for at least 5 years;
- accept to bear the risk of capital loss. It is possible that the Subscriber does not find its capital invested at the end of the minimum of investment recommended duration of 5 years.

Compartment's Benchmark: The Compartment's Benchmark is the same as that of the Master.

Compartment's Performance Indicators: For information purposes, the composite indicator [20% J.P. Morgan GBI Global Index Hedge Return denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class and 80% MSCI World Index Net Return denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class (net dividends reinvested)] serve a posteriori as indicators for assessing the Compartment's performance and, for the relevant Share Classes, calculating the performance fees. The MSCI World Index is, as at the date of this Prospectus, provided by MSCI Limited which is listed in the register referred to in article 36 of the Benchmarks Regulation as an administrator authorised pursuant to article 34 of the Benchmarks Regulation. The J.P. Morgan GBI Global Index Hedge Return is, as at the date of this Prospectus, provided by J.P. Morgan Securities LLC which is not yet listed in the register referred to in article 36 of the Benchmarks Regulation, as it is an entity located in a country outside of the European Union (U.S.A.) and does not comply with the conditions laid down in article 30(1) of the Benchmarks Regulation nor has it acquired recognition in accordance with article 32 of the Benchmarks Regulation.

Compartment's Main and Specific Risk Factors:

The Compartment being invested in the Master Fund is therefore exposed to the risk represented by the evolutions of the instruments' markets in which the Master Fund invests.

The main general risks are the followings:

- Capital loss
- Equity and Market risks
- Interest rate and market risk
- Credit risk
- Risks related to investments in emerging countries

- Currency risk
- Counterparty risk
- Performance risk
- Liquidity risk linked to temporary purchases and sales of securities

Please refer to the Master Fund prospectus for more information on the risks associated with an investment in the Master Fund.

Conflicts of interest

The Feeder Compartment and the Master Fund have the same Management Company. The Management Company has established and implemented a conflicts of interest policy that contains appropriate measures to mitigate such conflicts of interests.

Shares Characteristics / Subscription and Redemption conditions :

Business Day : A full business day on which banks and Eligible Markets are opened in Luxembourg and Paris.

Valuation Day : Every Business Day / **Calculation Day** : The business day following the Valuation Day

Cut-off Time : 9.00 a.m. on the relevant Valuation Day

Subscription and Redemption Settlement Day : 3 business Days after the relevant Valuation Day

Main Share Classes

CPR Invest – Dynamic				Fees for Share transactions		Annual Fees		
Share Classe	ISIN Code	Currency	Minimum Initial Subscription	Subscription (max)	Conversion (max)	Management (max)	Administration (max)	Performance Fee max. (including tax) ⁽¹⁾
A - Acc	LU1203020190	EUR	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	1,40%	0,30%	25% ⁽²⁾
I - Acc	LU1203020356	EUR	One Share	5,00%	5,00%	0,65%	0,20%	25% ⁽²⁾
R – Acc	LU1530898763	EUR	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	0,65%	0,30%	25% ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ Reference Value: 20% J.P. Morgan GBI Global Index Hedge Return (denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class) +80% MSCI World Index Net Return (denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class).

⁽²⁾ of the performance realized by the Compartment relevant Shares Class above that of the reference asset during the Accounting Year*.

* From 1st January 2019 : ⁽²⁾ of the performance realized by the Compartment relevant Shares Class above that of the reference asset during the Accounting Year, up to a maximum of 2% including tax of the net assets.

For a complete list of sub-funds and share classes currently available, go to www.cpr-am.lu/Cpr-Invest.

APPENDIX 6. CPR Invest – Global Silver Age

Objective and Investment Policy

Objective

The Compartment's objective is to outperform global equity markets over the long-term period (minimum of five years) by taking advantage of the dynamics of international securities associated with the ageing of the population.

Management Process

The investment strategy of the Compartment consists in taking advantage of a major demographic trend, namely the ageing of the population. The objective is to select the best-performing international securities (in particular the USA, Canada, Europe in the geographical sense, Japan, Hong Kong and Australia) in various sectors that may benefit from the ageing of the population (pharmaceuticals, medical equipment, savings, leisure activities, dependence, security, well-being, automobile, etc.) based on criteria for fundamental and quantitative analysis, liquidity, and market capitalization. In the context of this theme, the Compartment may also be exposed up to 25% of its assets in securities from emerging countries. The Compartment management process is based on a combined approach, namely a top-down sectorial allocation process, and a bottom-up stock selection process.

The Compartment's equity exposure will be between 75% and 120% of its assets.

Through its construction, the Compartment totally excludes some sectors and securities that are not related to its theme, and is therefore likely to show significant performance differences compared with a global equity index (e.g. MSCI World), including over relatively extended time periods.

Investments

The Compartment is invested for at least 75% of its assets in equity and equity equivalent securities of any country, without constraints of capitalization relating to the theme. The Compartment may invest up to 25% of its assets in the equities or similar securities of issuers in emerging countries (including China A Shares via Stock Connect within a maximum of 25% of its assets). While complying with the above policies, for the remaining part of its assets, the Compartment may also invest in other instruments as described in section 4.2 "Specific Investment Policies for each Compartment" of the prospectus (including, within the limit of 10% of its assets, units or shares in UCIs.).

Derivatives

Derivative instruments will be used for hedging, exposure purposes and efficient portfolio management. Derivatives used are Futures on currencies and equities, Options on equities; Swaps: on currencies, warrants on equities, Forex Forwards.

Transactions involving temporary acquisitions and/or disposals of securities:

<u>Types of transactions</u>	<u>Reverse repurchase agreements</u>	<u>Repurchase agreements</u>	<u>Securities lending</u>	<u>Borrowing of securities</u>
<u>Maximum proportion (of net assets)</u>	<u>20%</u>	<u>10%</u>	<u>90%</u>	<u>10%</u>
<u>Expected proportion (of net assets)</u>	<u>5%</u>	<u>0%</u>	<u>40%</u>	<u>5%</u>

Base currency: EUR

Benchmark: No

Performance Indicator: For information purposes, the MSCI World Net Total Return Index denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class (net dividends reinvested) serves a posteriori as an indicator for assessing the Compartment's performance and, for the relevant Share Classes, calculating the performance fees. The MSCI World Net Total Return Index is, as at the date of this Prospectus, provided by MSCI Limited which is listed in the register referred to in article 36 of the Benchmarks Regulation as an administrator authorized pursuant to article 34 of the Benchmarks Regulation.

Main Risks (See "Risk Descriptions" for more information.)

- Capital loss risk
- Equity and Market risks (including Small capitalisation and Emerging market related risk)
- Currency risk (including Currency risk related to emerging countries)
- Counterparty risk
- Performance risk compared with an equity market index
- Derivatives
- Liquidity risk
- Liquidity risk linked to temporary purchases and sales of securities
- Country Risk : China
- Credit Risk
- Interest rate

Risk management method : Commitment

Profile of typical investor:

All investors who:

- want to invest in a portfolio of which the main investment focus is to select the best performing international securities in various sectors that may benefit from the ageing of the population;
- can afford to immobilize their capital for at least 5 years;
- accept to bear the risk of capital loss. The investor might not recover its invested capital at the end of the recommended 5 years minimum investment period.

Shares Characteristics / Subscription and Redemption conditions :

Business Day : A Business Day on which banks and Eligible Markets are opened in Luxembourg, Paris and New York.

Valuation Day : Every Business Day / **Calculation Day :** The Business Day following the Valuation Day

Cut-off Time : 14:00 on the relevant Valuation Day

Subscription and Redemption Settlement Day : 3 Business Days after the relevant Valuation Day, except for T1 – Dist Share Class for which it is 1 Business Day after the relevant Valuation Day

Main Share Classes

CPR Invest – Global Silver Age				Fees for Share transactions		Annual Fees		
Share Classe	ISIN Code	Currency	Minimum Initial Subscription	Subscription (max)	Conversion (max)	Management (max)	Administration (max)	Performance Fee max. (including tax) ⁽¹⁾
A – Acc	LU1291158233	EUR	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	1,50%	0,30%	15 % ⁽²⁾
I – Acc	LU1291158316	EUR	One Share	5,00%	5,00%	0,75%	0,20%	15 % ⁽²⁾
R – Acc	LU1530898920	EUR	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	1,00%	0,30%	15 % ⁽²⁾

(1) Reference Value : MSCI World Net Total Return Index (denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class).

(2) of the performance realized by the Compartment relevant Share Class above the reference asset during the Accounting Year, up to a maximum of 2% including tax of the net assets.

For a complete list of sub-funds and share classes currently available, go to www.cpr-am.lu/Cpr-Invest.

APPENDIX 7. CPR Invest – Global Disruptive Opportunities

Investment Objective and Policy

Investment Objective

The Compartment's objective is to outperform global equity markets over a long-term period (minimum of five years) by investing in shares of companies which either establish or benefit - fully or partly - from disruptive business models.

Investment Policy

The investment strategy of the Compartment aims to select Companies' securities which are game changers, i.e. innovative companies which create a new market (new products, services, solutions, distribution channels...) that can challenge and finally overtake existing business models.

Securities benefit from structural changes related to disruption, in all countries, including emerging markets. Disruption might also occur in all economic sectors, for example, healthcare, internet economy, technology, industrials, environment, financials....

The Compartment uses a mix of a top-down and a bottom-up approach.

The Compartment equity exposure will be between 75% and 120% of its assets.

Through its construction, the Compartment is focused on disruptive businesses and is therefore likely to show significant performance deviation over relatively extended time periods, when compared to a global equity index (e.g. MSCI World).

Investments

The Compartment is invested for at least 75% of its assets in equity and equity equivalent securities of any country, without constraints of capitalization. Among this proportion of 75% of its assets, the Compartment may invest in China A shares via Stock Connect within a maximum of 25% of its assets. While complying with the

above policies, for the remaining part of its assets, the Compartment may also invest in other instruments as described in section 4.2 "Specific Investment Policies for each Compartment" of the prospectus (including, within the limit of 10% of its assets, units or shares in UCIs.)

Derivatives

Derivative instruments will be used for hedging, arbitrage, exposure purposes and efficient portfolio management. Derivatives used are Futures and Options on currencies, equities/market indices and interest rates; Swaps: on currencies, equities and indices; Warrants on equities, Forex Forwards: forward purchases of currency, forward sales of currency.

Transactions involving temporary acquisitions and/or disposals of securities:

<u>Types of transactions</u>	<u>Reverse repurchase agreements</u>	<u>Repurchase agreements</u>	<u>Securities lending</u>	<u>Borrowing of securities</u>
<u>Maximum proportion (of net assets)</u>	<u>20%</u>	<u>10%</u>	<u>90%</u>	<u>10%</u>
<u>Expected proportion (of net assets)</u>	<u>5%</u>	<u>0%</u>	<u>40%</u>	<u>5%</u>

Reference Currency: EUR

Benchmark: No

Performance Indicator: For information purposes, the MSCI World Net Total Return Index denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class (net dividends reinvested) serves a posteriori as an indicator for assessing the Compartment's performance and, for the relevant Share Classes, calculating the performance fees. The MSCI World Net Total Return Index is, as at the date of this Prospectus, provided by MSCI Limited which is listed in the register referred to in article 36 of the Benchmarks Regulation as an administrator authorized pursuant to article 34 of the Benchmarks Regulation.

Main Risks (See "Risk Descriptions" for more information)

- Capital loss risk
- Equity and Market risks (including Small capitalisation and Emerging market related risk)
- Currency risk (including Currency risk related to emerging countries)
- Counterparty risk
- Performance risk compared with an equity market index
- Derivatives
- Liquidity risk
- Liquidity risk linked to temporary purchases and sales of securities
- Country Risk : China
- Credit Risk
- Interest rate

Risk management method : Commitment

Profile of typical investor: all investors who :

- want to invest in a portfolio of which the main investment focus is to select shares of companies which create a new market that can challenge and finally overtake existing business models.
- can afford to immobilize their capital for at least 5 years;
- accept to bear the risk of capital loss.

The investor might not recover its invested capital at the end of the recommended 5 years minimum investment period.

Shares Characteristics / Subscription and Redemption conditions :

Business Day : A Business Day on which banks and Eligible Markets are opened in Luxembourg, Paris and New York.

Valuation Day : Every Business Day / **Calculation Day :** The Business Day following the Valuation Day

Cut-off Time : 14:00 on the relevant Valuation Day

Subscription and Redemption Settlement Day : 3 Business Days after the relevant Valuation Day

Main Share Classes

CPR Invest – Global Disruptive Opportunities				Fees for Share transactions		Annual Fees		
Share Classe	ISIN Code	Currency	Minimum Initial Subscription	Subscription (max)	Conversion (max)	Management (max)	Administration (max)	Performance Fee max. (including tax) ⁽¹⁾
A – Acc	LU1530899142	EUR	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	2,00%	0,30%	15 % ⁽²⁾
I- Acc	LU1530899811	EUR	One Share	5,00%	5,00%	0,90%	0,20%	15 % ⁽²⁾
R – Acc	LU1530900684	EUR	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	1,00%	0,30%	15 % ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ Reference Value : MSCI World Net Total Return Index (denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class)

⁽²⁾ of the performance realized by the Compartment relevant Share Class above the reference asset during a one year period, up to a maximum of 2% of the net assets. The one year period will start April 1 and end March 31 of the next year. Exceptionally the first period of calculation will begin at the launch of the compartment and end March 31, 2018.

For a complete list of sub-funds and share classes currently available, go to www.cpr-am.lu/Cpr-Invest.

APPENDIX 8. CPR Invest – Europe Special Situations

Investment Objective and Policy

Investment Objective

The Compartment's objective is to outperform european equity markets over the long-term period (minimum of five years) by investing in shares of companies whose valuation is likely to improve due to the ongoing or upcoming restructuring of their activities.

Investment Policy

The Compartment's investment universe is centered on shares of companies from the European Union, Norway and Switzerland that are undergoing restructuring.

The manager sees restructuring as an ongoing investment theme that offers opportunities in all phases of the economic cycle.

The investment process aims to identify companies that are or will be subject to restructuring operations such as cost-cutting, asset disposals, deleveraging, mergers and acquisitions, changes in management and delisting,

The Compartment offers a medium-term investment horizon (five years).

The Compartment uses a bottom-up approach that focuses on stock selection.

The Compartment, which has a high volatility due to its focus on corporate restructuring and its concentration in a limited number of securities, is regularly monitored for risk.

The Compartment's equity exposure will be between 75% and 120% of its assets.

Investments

The Compartment's investment universe is centered on equities from the European Union, Norway and Switzerland. The Compartment is invested for at least 75% of its assets in the equity of companies headquartered in a member state of the European

Union or in a state that is a party to the Agreement on the European Economic Area which has signed a tax treaty with France containing an administrative assistance provision against fraud and tax evasion.

While complying with the above policies, for the remaining part of its assets, the Compartment may also invest in other instruments as described in section 4.2 "Specific Investment Policies for each Compartment" of the prospectus (including, within the limit of 10% of its assets, units or shares in UCIs.)

Transactions involving temporary acquisitions and/or disposals of securities:

<u>Types of transactions</u>	<u>Reverse repurchase agreements</u>	<u>Repurchase agreements</u>	<u>Securities lending</u>	<u>Borrowing of securities</u>
<u>Maximum proportion (of net assets)</u>	<u>20%</u>	<u>10%</u>	<u>90%</u>	<u>10%</u>
<u>Expected proportion (of net assets)</u>	<u>5%</u>	<u>0%</u>	<u>40%</u>	<u>5%</u>

Derivatives

Derivative instruments will be used for hedging, arbitrage, exposure purposes and efficient portfolio management.

Derivatives used are Futures and Options on currencies, equities/market indices and interest rates, Swaps: on currencies, equities and indices, Warrants on equities, Forex Forwards: forward purchases of currency, forward sales of currency.

Reference Currency: EUR

Benchmark: No

Performance Indicator: For information purposes, the MSCI Europe Net Total Return Index denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class (net dividends reinvested) serves a posteriori as an indicator for assessing the Compartment's performance and, for the relevant Share Classes, calculating the performance fees. The MSCI Europe Net Total Return Index is, as at the date of this Prospectus, provided by MSCI Limited which is listed in the register referred to in article 36 of the Benchmarks Regulation as an administrator authorized pursuant to article 34 of the Benchmarks Regulation.

Main Risks (See "Risk Descriptions" for more information)

- Capital loss risk
- Equity and Market risks (including Small capitalisation and Emerging market related risk)
- Currency risk (including Currency risk related to emerging countries)
- Counterparty risk
- Performance risk compared with an equity market index
- Derivatives
- Liquidity risk
- Liquidity risk linked to temporary purchases and sales of securities
- Credit Risk
- Interest rate

Risk management method : Commitment

Profile of typical investor: all investors who :

- want to invest in a portfolio of which the main investment focus is to select shares of companies whose valuation is likely to improve due to the ongoing or upcoming restructuring of their activities.
 - can afford to immobilize their capital for at least 5 years;
 - accept to bear the risk of capital loss.
- The investor might not recover its invested capital at the end of the recommended 5 years minimum investment period.

Shares Characteristics / Subscription and Redemption conditions :

Business Day : A Business Day on which banks and Eligible Markets are opened in Luxembourg and Paris.

Valuation Day : Every Business Day / **Calculation Day :** The Business Day following the Valuation Day

Cut-off Time : 12:25 on the relevant Valuation Day

Subscription and Redemption Settlement Day : 3 Business Days after the relevant Valuation Day

Main Share Classes

CPR Invest – Europe Special Situations				Fees for Share transactions		Annual Fees		
Share Classe	ISIN Code	Currency	Minimum Initial Subscription	Subscription (max)	Conversion (max)	Management (max)	Administration (max)	Performance Fee max. (including tax) (1)
A – Acc	LU1530900841	EUR	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	1,50%	0,30%	15 % ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾
I- Acc	LU1530901146	EUR	One Share	5,00%	5,00%	0,75%	0,20%	15 % ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾
R – Acc	LU1530901229	EUR	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	1,00%	0,30%	15 % ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾

⁽¹⁾ Reference Value: MSCI Europe Net Total Return Index (denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class)

⁽²⁾ of the performance realized by the Compartment relevant Share Class above the reference asset during the Accounting Year, up to a maximum of 2% of the net assets.

⁽³⁾ The first calculation period of the Performance Fee shall start at the launch of the Share Class t and end at the close of the Accounting Year, December 31, 2017.

For a complete list of sub-funds and share classes currently available, go to www.cpr-am.lu/Cpr-Invest.

APPENDIX 9. CPR Invest – Food For Generations

Investment Objective and Policy

Investment Objective

The compartment's objective is to outperform global equity markets over a long-term period (minimum of five years) by investing in international equities involved in the entire food value chain.

Investment Policy

The investment strategy of the Compartment aims to select securities of companies involved in agriculture, forest, water, food and beverage production and distribution, restaurants and all related activities.

The investment process takes into account a sustainable approach by excluding certain companies with high environmental social and governance controversies. The Compartment uses a mix of a top-down (sector allocation) and a bottom-up approach.

The Compartment equity exposure will be between 75% and 120% of its assets.

Through its construction, the Compartment is focused on certain sectors. It is therefore likely to show significant performance deviation over relatively extended time periods, when compared to a global equity index (e.g. MSCI World).

Investments

The Compartment is invested for at least 75% of its assets in equity and equity equivalent securities of any country without constraints of capitalization. Among this proportion of 75% of its assets, the Compartment may invest in China A shares via Stock Connect within a maximum of 25% of its assets. The investments in Russia will be made on the MICEX-RTS. While complying with the above policies, for the remaining part of its assets, the Compartment may also invest in other instruments as

described in section 4.2 "Specific Investment Policies for each Compartment" of the prospectus (including, within the limit of 10% of its assets, units or shares in UCIs.)

Derivatives

Derivative instruments will be used for hedging, arbitrage, exposure purposes and efficient portfolio management. Derivatives used are Futures and Options on currencies, equities/market indices and interest rates; Swaps: on currencies, equities and indices; Warrants on equities, Forex Forwards: forward purchases of currency, forward sales of currency.

Transactions involving temporary acquisitions and/or disposals of securities:

<u>Types of transactions</u>	<u>Reverse repurchase agreements</u>	<u>Repurchase agreements</u>	<u>Securities lending</u>	<u>Borrowing of securities</u>
<u>Maximum proportion (of net assets)</u>	<u>20%</u>	<u>10%</u>	<u>90%</u>	<u>10%</u>
<u>Expected proportion (of net assets)</u>	<u>5%</u>	<u>0%</u>	<u>40%</u>	<u>5%</u>

Reference Currency: EUR

Benchmark: No

Performance Indicator: For information purposes, the MSCI World Net Total Return Index denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class (net dividends reinvested) serves a posteriori as an indicator for assessing the Compartment's performance and, for the relevant Share Classes, calculating the performance fees. The MSCI World Net Total Return Index is, as at the date of this Prospectus, provided by MSCI Limited which is listed in the register referred to in article 36 of the Benchmarks Regulation as an administrator authorized pursuant to article 34 of the Benchmarks Regulation.

Main Risks (See "Risk Descriptions" for more information)

- Capital loss risk
- Equity and Market risks (including Small capitalisation and Emerging market related risk)
- Currency risk (including Currency risk related to emerging countries)
- Counterparty risk
- Performance risk compared with an equity market index
- Derivatives
- Liquidity risk
- Liquidity risk linked to temporary purchases and sales of securities
- Country Risk : China
- Credit Risk
- Interest rate

Risk management method : Commitment

Profile of typical investor: all investors who :

- want to invest in a portfolio of which the main investment focus is to select international equities involved in the entire food value chain.
- can afford to immobilize their capital for at least 5 years;
- accept to bear the risk of capital loss.

The investor might not recover its invested capital at the end of the recommended 5 years minimum investment period.

Shares Characteristics / Subscription and Redemption conditions :

Business Day : A Business Day on which banks and Eligible Markets are opened in Luxembourg, Paris and New York.

Valuation Day : Every Business Day / **Calculation Day :** The Business Day following the Valuation Day

Cut-off Time : 14:00 on the relevant Valuation Day

Subscription and Redemption Settlement Day : 3 Business Days after the relevant Valuation Day

Main Share Classes

CPR Invest – Food For Generations				Fees for Share transactions		Annual Fees		
Share Classe	ISIN Code	Currency	Minimum Initial Subscription	Subscription (max)	Conversion (max)	Management (max)	Administration (max)	Performance Fee max. (including tax) ⁽¹⁾
A - Acc	LU1653748860	EUR	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	1,50%	0,30%	15 % ⁽²⁾
I - Acc	LU1653749918	EUR	One Share	5,00%	5,00%	0,75%	0,20%	15 % ⁽²⁾
R – Acc	LU1653750171	EUR	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	1,00%	0,30%	15 % ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ Reference Value : MSCI World Net Total Return Index (denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class)

⁽²⁾ of the performance realized by the Compartment relevant Share Class above the reference asset during a one year period, up to a maximum of 2% of the net assets.

The one year period will start Oct 1 and end Sept 30 of the next year. Exceptionally the first period of calculation will begin at the launch of the compartment and end Sept 30, 2018.

For a complete list of sub-funds and share classes currently available, go to www.cpr-am.lu/Cpr-Invest.

APPENDIX 10. CPR Invest – Megatrends

Investment Objective and Policy

Investment Objective

The Compartment's objective is to outperform global equity markets over a long-term period (minimum of five years) by investing in equity funds or equities that benefit from global thematic trends.

Investment Policy

The investment strategy of the Compartment aims to select equity funds or equities which will benefit from economic, social, demographic, technological, regulatory or environmental structural shifts.

The Compartment uses a mix of a top-down (thematic allocation) and a bottom-up approach.

The Compartment equity exposure will be between 75% and 120% of its assets.

Through its construction, the Compartment may be focused on certain thematic and therefore show significant performance deviation over relatively extended time periods, when compared to a global equity index (e.g. MSCI World).

Investments

The Compartment is invested up to 100% of its assets in units or shares of UCIs.

The Compartment is invested for at least 75% of its assets in equity funds or equities of any country (including emerging markets within a maximum of 25% of its assets) without constraints of capitalization.

While complying with the above policies, for the remaining part of its assets, the Compartment may also invest in other instruments as described in section 4.2 "Specific Investment Policies for each Compartment" of the prospectus.

Derivatives

Derivative instruments will be used for hedging, exposure purposes and efficient portfolio management. Derivatives used are Futures and Options on currencies and equities/market indices; Swaps: on currencies, equities and indices; Forex Forwards: forward purchases of currency, forward sales of currency.

Transactions involving temporary acquisitions and/or disposals of securities:

<u>Types of transactions</u>	<u>Reverse repurchase agreements</u>	<u>Repurchase agreements</u>
<u>Maximum proportion (of net assets)</u>	<u>5%</u>	<u>5%</u>
<u>Expected proportion (of net assets)</u>	<u>0%</u>	<u>0%</u>

The Compartment will not use securities lending and borrowing transactions and total return swaps.

Reference Currency : EUR

Benchmark : No

Performance Indicator: For information purposes, the MSCI World Net Total Return Index denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class (net dividends reinvested) serves a posteriori as an indicator for assessing the Compartment's performance and, for the relevant Share Classes, calculating the performance fees. The MSCI World Net Total Return Index is, as at the date of this Prospectus, provided by MSCI Limited which is listed in the register referred to in article 36 of the Benchmarks Regulation as an administrator authorized pursuant to article 34 of the Benchmarks Regulation.

Main Risks (See "Risk Descriptions" for more information)

- Capital loss risk
- Equity and Market risks (including Small capitalisation and Emerging market related risk)
- Currency risk (including Currency risk related to emerging countries)
- Counterparty risk
- Performance risk compared with an equity market index
- Derivatives
- Liquidity risk
- Liquidity risk linked to temporary purchases and sales of securities
- Credit Risk
- Interest rate

Risk management method : Commitment

Profile of typical investor: all investors who :

- want to invest in a portfolio whose main focus is to invest in equity funds or equities that benefit from global thematic trends.
- can afford to immobilize their capital for at least 5 years;
- accept to bear the risk of capital loss.

The investor might not recover its invested capital at the end of the recommended 5 years minimum investment period.

Shares Characteristics / Subscription and Redemption conditions :

Business Day : A Business Day on which banks and Eligible Markets are opened in Luxembourg, Paris and New York.

Valuation Day : Every Business Day / **Calculation Day :** The Business Day following the Valuation Day

Cut-off Time : 9:00 on the relevant Valuation Day

Subscription and Redemption Settlement Day : 3 Business Days after the relevant Valuation Day

Main Share Classes :

CPR Invest – Megatrends				Fees for Share transactions		Annual Fees			
Share Classe	ISIN Code	Currency	Minimum Initial Subscription	Subscription (max)	Conversion (max)	Management (max)	Indirect (max)	Administration (max)	Performance Fee max. (including tax) (1)
A - Acc	LU1734693812	EUR	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	1,40%	0,70%	0,30%	15 % ⁽²⁾
I - Acc	LU1734694208	EUR	One Share	5,00%	5,00%	0,60%	0,70%	0,20%	15 % ⁽²⁾
R – Acc	LU1734694380	EUR	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	0,80%	0,70%	0,30%	15 % ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ Reference Value : MSCI World Net Total Return Index (denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class).

⁽²⁾ of the performance realized by the Compartment relevant Share Class above the reference asset during the one year calculation period, up to a maximum of 2% of the net assets. The one year calculation period will start on January 1 and will end on December 31. Exceptionally, the first calculation period of the performance fee will start at the launch of the relevant Share Class and will end on December 31 (with a minimum calculation period of one year).

For a complete list of Compartments and share classes currently available, go to www.cpr-am.lu/Cpr-Invest.

APPENDIX 11. CPR Invest – GEAR Emerging

Investment Objective and Policy

Investment Objective

The Compartment's objective CPR Invest – Global Equity All Regime Emerging (CPR Invest – GEAR Emerging) is to outperform over a long-term period (minimum of five years) the MSCI Emerging Markets .

Investment Policy

The investment process consists in defining stock selection strategy (single/multi factors strategies) according to market regimes.

The initial investment universe is made up of about 2000 stocks of emerging countries including all the MSCI Emerging Market stocks. The securities that are likely to be included in the portfolio are identified after applying different kinds of filters , for example market capitalization and liquidity filters.

Furthermore financial criteria are applied to come up with a final portfolio which consists of around 100-150 stocks. It may vary significantly from its benchmark in terms of country and sector.

The investment process is notably based on technology developed by the Management Company in house

The Compartment equity exposure will be between 75% and 120% of its assets.

The maximum Compartment currency risk exposure on all currencies of the emerging countries will be 120% of its assets.

Investments

The Compartment is invested for at least 75% of its assets in equity and equity equivalent securities of any emerging countries including China A shares (via Stock Connect) without constraints of sector and capitalization. While complying with the above policies, for the remaining part of its assets, the Compartment may also invest in other instruments as described in section 4.2 "Specific Investment Policies for each Compartment" of the Prospectus (including, within the limit of 10% of its assets, units or shares in UCIs.)

Derivatives

Derivative instruments will be used for hedging, exposure purposes and efficient portfolio management. Derivatives used are Futures and Options on currencies and equities/market indices; Swap s: on currencies, equities and indices; Forex Forwards: forward purchases of currency, forward sales of currency.

Transactions involving temporary acquisitions and/or disposals of securities:

<u>Types of transactions</u>	<u>Reverse repurchase agreements</u>	<u>Repurchase agreements</u>	<u>Securities lending</u>	<u>Borrowing of securities</u>
<u>Maximum proportion (of net assets)</u>	10%	10%	100%	10%
<u>Expected proportion (of net assets)</u>	0%	0%	20%	0%

Reference Currency : EUR

Benchmark : MSCI Emerging Markets (NR), net dividends reinvested, denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class.

Performance Indicator: For information purposes, the MSCI Emerging Markets (NR), net dividends reinvested, denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class serves a posteriori as an indicator for assessing the Compartment's performance and, for the relevant Share Classes, calculating the performance fees.

The MSCI Emerging Markets index is, as at the date of this Prospectus, provided by MSCI Limited which is listed in the register referred to in article 36 of the Benchmarks Regulation as an administrator authorised pursuant to article 34 of the Benchmarks Regulation.

Main Risks (See "Risk Descriptions" for more information)

- Capital loss risk
- Equity and Market risks (including Small capitalisation related risk)
- Emerging market risk
- Currency risk (including Currency risk related to emerging countries)
- Counterparty risk
- Performance risk compared with an equity market index
- Derivatives
- Liquidity risk
- Liquidity risk linked to temporary purchases and sales of securities
- Country Risk : China
- Credit Risk
- Interest rate

Risk management method : Commitment

Profile of typical investor: all investors who :

- want to invest in a portfolio whose main focus is to invest in emerging markets equities.
- can afford to immobilize their capital for at least 5 years;
- accept to bear the risk of capital loss.

The investor might not recover its invested capital at the end of the recommended 5 years minimum investment period.

Shares Characteristics / Subscription and Redemption conditions :

Business Day : A Business Day on which banks and Eligible Markets are opened in Luxembourg, Paris, Hong-Kong and New-York.

Valuation Day : Every Business Day / **Calculation Day :** The Business Day following the Valuation Day

Cut-off Time : 16:00 the day before the relevant Valuation Day

Subscription and Redemption Settlement Day : 2 Business Days after the relevant Valuation Day

Main Share Classes :

CPR Invest – GEAR Emerging				Fees for Share transactions		Management (max)	Administration (max)	Performance Fee max. (including tax) (1)
Share Classe	ISIN Code	Currency	Minimum Initial Subscription	Subscription (max)	Conversion (max)			
A - Acc	LU1811398467	EUR	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	1,80%	0,30%	20 % ⁽²⁾
I - Acc	LU1811398624	EUR	100 000 euros	5,00%	5,00%	0,90%	0,20%	20 % ⁽²⁾
R – Acc	LU1811398970	EUR	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	1%	0,30%	20 % ⁽²⁾

(1)

Reference Value : MSCI Emerging Markets (NR), net dividends reinvested (denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class)

⁽²⁾ of the performance realized by the Compartment relevant Share Class above the reference asset during the one year calculation period, up to a maximum of 1,50% of the net assets. The one year calculation period will start on January 1 and will end on December 31. Exceptionally, the first calculation period of the performance fee will start at the launch of the Compartment and will end on December 31 (with a minimum calculation period of one year).

For a complete list of Compartments and share classes currently available, go to www.cpr-am.lu/Cpr-Invest.

APPENDIX 12. CPR Invest – GEAR World

Investment Objective and Policy

Investment Objective

The Compartment's objective CPR Invest – Global Equity All Regime World (CPR Invest – GEAR World) is to outperform over a long-term period (minimum of five years) the MSCI World All Countries.

Investment Policy

The investment process consists in defining stock selection strategy (single/multi factors strategies) according to market regimes.

The initial investment universe is made up of about 8 000 stocks including all the MSCI World All Countries Index stocks. Then, The securities that are likely to be included in the portfolio are identified after applying different kinds of filters , for example market capitalization and liquidity filters.

Furthermore financial criteria are applied to come up with a final portfolio which consists of around 100-150 stocks. It may vary significantly from its benchmark in terms of country and sector.

The investment process is notably based on technology developed by the Management Company in house

The Compartment equity exposure will be between 75% and 120% of its assets.

The maximum Compartment currency risk exposure on all currencies will be 120% of its assets.

Investments

The Compartment is invested for at least 75% of its assets in equity and equity equivalent securities of any countries without constraints of sector and capitalization. Among this proportion of 75% of its assets, the Compartment may invest in China A

shares via Stock Connect within a maximum of 25% of its assets. While complying with the above policies, for the remaining part of its assets, the Compartment may also invest in other instruments as described in section 4.2 "Specific Investment Policies for each Compartment" of the Prospectus (including, within the limit of 10% of its assets, units or shares in UCIs.)

Derivatives

Derivative instruments will be used for hedging, exposure purposes and efficient portfolio management. Derivatives used are Futures and Options on currencies and equities/market indices; Swaps: on currencies, equities and indices; Forex Forwards: forward purchases of currency, forward sales of currency.

Transactions involving temporary acquisitions and/or disposals of securities:

<u>Types of transactions</u>	<u>Reverse repurchase agreements</u>	<u>Repurchase agreements</u>	<u>Securities lending</u>	<u>Borrowing of securities</u>
<u>Maximum proportion (of net assets)</u>	<u>10%</u>	<u>10%</u>	100%	10%
<u>Expected proportion (of net assets)</u>	<u>0%</u>	<u>0%</u>	20%	0%

Reference Currency : EUR

Benchmark : MSCI World All Countries (NR), net dividends reinvested, denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class.

Performance Indicator : For information purposes, the MSCI World All Countries (NR) denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class serves a posteriori as an indicator for assessing the Compartment's performance and, for the relevant Share Classes, calculating the performance fees.

The MSCI World All Countries index is, as at the date of this Prospectus, provided by MSCI Limited which is listed in the register referred to in article 36 of the Benchmarks Regulation as an administrator authorised pursuant to article 34 of the Benchmarks Regulation.

Main Risks (See "Risk Descriptions" for more information)

- Capital loss risk
- Equity and Market risks (including Small capitalisation and Emerging market related risk)
- Currency risk (including Currency risk related to emerging countries)
- Counterparty risk
- Performance risk compared with an equity market index
- Derivatives
- Liquidity risk
- Liquidity risk linked to temporary purchases and sales of securities
- Country Risk : China
- Credit Risk
- Interest rate

Risk management method : Commitment

Profile of typical investor: all investors who :

- want to invest in a portfolio whose main focus is to invest in international markets equities.
- can afford to immobilize their capital for at least 5 years;
- accept to bear the risk of capital loss.

The investor might not recover its invested capital at the end of the recommended 5 years minimum investment period.

Shares Characteristics / Subscription and Redemption conditions :

Business Day : A Business Day on which banks and Eligible Markets are opened in Luxembourg Paris, and New-York.

Valuation Day : Every Business Day / **Calculation Day :** The Business Day following the Valuation Day

Cut-off Time : 14:00 on the relevant Valuation Day

Subscription and Redemption Settlement Day : 2 Business Days after the relevant Valuation Day

Main Share Classes :

CPR Invest - GEAR World

Share Classe	ISIN Code	Currency	Minimum Initial Subscription	Fees for Share transactions		Management (max)	Administration (max)	Performance Fee max. (including tax) (1)
				Subscription (max)	Conversion (max)			
A - Acc	LU1811426342	EUR	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	1,50%	0,30%	20 % ⁽²⁾
I - Acc	LU1811426771	EUR	100 000 euros	5,00%	5,00%	0,75%	0,20%	20 % ⁽²⁾
R – Acc	LU1811426938	EUR	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	0,85%	0,30%	20 % ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ Reference Value : MSCI World All Countries net dividends reinvested (denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class).

⁽²⁾ of the performance realized by the Compartment relevant Share Class above the reference asset during the one year calculation period , up to a maximum of 1,50% of the net assets. The one year calculation period will start on April 1 and will end on March 31. Exceptionally, the first calculation period of the performance fee will start at the launch of the Compartment and will end on March 31 (with a minimum calculation period of one year).

For a complete list of Compartments and share classes currently available, go to www.cpr-am.lu/Cpr-Invest.

APPENDIX 13. CPR Invest – Education

Investment Objective and Policy

Investment Objective

The Compartment's objective is to outperform global equity markets over a long-term period (minimum of five years) by investing in international equities involved in the entire education ecosystem, while integrating Environmental, Social and Governance (E, S, and G – or, when taken together, ESG) criteria in the investment process. Education is the 4th United Nations Sustainable Development Goal (SDG).

Investment Policy

The investment strategy of the Compartment aims to select securities of companies involved in Educational Technology ; School, College & University management ; Student Accommodations; Education Financing ; Publishers & Content production ; Career Development/Recruitment ; Educational Supplies & Services and all related activities.

The Management Company integrates a sustainable approach by excluding companies based on the following:

- worst overall ESG scoring ;
- worst ratings on E, S and G specific criteria deemed relevant for the Education ecosystem ;
- high ESG controversies ;
- impact metrics.

The Compartment uses a mix of a top-down (sector allocation) and a bottom-up approach.

The Compartment equity exposure will be between 75% and 120% of its assets.

Through its construction, the Compartment is focused on certain sectors. It is therefore likely to show significant performance deviation over relatively extended time periods, when compared to a global equity index (e.g. MSCI ACWI).

Investments

The Compartment is invested for at least 75% of its assets in equity and equity equivalent securities of any country without constraints of capitalization. Among this proportion of 75% of its assets, the Compartment may invest in China A shares via Stock Connect within a maximum of 25% of its assets. While complying with the above policies, for the remaining part of its assets, the Compartment may also invest in other instruments as described in section 4.2 “Specific Investment Policies for each Compartment” of the prospectus (including, within the limit of 10% of its assets, units or shares in UCIs.)

Derivatives

Derivative instruments will be used for hedging, arbitrage, exposure purposes and efficient portfolio management. Derivatives used are Futures and Options on currencies, equity/market indices and interest rates; Swaps: on currencies, equities and indices; Warrants on equities, Forex Forwards: forward purchases of currency, forward sales of currency.

Transactions involving temporary acquisitions and/or disposals of securities:

<u>Types of transactions</u>	<u>Reverse repurchase agreements</u>	<u>Repurchase agreements</u>	<u>Securities lending</u>	<u>Borrowing of securities</u>
<u>Maximum proportion (of net assets)</u>	<u>20%</u>	<u>10%</u>	<u>90%</u>	<u>10%</u>
<u>Expected proportion (of net assets)</u>	<u>5%</u>	<u>0%</u>	<u>40%</u>	<u>5%</u>

Reference Currency: EUR

Benchmark: No

Performance Indicator: For information purposes, the MSCI All Country World (MSCI ACWI) Net Total Return Index denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class (net dividends reinvested) serves a posteriori as an indicator for assessing the Compartment's performance and, for the relevant Share Classes, calculating the performance fees. The MSCI All Countries World index is, as at the date of this Prospectus, provided by MSCI Limited which is listed in the register referred to in article 36 of the Benchmarks Regulation as an administrator authorised pursuant to article 34 of the Benchmarks Regulation.

Main Risks (See "Risk Descriptions" for more information)

- Capital loss risk
- Equity and Market risks (including Small capitalisation and Emerging market related risk)
- Currency risk (including Currency risk related to emerging countries)
- Counterparty risk

- Performance risk compared with an equity market index
- Derivatives
- Liquidity risk
- Liquidity risk linked to temporary purchases and sales of securities
- Country Risk : China
- Credit Risk
- Interest rate

Risk management method : Commitment

Profile of typical investor: all investors who :

- want to invest in a portfolio of which the main investment focus is to select international equities involved in the entire education ecosystem;
- can afford to immobilize their capital for at least 5 years;
- accept to bear the risk of capital loss.

The investor might not recover its invested capital at the end of the recommended 5 year minimum investment period.

Shares Characteristics / Subscription and Redemption conditions :

Business Day : A Business Day on which banks and Eligible Markets are opened in Luxembourg, Paris and New York.

Valuation Day : Every Business Day / **Calculation Day** : The Business Day following the Valuation Day

Cut-off Time : 14:00 on the relevant Valuation Day

Subscription and Redemption Settlement Day : 3 Business Days after the relevant Valuation Day

Main Share Classes

CPR Invest – Education				Fees for Share transactions		Annual Fees		
Share Classe	ISIN Code	Currency	Minimum Initial Subscription	Subscription (max)	Conversion (max)	Management (max)	Administration (max)	Performance Fee max. (including tax) (1)
A - Acc	LU1861294319	EUR	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	1,50%	0,30%	15 % ⁽²⁾
I - Acc	LU1861294582	EUR	100 000 euros	5,00%	5,00%	0,75%	0,20%	15 % ⁽²⁾
R – Acc	LU1861294665	EUR	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	0,85%	0,30%	15 % ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ Reference Value : MSCI World ACWI Net Total Return Index (denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class).

⁽²⁾ of the performance realized by the Compartment relevant Share Class above the reference asset during a one year period, up to a maximum of 2% of the net assets.
The one year period will start Oct 1 and end Sept 30 of the next year. Exceptionally the first period of calculation will begin at the launch of the compartment and end Sept 30, 2019.

For a complete list of sub-funds and share classes currently available, to www.cpr-am.lu/Cpr-Invest.

APPENDIX 14. CPR Invest - Smart Beta Credit ESG

Investment Objective and Policy

Investment Objective

The Compartment's objective is to outperform the BLOOMBERG BARCLAYS EURO-AGG CORPORATE Total Return, with lower risk, over any 3-year period, while integrating Environmental, Social and Governance (E, S, and G – or, when taken together, ESG) criteria in the investment process.

Investment Policy

The investment process is based on a quantitative approach aiming at providing a long-term performance higher than its index, with lower risk

To achieve this, the manager mainly relies on a systematic factorial model.

The Management Company integrates a sustainable approach by excluding companies based on both the worst overall ESG scoring and the worst ratings on E, S and G specific criteria.

Non-euro investments are aimed to be hedged against the euro.

The Compartment is managed within a range of modified duration of credit between [0; + 6].

The Compartment is managed within a range of modified duration of the interest rate between [0; +6].

Investments

The Compartment is invested for at least 75% of its assets in bonds denominated in euro issued by private issuers around the world. The Compartment may invest up to 25% of its assets in bonds denominated in one of the OECD currencies excluding euro. The Compartment mainly (75%) invests in securities rated "Investment Grade" i.e. whose ratings are between AAA and BBB- (as rated by S&P/ Fitch) or Aaa and Baa3 (as rated by Moody's), or considered equivalent by the Management Company's criteria based on its anticipation of the credit market trends.

The Compartment can be invested up to 20% of its assets in securities rated "Speculative Grade", at the time of their acquisition, i.e. whose ratings are below or equal 'BB+' (as rated by S&P/Fitch) or 'Ba1' (as rated by Moody's), or considered equivalent by the Management Company's criteria based on its anticipation of the credit market trends.

The Management Company leans, for the evaluation of credit risk and category, on his teams and its own methodology which integrates, among other factors, rating issued by the main rating agencies. The downgrade of issuer rating by one or several rating agencies does not impact in a systematic way the transfer of the concerned securities. The Management Company leans on its internal evaluation to estimate the opportunity to keep securities in the fund or not.

The Compartment will not invest in distressed default securities.

Derivatives

Derivative instruments may be used for hedging, arbitrage, exposure purposes and efficient portfolio management.

Derivatives used are: Credit Default Swap; Futures and Options on Rate Product, currency and credit product (including Credit Default Swap); Swaps: on Rate Product, currency and credit product (including Credit Default Swap) ; Forex Forwards: forward purchases of currency, forward sales of currency.

Transactions involving temporary acquisitions and/or disposals of securities:

<u>Types of transactions</u>	<u>Reverse repurchase agreements</u>	<u>Repurchase agreements</u>	<u>Securities lending</u>	<u>Borrowing of securities</u>
<u>Maximum proportion (of net assets)</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	0%	0%
<u>Expected proportion (of net assets)</u>	<u>20%</u>	<u>20%</u>	0%	0%

Reference Currency : EUR

Benchmark :

Bloomberg Barclays Euro-Agg Corporate Total Return Index denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class.

Performance Indicator(s) :

For information purposes, the Bloomberg Barclays Euro-Agg Corporate Total Return Index denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class serves a posteriori as an indicator for assessing the Compartment's performance or and, for the relevant Share Classes, calculating the performance fees on the relevant Share Classes.

The Bloomberg Barclays Euro-Agg Corporate Total Return Total Return index is, as at the date of this Prospectus, provided by Bloomberg Index Services Limited (BISL) who is availing of the transitional arrangements afforded under the Benchmark Regulation and accordingly does not appear on the register of administrators and benchmarks maintained by ESMA pursuant to article 36 of the Benchmark Regulation. The Prospectus will be updated upon registration of such benchmark administrator with the ESMA register.

Main Risks (See "Risk Descriptions" for more information)

- Capital loss risk
- Credit Risk
- High Yield Fixed Income Securities Risk
- Interest rate
- Counterparty risk
- Market Risk
- Emerging market risk
- Derivatives
- Liquidity risk
- Liquidity risk linked to temporary purchases and sales of securities
- Performance Risk
- Management Risk

Risk management method : Commitment

Profile of typical investor: all investors who :

- want to invest in a portfolio whose main focus is providing a long-term performance higher than its index, with lower risk ;
- can afford to immobilize their capital for at least 3 years;
- accept to bear the risk of capital loss.

The investor might not recover its invested capital at the end of the recommended 3 years minimum investment period.

Shares Characteristics / Subscription and Redemption conditions :

Business Day : A Business Day on which banks and Eligible Markets are opened in Luxembourg, London and Paris.

Valuation Day : Every Business Day / **Calculation Day** : The Business Day following the Valuation Day

Cut-off Time : 14:00 on the relevant Valuation Day

Subscription and Redemption Settlement Day : 2 Business Days after the relevant Valuation Day

Main Share Classes :

CPR Invest – Smart Beta Credit ESG

Share Classe	ISIN Code	Currency	Minimum Initial Subscription	Fees for Share transactions		Management (max)	Administration (max)	Performance Fee max. (including tax) (1)
				Subscription (max)	Conversion (max)			
A - Acc	LU1902444584	EUR	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	1%	0,30%	20 % ⁽²⁾
I - Acc	LU1902444741	EUR	100 000 euros	5,00%	5,00%	0,50%	0,20%	20 % ⁽²⁾
R – Acc	LU1902444824	EUR	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	0,60%	0,30%	20 % ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ Reference Value : BLOOMBERG BARCLAYS EURO AGG CORPORATE Total Return (denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class).

⁽²⁾ of the performance realized by the Compartment relevant Share Class above the Reference Asset during a one year period, up to a maximum of 1% of the net assets. The one year period will start January 1st and end December 31 of the next year. Exceptionally the first period of calculation will begin at the launch of the compartment and end December 31, (with a minimum calculation period of one year).

For a complete list of Compartments and share classes currently available, go to www.cpr-am.lu/Cpr-Invest.

APPENDIX 15. CPR Invest – Climate Action

Investment Objective and Policy

Investment Objective

The Compartment's objective is to outperform global equity markets over a long-term period (minimum of five years) by investing in international equities committed to limiting impact of climate change, while integrating Environmental, Social and Governance (E, S, and G – or, when taken together, ESG) criteria in the investment process. The investment objective is aimed to be in line with the United Nations Sustainable Development Goal (SDG) related to the climate challenge.

Investment Policy

The investment strategy of the Compartment aims to select securities of companies of any countries, sectors, and any capitalization.

In order to select the best positioned companies to tackle climate change, the Management Company relies on CDP Europe-Services GmbH's data.

CDP Europe-Services GmbH is a provider specialised in environment-related information.

Moreover, the Management Company integrates an additional sustainable approach by excluding companies based on the following:

- worst overall ESG scoring ;
- worst E and G ratings ;
- worst ratings on Environmental criteria ;
- high ESG controversies.

Depending on the improvement of data availability and consistency, the Management Company may use additional complementary data that it will consider relevant for the purpose of refining its identification of companies that are best positioned to tackle climate change.

The Compartment uses a mix of a top-down (sector allocation) and a bottom-up approach.

The Compartment equity exposure will be between 75% and 120% of its assets.

Investments

The Compartment is invested for at least 75% of its assets in equity and equity equivalent securities of any country without constraints of capitalization. Among this proportion of 75% of its assets, the Compartment may invest in China A shares via Stock Connect within a maximum of 25% of its assets. While complying with the above policies, for the remaining part of its assets, the Compartment may also invest in other instruments as described in section 4.2 "Specific Investment Policies for each Compartment" of the prospectus (including, within the limit of 10% of its assets, units or shares in UCIs.)

Derivatives

Derivative instruments will be used for hedging, arbitrage, exposure purposes and efficient portfolio management. Derivatives used are Futures and Options on currencies, equity/market indices and interest rates; Swaps: on currencies, equities and indices; Warrants on equities, Forex Forwards: forward purchases of currency, forward sales of currency.

Transactions involving temporary acquisitions and/or disposals of securities:

<u>Types of transactions</u>	<u>Reverse repurchase agreements</u>	<u>Repurchase agreements</u>	<u>Securities lending</u>	<u>Borrowing of securities</u>
<u>Maximum proportion (of net assets)</u>	<u>20%</u>	<u>10%</u>	<u>90%</u>	<u>10%</u>
<u>Expected proportion (of net assets)</u>	<u>5%</u>	<u>0%</u>	<u>40%</u>	<u>5%</u>

Reference Currency: EUR

Benchmark: No

Performance Indicator(s) :

For information purposes, the MSCI All Country World Index (MSCI ACWI) Net Total Return Index denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class (net dividends reinvested) serves a posteriori as an indicator for assessing the Compartment's performance. The MSCI All Countries World index is, as at the date of this Prospectus, provided by MSCI Limited which is listed in the register referred to in article 36 of the Benchmarks Regulation as an administrator authorised pursuant to article 34 of the Benchmarks Regulation.

Data provider specialised in environment-related information for the Compartment :

CDP Europe-Services GmbH
Kemperplatz 1
10785 Berlin

Germany

Main Risks (See "Risk Descriptions" for more information)

- Capital loss risk
- Equity and Market risks (including Small capitalisation and Emerging market related risk)
- Currency risk (including Currency risk related to emerging countries)
- Counterparty risk
- Performance risk compared with an equity market index
- Derivatives
- Liquidity risk
- Liquidity risk linked to temporary purchases and sales of securities
- Country Risk : China
- Credit Risk
- Interest rate

Risk management method : Commitment

Profile of typical investor: all investors who :

- want to invest in a portfolio of which the main investment focus is to select equities of international companies committed to limiting impact of climate change;
- can afford to immobilize their capital for at least 5 years;
- accept to bear the risk of capital loss.

The investor might not recover its invested capital at the end of the recommended 5 year minimum investment period.

Shares Characteristics / Subscription and Redemption conditions :

Business Day : A Business Day on which banks and Eligible Markets are opened in Luxembourg, Paris and New York.

Valuation Day : Every Business Day / **Calculation Day** : The Business Day following the Valuation Day

Cut-off Time : 14:00 on the relevant Valuation Day

Subscription and Redemption Settlement Day : 3 Business Days after the relevant Valuation Day

Main Share Classes

CPR Invest – Climate Action				Fees for Share transactions		Annual Fees		
Share Classe	ISIN Code	Currency	Minimum Initial Subscription	Subscription (max)	Conversion (max)	Management (max)	Administration (max)	Performance Fee max. (including tax) ⁽¹⁾
A - Acc	LU1902443420	EUR	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	1,40%	0,30%	15 % ⁽²⁾
I - Acc	LU1902443933	EUR	100 000 €	5,00%	5,00%	0,70%	0,30%	15 % ⁽²⁾
R – Acc	LU1902444238	EUR	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	0,80%	0,30%	15 % ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ Reference Value : MSCI World ACWI Net Total Return Index (denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class).

⁽²⁾ of the performance realized by the Compartment relevant Share Class above the reference asset during a one year period, up to a maximum of 2% of the net assets.

The one year period will start January 1 and end December 31 of the next year. Exceptionally the first period of calculation will begin at the launch of the compartment and end December 31, (with a minimum calculation period of one year).

For a complete list of sub-funds and share classes currently available, to www.cpr-am.lu/Cpr-Invest.

APPENDIX 16. CPR Invest — Global Equity ESG

Investment Objective and Policy

Investment Objective

The Compartment's objective is to outperform over a long-term period (minimum of five years) the MSCI World All Countries while integrating Environmental, Social and Governance (E, S, and G – or, when taken together, ESG) criteria in the investment process.

Investment Policy

The investment process consists in defining stock selection strategy (single/multi factors strategies) according to market regimes.

The initial investment universe is made up of about 8 000 stocks including all the MSCI World All Countries Index stocks.

Then, the securities that are likely to be included in the portfolio are identified after applying different kinds of filters, for example market capitalization and liquidity filters. Moreover, the Management Company integrates a sustainable approach by excluding companies based on both the worst overall ESG scoring and the worst ratings on E, S and G specific criteria.

Furthermore financial criteria are applied to come up with a final portfolio which consists of around 100-150 stocks. It may vary significantly from its benchmark in terms of country and sector.

The investment process is notably based on technology developed by the Management Company in house

The Compartment equity exposure will be between 75% and 120% of its assets.

The maximum Compartment currency risk exposure on all currencies will be 120% of its assets.

Investments

The Compartment is invested for at least 75% of its assets in equity and equity equivalent securities of any countries without constraints of sector and capitalization.

Among this proportion of 75% of its assets, the Compartment may invest in China A shares via Stock Connect within a maximum of 25% of its assets. While complying with the above policies, for the remaining part of its assets, the Compartment may also invest in other instruments as described in section 4.2 "Specific Investment Policies for each Compartment" of the Prospectus (including, within the limit of 10% of its assets, units or shares in UCIs.)

Derivatives

Derivative instruments will be used for hedging, exposure purposes and efficient portfolio management. Derivatives used are Futures and Options on currencies and equities/market indices; Swaps: on currencies, equities and indices; Forex Forwards: forward purchases of currency, forward sales of currency.

Transactions involving temporary acquisitions and/or disposals of securities:

<u>Types of transactions</u>	<u>Reverse repurchase agreements</u>	<u>Repurchase agreements</u>	<u>Securities lending</u>	<u>Borrowing of securities</u>
<u>Maximum proportion (of net assets)</u>	10%	10%	100%	10%
<u>Expected proportion (of net assets)</u>	0%	0%	20%	0%

Reference Currency : EUR

Benchmark :

the MSCI All Country World Index (MSCI ACWI) Net Total Return Index (net dividends reinvested), denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class.

Performance Indicator(s) :

For information purposes, the MSCI All Country World Index (MSCI ACWI) Net Total Return Index denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class serves a posteriori as an indicator for assessing the Compartment's performance or and, for the relevant Share Classes, calculating the performance fees on the relevant Share Classes.

The MSCI All Country World Index (MSCI ACWI) is, as at the date of this Prospectus, provided by MSCI Limited which is listed in the register referred to in article 36 of the Benchmarks Regulation as an administrator authorised pursuant to article 34 of the Benchmarks Regulation .

Main Risks (See "Risk Descriptions" for more information)

- Capital loss risk
- Equity and Market risks (including Small capitalisation and Emerging market related risk)
- Currency risk (including Currency risk related to emerging countries)
- Counterparty risk
- Performance risk compared with an equity market index
- Derivatives
- Liquidity risk
- Liquidity risk linked to temporary purchases and sales of securities

- Country Risk : China
- Credit Risk
- Interest rate

Risk management method : Commitment

Profile of typical investor: all investors who :

- want to invest in a portfolio whose main focus is to invest in international markets equities while integrating Environmental, Social and Governance (E, S, and G – or, when taken together, ESG) criteria in the investment process.

- can afford to immobilize their capital for at least 5 years;
- accept to bear the risk of capital loss.

The investor might not recover its invested capital at the end of the recommended 5 years minimum investment period.

Shares Characteristics / Subscription and Redemption conditions :

Business Day : A Business Day on which banks and Eligible Markets are opened in Luxembourg Paris, and New-York.

Valuation Day : Every Business Day / **Calculation Day :** The Business Day following the Valuation Day

Cut-off Time : 14:00 on the relevant Valuation Day

Subscription and Redemption Settlement Day : 2 Business Days after the relevant Valuation Day

Main Share Classes :

CPR Invest – Global Equity ESG

Share Classe	ISIN Code	Currency	Minimum Initial Subscription	Fees for Share transactions		Management (max)	Administration (max)	Performance Fee max. (including tax) (1)
				Subscription (max)	Conversion (max)			
A - Acc	LU1902693610	EUR	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	1,50%	0,30%	20 % ⁽²⁾
I - Acc	LU1902693883	EUR	100 000 euros	5,00%	5,00%	0,75%	0,20%	20 % ⁽²⁾
R – Acc	LU1902693966	EUR	One fraction of Share	5,00%	5,00%	0,85%	0,30%	20 % ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ Reference Value : MSCI World All Countries net dividends reinvested (denominated in the currency of each relevant Share Class).

⁽²⁾ of the performance realized by the Compartment relevant Share Class above the reference asset during a one year period, up to a maximum of 1,50% of the net assets. The one year calculation period will start on April 1 and will end on March 31. Exceptionally, the first calculation period of the performance fee will start at the launch of the Compartment and will end on March 31 (with a minimum calculation period of one year).

For a complete list of Compartments and share classes currently available, go to www.cpr-am.lu/Cpr-Invest.